
RESOLUTION #2016-17-15 OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF
WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT,
AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE AND SALE OF ITS
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, 2016 ELECTION, 2017 SERIES A
IN AN AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED
EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS

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WHEREAS, the issuance of not to exceed \$8,000,000 aggregate principal amount of general obligation bonds (the "Authorization") of Willows Unified School District (the "District"), County of Glenn (the "County"), State of California was authorized at an election (the "Election") held in said District on November 8, 2016, the proceeds of which are to be used for the financing of the acquisition, construction, equipping, furnishing and improvement of certain capital facilities of the District (the "Project"); and

WHEREAS, the Glenn County Registrar of Voters has certified to the effect that the official canvass of returns for the Election reflected that 55% or more of the votes cast on the District's bond measure submitted to the voters at the Election (the "Measure") were cast in favor of the Measure, and such result has been entered in the minutes of the Board of Education of the District (the "Board"); and

WHEREAS, the District has not yet issued any general obligation bonds under the Authorization; and

WHEREAS, the Board has determined the need for issuance of one or more series of its general obligation bonds under the Authorization in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed Eight Million Dollars (\$8,000,000) in order to finance certain costs of the Project; and

WHEREAS, the Board has elected to proceed under Section 53506 *et seq.* of the Government Code of the State of California; and

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED by the Board of Education of Willows Unified School District as follows:

SECTION 1. Definitions. The following terms shall for all purposes of this Resolution have the following meanings:

"Authorized Investments" shall mean legal investments authorized by Section 53601 of the Government Code of the State of California, but only to the extent that the same are acquired at Fair Market Value.

"Authorizing Law" shall mean, collectively, (i) Section 53506 *et seq.* of the Government Code of the State of California, as amended and (ii) Article XIII A of the California Constitution.

"Beneficial Owner" means any person who has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any Bonds, including persons holding Bonds through nominees or depositories including, but not limited to, through the Nominee.

"Bond Counsel" and "Disclosure Counsel" means the law firm of Dannis Woliver Kelley, as Bond Counsel to the District and a firm of nationally recognized standing with respect to the issuance of municipal obligations.

"Bond Insurer" shall mean any financial guaranty company that guarantees the scheduled payments of Principal and interest on the Bonds when due.

"Bond Insurance Policy" shall mean a policy of municipal bond insurance which guarantees the scheduled payments of Principal and interest on the Bonds when due.

"Bond Obligation" shall mean from time to time as of the date of calculation the Principal Amount thereof.

"Bond Purchase Agreement" shall mean the Bond Purchase Agreement, by and between the District and the Underwriter, relating to the Bonds.

"Bond Register" shall mean the records of the Paying Agent held on behalf of the District listing the names and address of the Owners of the Bonds.

"Bonds" shall mean the Willows Unified School District General Obligation Bonds, (County of Glenn) 2016 Election, 2017 Series A, as further designated as one or more series of Bonds, issued and delivered pursuant to this Resolution.

"Bond Year" shall mean the twelve-month period commencing August 1 in any year and ending on the last day of July in the next succeeding year, both dates inclusive, or as otherwise set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement; provided, however, that the first Bond Year shall commence on the day the Bonds are issued and shall end on July 31, 2017, both dates inclusive, or as otherwise set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

"Business Day" shall mean a day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which banking institutions in the State or the State of New York and the New York Stock Exchange are authorized or required to be closed.

"Code" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect on the date of issuance of the Bonds or (except as otherwise referenced herein) as it may be amended to apply to obligations issued on the date of issuance of the Bonds.

"Continuing Disclosure Agreement" shall mean the Continuing Disclosure Agreement of the District for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds.

"Costs of Issuance" shall mean all of the costs of issuing the Bonds, including but not limited to, all printing and document preparation expenses in connection with this Resolution, the Bonds and the Official Statement pertaining to the Bonds and any and all other agreements, instruments, certificates or other documents prepared in connection therewith; municipal advisor fees; rating agency fees and related travel expenses; auditor's fees; CUSIP service bureau charges; legal fees and expenses of counsel with respect to the financing; the initial fees and expenses of the Paying Agent; and other fees and expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, to the extent such fees and expenses are approved by the District but excluding Underwriter's discount.

"County" shall mean the County of Glenn, California.

"County Office of Education" shall mean the Office of Education of the County of Glenn and such other persons as may be designated by the County Office of Education to perform the operational and disbursement functions hereunder.

"Debt Service" shall have the meaning given to that term in Section 22(c) of this Resolution.

"Debt Service Fund" shall mean the Debt Service Fund established pursuant to Section 22(a) of this Resolution.

"Depository" shall mean DTC and its successors and assigns or if (a) the then Depository resigns from its functions as securities depository of the Bonds, or (b) the District discontinues use of the Depository pursuant to this Resolution, any other securities depository that agrees to follow procedures required to be followed by a securities depository in connection with the Bonds and that is selected by the District.

"DTC" shall mean The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, and its successors and assigns.

"Excess Earnings Fund" shall mean the Excess Earnings Fund established pursuant to Section 23 of this Resolution.

"Fair Market Value" means the price at which a willing buyer would purchase the investment from a willing seller in a bona fide, arm's length transaction (determined as of the date the contract to purchase or sell the investment becomes binding) if the investment is traded on an established securities market (within the meaning of section 1273 of the Code) and, otherwise, the term "Fair Market Value" means the acquisition price in a bona fide arm's length transaction (as referenced above) if (i) the investment is a certificate of deposit that is acquired in accordance with applicable regulations under the Code, (ii) the investment is an agreement with specifically negotiated withdrawal or reinvestment provisions and a specifically negotiated interest rate (for example, a guaranteed investment contract, a forward supply contract or other investment agreement) that is acquired in accordance with applicable regulations under the Code, (iii) the investment is a United States Treasury Security--State and Local Government Series that is acquired in accordance with applicable regulations of the United States Bureau of Public Debt, or (iv) any commingled investment fund in which the District and related parties do not own more than a ten percent (10%) beneficial interest therein if the return paid by the fund is without regard to the source of the investment. To the extent required by the Regulations, the term "investment" will include a hedge.

"Fiscal Year" shall mean the twelve-month period commencing on July 1 of each year and ending on the following June 30 or any other fiscal year in effect for the District.

"Interest Payment Date" shall mean February 1 and August 1, commencing August 1, 2017, in each year, or as otherwise specified in the Bond Purchase Agreement, commencing on the date specified in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

"Moody's" shall mean Moody's Investors Service, its successors and assigns, except that if such corporation shall no longer perform the functions of a securities rating agency for any reason, the term "Moody's" shall be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency selected by the District.

"Nominee" shall mean the nominee of the Depository which may be the Depository, as determined from time to time by the Depository.

"Outstanding" when used with reference to the Bonds, shall mean, as of any date, Bonds theretofore issued or thereupon being issued under this Resolution except:

- (i) Bonds canceled at or prior to such date;
- (ii) Bonds in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been delivered pursuant to Section 16 hereof;
- (iii) Bonds for the payment or redemption of which funds or eligible securities in the necessary amount shall have been set aside (whether on or prior to the maturity or redemption date of such Bonds), in accordance with Section 42 of this Resolution.

"Owner" shall mean the registered owner, as indicated in the registration books kept by the Paying Agent pursuant to this Resolution, of any Bond.

"Participant" shall mean a member of or participant in the Depository.

"Paying Agent" shall mean a bank or trust company satisfying the requirements of Section 31, its successors or assigns, acting in the capacity of paying agent, registrar, authenticating agent and transfer agent.

"Pledged Moneys" shall have the meaning given to that term in Section 21 of this Resolution.

"Principal" or "Principal Amount" shall mean, as of any date of calculation, with respect to the principal amount thereof.

"Principal Payment Date" shall mean August 1 in each year, or as otherwise specified in the Bond Purchase Agreement, commencing on the date specified in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

"Record Date" shall mean the close of business on the fifteenth calendar day of the month next preceding an Interest Payment Date.

"Regulations" shall mean applicable temporary and final regulations promulgated, and applicable official public guidance published, under the Code.

"Resolution" shall mean this Resolution of the Board providing for the issuance and sale of the Bonds.

"S&P" shall mean Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC business, its successors and assigns, except that if such corporation shall no longer perform the functions of a securities rating agency for any reason, the term "S&P" shall be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency selected by the District.

"Securities Depositories" shall mean The Depository Trust Company, 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, Fax (212) 855-1000; and, in accordance with then-current guidelines of the Securities and Exchange Commission, such other addresses and/or such other securities depositories as the District may designate in a certificate of the District delivered to the Paying Agent.

"State" shall mean the State of California.

"Superintendent" shall mean the Superintendent of the District.

"Superintendent of Schools" shall mean the Superintendent of Schools of the County.

"Supplemental Resolution" shall mean any resolution supplemental to, or amendatory of, this Resolution, adopted by the Board in accordance with the terms hereof.

"Tax Certificate" shall mean a certificate as to arbitrage of the District delivered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds.

"Transfer Amount" shall mean the aggregate Principal Amount thereof.

"Treasurer" shall mean the Treasurer-Tax Collector of the County of Glenn or any authorized deputy thereof.

"Underwriter" shall mean an underwriter to be selected by the District.

SECTION 2. Rules of Construction. Words of the masculine gender shall be deemed and construed to include correlative words of the feminine and neuter genders, and vice versa. Except where the context otherwise requires, words importing the singular shall include the plural and vice versa, and words importing persons shall include firms, associations and corporations, including public bodies, as well as natural persons.

SECTION 3. Authority for this Resolution. This Resolution is adopted pursuant to the provisions of the Authorizing Law.

SECTION 4. Resolution to Constitute Contract. In consideration of the purchase and acceptance of any and all of the Bonds authorized to be issued hereunder by those who shall own the same from time to time, this Resolution shall be deemed to be and shall constitute a contract between the District and the Owners from time to time of the Bonds; and the pledge made in this Resolution shall be for the equal benefit, protection and security of the Owners of any and all of the Bonds, all of which, regardless of the time or times of their issuance or maturity, shall be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction of any of the Bonds over any other thereof.

SECTION 5. Terms and Conditions of Sale. The Board hereby approves of the sale of the Bonds on a negotiated basis to the Underwriter. The District has determined that conditions in the municipal marketplace are sufficiently complex that the increased flexibility the Underwriter can provide in structuring and planning the sale of the Bonds dictates sale on a negotiated basis. The Bonds shall be sold at a negotiated sale upon the direction of the Superintendent or the Chief Business Officer of the District, or any designee thereof (each, an "Authorized Officer"). The costs of sale of the Bonds, consisting of Costs of Issuance, not including any fees for credit enhancement or Underwriter's discount, are estimated at \$125,000 or 1.57% of the principal amount of the Bonds. The Bonds shall be sold pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement, as described below.

SECTION 6. Designation of Finance Team. The Board hereby confirms the designation of Eastshore Consulting LLC, Oakland, California, as Municipal Advisor and the law firm of Dannis Woliver Kelley as Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel to the District in

connection with the authorization and issuance of the Bonds in accordance with the respective professional services agreements previously entered into with such parties.

SECTION 7. Terms of Bonds. The Bonds shall be dated their date of delivery (or such other date as may be designated in the Bond Purchase Agreement). The Bonds shall bear interest at rates not to exceed the maximum rate permitted by law, payable on the dates as may be set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement, and payable upon maturity, shall mature on August 1 of each of the years as set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement, or such other maturity date as may be set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement, through a date no later than 25 years after the date of issuance of the Bonds, or otherwise upon such other terms and conditions as shall be established for the Bonds by the Bond Purchase Agreement. The Bond Purchase Agreement may provide for the purchase of Bonds in any combination of the foregoing structures and shall provide for optional, mandatory sinking fund and other types and terms of redemption for the Bonds as shall prove most advantageous in marketing said Bonds for the District.

SECTION 8. Approval of Bond Purchase Agreement. The Superintendent or any Authorized Officer, in consultation with Bond Counsel and such other officers of the District as shall be authorized by the Board, are hereby authorized and directed to issue and deliver the Bonds and to establish the final Principal Amount thereof, provided, however, that such combined Principal Amount (in one or more series) as of the date of delivery shall not exceed the maximum aggregate Principal Amount of \$8,000,000. The form of the Bond Purchase Agreement attached hereto as Exhibit B is hereby approved. The Authorized Officer, or any authorized deputy, and such other officers of the District as may be authorized by the Board are, and each of them acting alone is, authorized and directed to execute and deliver the Bond Purchase Agreement for and in the name and on behalf of the District, with such additions, changes or corrections therein as the officer executing the same on behalf of the District may approve, in his/her discretion, as being in the best interests of the District, such approval to be conclusively evidenced by such officer's execution thereof, and any other documents required to be executed thereunder, and to deliver the same to the Underwriter. The Authorized Officer, or any authorized deputy, and such other officers of the District as may be authorized by the Board are, and each of them acting alone hereby is, authorized and directed to negotiate with the Underwriter the interest rates on the Bonds and the purchase price of the Bonds to be paid by the Underwriter, which purchase price shall reflect an Underwriter's discount of not to exceed one percent (1.00%) (not including original issue discount or any Costs of Issuance to be paid by the Underwriter) of the Principal Amount thereof. Final terms of the Bonds shall be as set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

SECTION 9. Official Statement. The Board hereby approves the form of Preliminary Official Statement relating to the Bonds, on file with the Clerk of the Board and to be used and distributed, together with an Official Statement in connection with the sale of the Bonds, in each case with such changes as are approved by the Authorized Officer. An Authorized Officer and such other officers of the District as may be authorized by the Board are, and each of them acting alone hereby is, authorized to deliver copies of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement with such changes therein as such officer shall approve, in his or her discretion, as being in the best interests of the District. Upon approval of such changes by such officer, the Preliminary Official Statement shall be "deemed final" as of its date except for the omission of certain information as provided in and pursuant to Rule 15c2-12 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule") and an Authorized Officer is authorized to execute a certificate to that effect. Any Authorized Officer is hereby authorized and directed to execute such Official Statement with such changes therein, deletions therefrom and modifications thereto as such Authorized

Officer may approve, such approval to be conclusively evidenced by the execution and delivery thereof.

SECTION 10. Authorization of Officers. The officers of the District and their authorized representatives are, and each of them acting alone is, hereby authorized to execute any and all documents and do and perform any and all acts and things, from time to time, consistent with this Resolution and necessary or appropriate to carry the same into effect and to carry out its purpose.

SECTION 11. Use of Bond Proceeds. Bonds of the District shall be issued in the name of the District in an aggregate initial Principal Amount not to exceed \$8,000,000, and proceeds of the Bonds shall be applied to finance the construction, acquisition, furnishing and equipping of District property and facilities, as authorized at the Election by the Measure, which shall be incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth in this Resolution.

SECTION 12. Designation and Form; Payment.

(a) An issue of Bonds of one or more series entitled to the benefit, protection and security of this Resolution is hereby authorized in an aggregate initial Principal Amount not to exceed \$8,000,000. Such Bonds shall be general obligations of the District, payable as to Principal, premium, if any, and interest from *ad valorem* taxes to be levied upon all of the taxable property in the District without limitation as to rate or amount (except certain personal property which is taxable at limited rates). The Bonds shall be designated "Willows Unified School District General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A" with such additional series designations as may be necessary or advisable in order to market the Bonds, as set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement. The Bonds shall be subject to redemption as further set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement, pursuant to this Resolution.

(b) The form of the Bonds shall be substantially in conformity with the standard form of registered school district bonds, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by this reference.

(c) Principal, premium, if any, and interest with respect to any Bond are payable in lawful money of the United States of America. Principal and premium, if any, is payable upon surrender thereof at maturity or earlier redemption at the office designated by the Paying Agent.

SECTION 13. Description of Bonds.

(a) The Bonds shall be issued in fully registered form, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds shall be dated and shall mature on the dates, in the years and in the Principal Amounts, and interest shall be computed at the rates, set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

(b) Interest on each Bond shall accrue from its dated date as set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement. Interest on Bonds shall be computed using a year of 360 days comprised of twelve 30-day months and shall be payable on each Interest Payment Date to the Owner thereof as of the close of business on the Record Date. Interest with respect to each Bond will be payable from the Interest Payment Date next preceding the date of registration thereof, unless (i) it is registered after the close of business on any Record Date and before the close of business on the immediately following Interest Payment Date, in

which event interest with respect thereto shall be payable from such following Interest Payment Date; or (ii) it is registered prior to the close of business on the first Record Date, in which event interest shall be payable from its dated date; provided, however, that if at the time of registration of any Bond interest with respect thereto is in default, interest with respect thereto shall be payable from the Interest Payment Date to which interest has previously been paid or made available for payment. Payments of interest on the Bonds will be made on each Interest Payment Date by check or draft of the Paying Agent sent by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the Owner thereof on the Record Date, or by wire transfer to any Owner of \$1,000,000 or more of such Bonds, to the account specified by such Owner in a written request delivered to the Paying Agent on or prior to the Record Date for such Interest Payment Date; provided, however, that payments of defaulted interest shall be payable to the person in whose name such Bond is registered at the close of business on a special record date fixed therefor by the Paying Agent which shall not be more than 15 days and not less than ten days prior to the date of the proposed payment of defaulted interest.

SECTION 14. Book-Entry System.

(a) The Bonds shall be initially issued in the form of a separate single fully registered Bond (which may be typewritten) for each of the maturities of the Bonds within each series. Upon initial issuance, the ownership of each such Bond certificate shall be registered in the Bond Register in the name of the Nominee as nominee of the Depository. Except as provided in subsection (c) hereof, all of the Outstanding Bonds shall be registered in the Bond Register in the name of the Nominee and the Bonds may be transferred, in whole but not in part, only to the Depository, to a successor Depository or to another nominee of the Depository or of a successor Depository. Each Bond certificate shall bear a legend substantially to the following effect: "UNLESS THIS BOND IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY (AS DEFINED IN THE RESOLUTION) TO THE BOND REGISTRAR FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, OR PAYMENT, AND ANY BOND ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY (AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE, OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN."

With respect to Bonds registered in the Bond Register in the name of the Nominee, the District shall have no responsibility or obligation to any Participant or to any person on behalf of which such a Participant holds a beneficial interest in the Bonds. Without limiting the immediately preceding sentence, the District shall have no responsibility or obligation with respect to (i) the accuracy of the records of the Depository, the Nominee or any Participant with respect to any beneficial ownership interest in the Bonds, (ii) the delivery to any Participant, Beneficial Owner or any other person, other than the Depository, of any notice with respect to the Bonds, including any redemption notice, (iii) the selection by the Depository and the Participants of the beneficial interests in the Bonds to be redeemed in part, or (iv) the payment to any Participant, Beneficial Owner or any other person, other than the Depository, of any amount with respect to Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on, the Bonds. The District may treat and consider the person in whose name each Bond is registered in the Bond Register as the absolute Owner of such Bond for the purpose of payment of Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on, such Bond, for the purpose of giving Redemption Notices and other notices with respect to such Bond, and for all other purposes whatsoever, including, without limitation, registering transfers with respect to the Bonds.

The Paying Agent shall pay all Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on, the Bonds only to the respective Owners, as shown in the Bond Register, and all such payments shall be valid hereunder with respect to payment of Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on, the Bonds to the extent of the sum or sums so paid. No person other than an Owner, as shown in the Bond Register, shall receive a Bond evidencing the obligation to make payments of Principal of, premium, if any, and interest, pursuant to this Resolution. Upon delivery by the Depository to the Paying Agent and the District of written notice to the effect that the Depository has determined to substitute a new nominee in place of the Nominee, and subject to the provisions hereof with respect to Record Dates, the word "Nominee" in this Resolution shall refer to such new nominee of the Depository.

(b) If at any time the Depository notifies the District that it is unwilling or unable to continue as Depository with respect to the Bonds or if at any time the Depository shall no longer be registered or in good standing under the Securities Exchange Act or other applicable statute or regulation and a successor Depository is not appointed by the Superintendent within 90 days after the District receives notice or becomes aware of such condition, as the case may be, subsection (a) hereof shall no longer be applicable and the District shall issue new bonds representing the Bonds as provided below. In addition, the District may determine at any time that the Bonds shall no longer be represented by book-entry securities and that the provisions of subsection (a) hereof shall no longer apply to the Bonds. In any such event, the District shall execute and deliver certificates representing the Bonds as provided below. Certificated securities issued in exchange for book-entry securities pursuant to this subsection shall be registered in such names and delivered in such denominations as the Depository shall instruct the District. The District shall then deliver certificated securities representing the new bonds to the persons in whose names such Bonds are so registered.

If the District determines to replace the Depository with another qualified securities depository, the District shall prepare or cause to be prepared a new fully-registered book-entry security for each of the maturities of Bonds, registered in the name of such successor or substitute securities depository or its nominee, or make such other arrangements as are acceptable to the District and such securities depository and not inconsistent with the terms of this Resolution.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Resolution to the contrary, so long as any Bond is registered in the name of the Nominee, all payments with respect to Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on, such Bond and all notices with respect to such Bond shall be made and given, respectively, as provided in the letter of representation from the District to the Depository or as otherwise instructed by the Depository.

(d) The initial Depository under this Resolution shall be DTC. The initial Nominee shall be Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

SECTION 15. Execution of the Bonds.

(a) The Bonds shall be executed in the name of the District by the manual or facsimile signature of the President of the Board and the manual or facsimile signature of the Secretary of the Board or by a deputy of either of such officers. In case any one or more of the officers who shall have signed any of the Bonds shall cease to be such officer before the Bonds so signed shall have been issued by the District, such Bonds may, nevertheless, be issued, as herein provided, as if the persons who signed or sealed such Bonds had not ceased to hold such offices. Any of the Bonds may be signed and sealed by such persons as at the time of the execution of such Bonds shall be duly authorized to hold

or shall hold the proper offices in the District, although at the date borne by the Bonds such persons may not have been so authorized or have held such offices.

(b) The Bonds shall bear thereon a certificate of authentication executed manually by the Paying Agent. Only such Bonds as shall bear thereon such certificate of authentication duly executed by the Paying Agent shall be entitled to any right or benefit under this Resolution and no Bond shall be valid or obligatory for any purpose until such certificate of authentication shall have been duly executed by the Paying Agent. Such certificate of the Paying Agent upon any Bond shall be conclusive evidence that the Bond so authorized has been duly authenticated and delivered under this Resolution and that the Owner thereof is entitled to the benefit of this Resolution.

SECTION 16. Transfer and Exchange. The transfer of any Bond may be registered upon surrender of such Bond to the Paying Agent. Such Bond shall be endorsed or accompanied by delivery of the written instrument of transfer shown in Exhibit A hereto, duly executed by the Owner or his duly authorized attorney, and payment of such reasonable transfer fees as the Paying Agent may establish. Upon such registration of transfer, a new Bond or Bonds, of like tenor and maturity in the same Transfer Amount and in authorized denominations, will be executed and delivered to the transferee in exchange therefor.

The Paying Agent shall deem and treat the person in whose name any Outstanding Bond shall be registered upon the Bond Register as the absolute Owner of such Bond, whether the Principal, premium, if any, or interest with respect to such Bond shall be overdue or not, for the purpose of receiving payment of Principal, premium, if any, and interest with respect to such Bond and for all other purposes, and any such payments so made to any such Owner or upon his order shall be valid and effective to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Bond to the extent of the sum or sums so paid, and the District or the Paying Agent shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary.

Bonds may be exchanged at the office of the Paying Agent for Bonds of like tenor, maturity and Transfer Amount of other authorized denominations. All Bonds surrendered in any such exchange shall thereupon be cancelled by the Paying Agent. The Paying Agent may charge the Owner a reasonable sum for each new Bond executed and delivered upon any exchange (except in the case of the first exchange of any Bond in the form in which it is originally delivered, for which no charge shall be imposed) and the Paying Agent may require the payment by the Owner requesting such exchange of any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange.

The Paying Agent shall not be required to register the transfer or exchange of any Bond (i) during the period beginning at the close of business on any Record Date through the close of business on the immediately following Interest Payment Date, or (ii) that has been called or is subject to being called for redemption, during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before any selection of Bonds to be redeemed through the close of business on the applicable redemption date, except for the unredeemed portion of any Bond to be redeemed only in part.

SECTION 17. Bonds Mutilated, Destroyed, Stolen or Lost. In case any Bond shall become mutilated, the Paying Agent, at the expense of the Owner, shall deliver a new Bond of like date, interest rate, maturity, Transfer Amount, series and tenor as the Bond so mutilated in exchange and substitution for such mutilated Bond, upon surrender and cancellation thereof. All Bonds so surrendered shall be cancelled. If any Bond shall be destroyed, stolen or lost, evidence of such destruction, theft or loss may be submitted to

the Paying Agent and if such evidence is satisfactory to the Paying Agent that such Bond has been destroyed, stolen or lost, and upon furnishing the Paying Agent with indemnity satisfactory to the Paying Agent and complying with such other reasonable regulations as the Paying Agent may prescribe and paying such expenses as the Paying Agent may incur the Paying Agent shall, at the expense of the Owner, execute and deliver a new Bond of like date, interest rate, maturity, Transfer Amount and tenor in lieu of and in substitution for the Bond so destroyed, stolen or lost. Any new Bonds issued pursuant to this Section in substitution for Bonds alleged to be destroyed, stolen or lost shall constitute original additional contractual obligations on the part of the District, whether or not the Bonds so alleged to be destroyed, stolen or lost are at any time enforceable by anyone, and shall be equally secured by and entitled to equal and proportionate benefits with all other Bonds issued under this Resolution in any moneys or securities held by the Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds.

SECTION 18. Bond Register. The Paying Agent shall keep or cause to be kept at its office sufficient books for the registration and registration of transfer of the Bonds. Upon presentation for registration of transfer, the Paying Agent shall, as above provided and under such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe subject to the provisions hereof, register or register the transfer of the Bonds, or cause the same to be registered or cause the registration of the same to be transferred, on such books.

SECTION 19. Unclaimed Money. All money which the Paying Agent shall have received from any source and set aside for the purpose of paying or redeeming any of the Bonds shall be held in trust for the respective Owners of such Bonds, but any money which shall be so set aside or deposited by the Paying Agent and which shall remain unclaimed by the Owners of such Bonds for a period of one year after the date on which any payment or redemption with respect to such Bonds shall have become due and payable shall be transferred to the general fund of the District; provided, however, that the Paying Agent, before making such payment, shall cause notice to be mailed to the Owners of such Bonds, by first class mail, postage prepaid, after a date in said notice, which date shall not be less than 90 days prior to the date of such payment, to the effect that said money has not been claimed and that after a date named therein, any unclaimed balance of said money then remaining will be transferred to the general fund of the District. Thereafter, the Owners of such Bonds shall look only to the general fund of the District for payment of such Bonds.

SECTION 20. Application of Proceeds. Upon the sale of the Bonds, the District intends to deposit or cause to be deposited a portion of the proceeds of the Bonds into the Building Fund (the "Building Fund") which is hereby established for the account of the District and shall be administered by the County Office of Education. Money in the Building Fund shall be disbursed for the payment of the costs of acquiring and constructing the Project. At such time that no amounts remain on deposit in Building Fund, the County Office of Education may close the Building Fund.

SECTION 21. Payment and Security for the Bonds. The Board of Supervisors of the County shall annually at the time of making the levy of taxes for County purposes, levy a continuing direct *ad valorem* tax for the Fiscal Year upon the taxable property in the District without limitation as to rate or amount (except for certain personal property which is taxable at limited rates) in an amount at least sufficient, together with moneys on deposit in the Debt Service Fund and available for such purpose, to pay the Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on each Bond as each becomes due and payable in the next succeeding Bond Year. The tax levy may include an allowance for an annual reserve, established for the purpose of avoiding fluctuating tax levies. The District hereby pledges as security for the Bonds and the interest thereon and the County shall deposit or cause to be deposited in

the District's Debt Service Fund, the proceeds from the levy of the aforementioned tax which the County receives (the "Pledged Moneys"). The Pledged Moneys shall be used to pay the Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds when and as the same shall become due and payable. The Bonds are the general obligations of the District and do not constitute an obligation of the County except as provided in this Resolution. No part of any fund or account of the County is pledged or obligated to the payment of the Bonds or the interest thereon. Other than the Pledged Moneys, no funds or accounts of the District are pledged to payment of the Bonds.

SECTION 22. Debt Service Fund.

(a) The District shall deposit or cause to be deposited any accrued interest and any original issue premium not applied towards payment of the Costs of Issuance and received by the District from the sale of the Bonds in the fund established and designated as the "Willows Unified School District, General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A Debt Service Fund" (the "Debt Service Fund") to be administered by the County of Glenn and used only for the payment of the Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds.

(b) All Pledged Moneys shall be deposited upon collection by the County into the Debt Service Fund and used for the payment of the Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds.

(c) The County shall transfer or cause to be transferred from the Debt Service Fund to the Paying Agent, an amount, in immediately available funds, sufficient to pay all the Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds (collectively, the "Debt Service") on such Interest Payment Date. Debt Service on the Bonds shall be paid by the Paying Agent in the manner provided by law for the payment of Debt Service.

(d) The District shall cause moneys to be transferred to the Excess Earnings Fund to the extent needed to comply with the Tax Certificate. Any amounts on deposit in the Debt Service Fund when there are no longer any Bonds Outstanding shall be transferred to the general fund of the District.

SECTION 23. Establishment and Application of Excess Earnings Fund. The District shall establish a special fund designated "Willows Unified School District General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A, Excess Earnings Fund" (the "Excess Earnings Fund") which shall be administered by the County Office of Education for the account of the District and which shall be kept separate and apart from all other funds and accounts held hereunder. The District shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, moneys to the Excess Earnings Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Tax Certificate. Amounts on deposit in the Excess Earnings Fund shall only be applied to payments made to the United States or otherwise transferred to other accounts or funds established hereunder in accordance with the Tax Certificate.

SECTION 24. Payment of Costs of Issuance. The District may pay, or cause to be paid, Costs of Issuance using proceeds of the Bonds or, to the extent available, original issue premium derived from the sale of the Bonds and applied for that purpose as provided in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

SECTION 25. Establishment of Additional Funds and Accounts. If at any time it is deemed necessary or desirable by the District, the County Office of Education may establish

additional funds under this Resolution and/or accounts within any of the funds or accounts established hereunder.

SECTION 26. Redemption. The Bonds shall be subject to redemption as provided in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

SECTION 27. Selection of Bonds for Redemption. Whenever provision is made in this Resolution or in the Bond Purchase Agreement for the redemption of the Bonds and less than all Outstanding Bonds are to be redeemed, the Paying Agent, upon written instruction from the District given at least 45 days prior to the date designated for such redemption, shall select Bonds for redemption in such order as the District may direct, or, in the absence of such direction, in inverse order of maturity within a series. Within a maturity, the Paying Agent shall select Bonds for redemption by lot. Redemption by lot shall be in such manner as the Paying Agent shall determine; provided, however, that the portion of any Bond to be redeemed in part shall be in the Principal Amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

SECTION 28. Notice of Redemption. When redemption is authorized or required pursuant to this Resolution or the Bond Purchase Agreement, the Paying Agent, upon written instruction from the District given at least 45 days prior to the date designated for such redemption, shall give notice (a "Redemption Notice") of the redemption of the Bonds. Such Redemption Notice shall specify: (a) the Bonds or designated portions thereof (in the case of redemption of the Bonds in part but not in whole) which are to be redeemed, (b) the date of redemption, (c) the place or places where the redemption will be made, including the name and address of the Paying Agent, (d) the redemption price, (e) the CUSIP numbers (if any) assigned to the Bonds to be redeemed, (f) the numbers of the Bonds to be redeemed in whole or in part and, in the case of any Bond to be redeemed in part only, the Principal Amount of such Bond to be redeemed, and (g) the original issue date, interest rate and stated maturity date of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part. Such Redemption Notice shall further state that on the specified date there shall become due and payable upon each Bond or portion thereof being redeemed the redemption price, together with the interest accrued to the redemption date, and that from and after such date interest with respect thereto shall cease to accrue or accrete and be payable.

The Paying Agent shall take the following actions with respect to such Redemption Notice:

(a) At least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the redemption date, such Redemption Notice shall be given to the respective Owners of Bonds designated for redemption by first class mail, postage prepaid, at their addresses appearing on the Bond Register. Notice of redemption may be given on a conditional basis in contemplation of a refunding of the Bonds.

(b) In the event that the Bonds shall no longer be held in book-entry only form, at least two days before the date of the notice required by clause (a) of this Section, such Redemption Notice shall be given by (i) first class mail, postage prepaid, (ii) telephonically confirmed facsimile transmission, or (iii) overnight delivery service, to each of the Securities Depositories.

(c) In the event that the Bonds shall no longer be held in book-entry only form, at least two days before the date of notice required by clause (a) of this Section, such Redemption Notice shall be given by (i) first class mail, postage prepaid, or (ii) overnight delivery service, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

Neither failure to receive any Redemption Notice nor any defect in any such Redemption Notice so given shall affect the sufficiency of the proceedings for the redemption of the affected Bonds. Each check issued or other transfer of funds made by the Paying Agent for the purpose of redeeming Bonds shall bear the CUSIP number identifying, by series and maturity, the Bonds being redeemed with the proceeds of such check or other transfer.

The District may rescind any optional redemption and notice thereof for any reason on any date prior to the date fixed for redemption by causing written notice of the rescission to be given to the owners of the Bonds so called for redemption. Any optional redemption and notice thereof shall be rescinded if for any reason on the date fixed for redemption moneys are not available in the Debt Service Fund or otherwise held in trust for such purpose in an amount sufficient to pay in full on said date the Principal of, interest, and any premium due on the Bonds called for redemption. Notice of rescission of redemption shall be given in the same manner in which notice of redemption was originally given. The actual receipt by the owner of any Bond of notice of such rescission shall not be a condition precedent to rescission, and failure to receive such notice or any defect in such notice shall not affect the validity of the rescission.

SECTION 29. Partial Redemption of Bonds. Upon the surrender of any Bond redeemed in part only, the Paying Agent shall execute and deliver to the Owner thereof a new Bond or Bonds of like tenor and maturity and of authorized denominations equal in Transfer Amounts to the unredeemed portion of the Bond surrendered. Such partial redemption shall be valid upon payment of the amount required to be paid to such Owner, and the District shall be released and discharged thereupon from all liability to the extent of such payment.

SECTION 30. Effect of Notice of Redemption. Notice having been given as aforesaid, and the moneys for the redemption (including the interest to the applicable date of redemption) having been set aside for the payment of their redemption price, the Bonds to be redeemed shall become due and payable on such date of redemption.

If on such redemption date, money for the redemption of all the Bonds to be redeemed as provided above, together with interest to such redemption date, shall be held by the Paying Agent so as to be available therefor on such redemption date, and if notice of redemption thereof shall have been given as aforesaid, then from and after such redemption date, interest with respect to the Bonds to be redeemed shall cease to accrue and become payable. All money held by or on behalf of the Paying Agent for the redemption of Bonds shall be held in trust for the account of the Owners of the Bonds so to be redeemed.

All Bonds paid at maturity or redeemed prior to maturity pursuant to the provisions of Section 27, 28 and 29 shall be cancelled upon surrender thereof and delivered to or upon the order of the District. All or any portion of a Bond purchased by the District shall be cancelled by the Paying Agent upon written notice by the District given to the Paying Agent.

SECTION 31. Paying Agent, Appointment and Acceptance of Duties.

(a) The Board hereby directs the Authorized Officers to appoint a bank or trust company doing business in and having a corporate trust office in California, with at least \$50,000,000 in net assets to act as Paying Agent for the Bonds under this Resolution. All fees and expenses incurred for services of the Paying Agent shall be the sole responsibility of the District.

(b) Unless otherwise provided, the office of the Paying Agent designated by the Paying Agent shall be the place for the payment of Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds.

SECTION 32. Liability of Paying Agent. The Paying Agent makes no representations as to the validity or sufficiency of this Resolution or of any Bonds issued hereunder or as to the security afforded by this Resolution, and the Paying Agent shall incur no liability in respect hereof or thereof.

SECTION 33. Evidence on Which Paying Agent May Act. The Paying Agent, upon receipt of any notice, resolution, request, consent, order, certificate, report, opinion, bond, or other paper or document furnished to it pursuant to any provision of this Resolution, shall examine such instrument to determine whether it conforms to the requirements of this Resolution and shall be protected in acting upon any such instrument believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties. The Paying Agent may consult with counsel, who may or may not be counsel to the District, and the opinion of such counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or suffered by it under this Resolution in good faith and in accordance therewith.

SECTION 34. Compensation. The District shall pay to the Paying Agent from time to time reasonable compensation for all services rendered under this Resolution, and also all reasonable expenses, charges, counsel fees and other disbursements, including those of its attorneys, agents, and employees, incurred in and about the performance of their powers and duties under this Resolution. In no event shall the Paying Agent be required to expend its own funds hereunder.

The fees and expenses of the Paying Agent not paid from the proceeds of the sale of the Bonds shall be paid each year from the Debt Service Fund, insofar as permitted by law, including specifically by Section 15232 of the Education Code.

SECTION 35. Ownership of Bonds Permitted. The Paying Agent or the Underwriter may become the Owner of any Bonds.

SECTION 36. Resignation or Removal of Paying Agent and Appointment of Successor.

(a) The Paying Agent initially appointed may resign from service as Paying Agent and any Authorized Officer may remove such Paying Agent or any subsequent Paying Agent as provided in the respective Paying Agent's service agreement. Without further action by the District, if at any time the Paying Agent shall resign or be removed, an Authorized Officer shall appoint a successor Paying Agent, which shall be a bank or trust company doing business in and having a corporate trust office in California, with at least \$50,000,000 in net assets. The Paying Agent shall keep accurate records of all funds administered by it and of all Bonds paid and discharged by it. Such records shall be provided, upon reasonable request, to the District in a format mutually agreeable to the Paying Agent and the District. Such successor Paying Agent shall signify the acceptance of its duties and obligations hereunder by executing and delivering to the District a written acceptance thereof. Resignation or removal of the Paying Agent shall be effective upon appointment and acceptance of a successor Paying Agent.

(b) In the event of the resignation or removal of the Paying Agent, such Paying Agent shall pay over, assign and deliver any moneys held by it as Paying Agent to its successor.

(c) In the event of the merger, acquisition or consolidation of the Paying Agent, the Paying Agent shall pay over, assign and deliver any moneys held by it to its successor who shall assume the responsibilities of Paying Agent hereunder unless the successor shall be removed by the District in which case all funds shall be paid at the direction of an Authorized Officer.

SECTION 37. Investment of Certain Funds. Moneys held in all funds and accounts established hereunder shall be invested and reinvested by the Treasurer in Authorized Investments to the fullest extent practicable as shall be necessary to provide moneys when needed for payments to be made from such funds or accounts. Nothing in this Resolution shall prevent any investment securities acquired as investments of funds held hereunder from being issued or held in book-entry form on the books of the Department of the Treasury of the United States. All investment earnings on amounts on deposit in the Excess Earnings Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Building Fund shall remain on deposit in such funds.

The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds (net of premium, if any) will be deposited in the County of Glenn treasury to the credit of the Building Fund. Any premium or accrued interest received by the District from the sale of the Bonds will be deposited in the Debt Service Fund. Earnings on the investment of moneys in either fund will be retained in that fund and used only for the purposes to which that fund may lawfully be applied. Moneys in the Building Fund may only be applied for the purposes for which the Bonds were approved. Moneys in the Debt Service Fund may only be applied to make payments of interest, principal and premium, if any, on bonds of the District.

All funds held in the Building Fund and the Debt Service Fund will be invested by the Treasurer at the direction of the District. All funds held in the Building Fund by the Treasurer under this Resolution will be invested pursuant to applicable law and the investment policy of the County of Glenn, unless otherwise directed in writing by the District. At the written direction of the District, all or any portion of the Building Fund may be invested in the Local Agency Investment Fund in the treasury of the State, and all or any portion of the Building Fund may be invested on behalf of the District in investment agreements, including guaranteed investment contracts, which comply with the requirements of each rating agency then rating the Bonds necessary in order to maintain the then-current rating on the Bonds, provided that the Treasurer will be a signatory to any such investment agreement.

The District covenants that all investments of amounts deposited in any fund or account created by or pursuant to this Resolution, or otherwise containing gross proceeds of the Bonds (within the meaning of section 148 of the Code) shall be acquired, disposed of, and valued (as of the date that valuation is required by this Resolution or the Code) at Fair Market Value. Investments in funds or accounts (or portions thereof) that are subject to a yield restriction under applicable provisions of the Code shall be valued at their present value (within the meaning of section 148 of the Code).

SECTION 38. Valuation and Sale of Investments. Obligations purchased as an investment of moneys in any fund or account shall be deemed at all times to be a part of such fund or account. Profits or losses attributable to any fund or account shall be credited or charged to such fund or account.

SECTION 39. Supplemental Resolutions With Consent of Owners. This Resolution, and the rights and obligations of the District and of the Owners of the Bonds issued hereunder, may be modified or amended at any time by a Supplemental Resolution adopted by the District with the written consent of Owners owning at least 60% in aggregate Bond Obligation of the Outstanding Bonds, exclusive of Bonds, if any, owned by the District; provided, however, that if a Bond Insurance Policy is in effect, and provided that the Bond Insurer, if any, complies with its obligations thereunder, the Bond Insurer shall be deemed to be the sole Owner of the Bonds for purposes of this sentence. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no such modification or amendment shall, without the express consent of the Owner of each Bond affected, reduce the Principal Amount of any Bond, reduce the interest rate payable thereon, advance the earliest redemption date thereof, extend its maturity or the times for paying interest thereon or change the monetary medium in which Principal and interest is payable, nor shall any modification or amendment reduce the percentage of consents required for amendment or modification thereof or hereof. No such Supplemental Resolution shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of any Paying Agent without its written assent thereto. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no such consent shall be required if the Owners are not directly and adversely affected by such amendment or modification.

SECTION 40. Supplemental Resolutions Effective Without Consent of Owners. For any one or more of the following purposes and at any time or from time to time, a Supplemental Resolution of the District may be adopted, which, without the requirement of consent of the Owners, shall be fully effective in accordance with its terms:

(a) To add to the covenants and agreements of the County or the District in this Resolution, other covenants and agreements to be observed by the County or the District which are not contrary to or inconsistent with this Resolution as theretofore in effect;

(b) To add to the limitations and restrictions in this Resolution, other limitations and restrictions to be observed by the County or the District which are not contrary to or inconsistent with this Resolution as theretofore in effect;

(c) To confirm as further assurance, any pledge under, and the subjection to any lien or pledge created or to be created by this Resolution, of any moneys, securities or funds, or to establish any additional funds, or accounts to be held under this Resolution;

(d) To cure any ambiguity, supply any omission, or cure to correct any defect or inconsistent provision in this Resolution;

(e) To make such additions, deletions or modifications as may be necessary or desirable to assure exemption from federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds; or

(f) To amend or supplement this Resolution in any other respect, provided such Supplemental Resolution does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, adversely affect the interests of the Owners.

SECTION 41. Effect of Supplemental Resolution. Any act done pursuant to a modification or amendment so consented to shall be binding upon the Owners of all the Bonds and shall not be deemed an infringement of any of the provisions of this Resolution, whatever the character of such act may be, and may be done and performed as fully and freely as if expressly permitted by the terms of this Resolution, and after consent relating to such specified matters has been given, no Owner shall have any right or interest to object

to such action or in any manner to question the propriety thereof or to enjoin or restrain the District or any officer or agent of either from taking any action pursuant thereto.

SECTION 42. Defeasance. If any or all Outstanding Bonds shall be paid and discharged in any one or more of the following ways:

(a) by well and truly paying or causing to be paid the Principal of and interest on all Bonds Outstanding, as and when the same become due and payable;

(b) by depositing with the Paying Agent, in trust, at or before maturity, cash which, together with the amounts then on deposit in the Debt Service Fund plus the interest to accrue thereon without the need for further investment, is fully sufficient to pay all Bonds Outstanding on their redemption date or at maturity thereof, including any premium and all interest thereon, notwithstanding that any Bonds shall not have been surrendered for payment; or

(c) by depositing with an institution to act as escrow agent selected by the District and which meets the requirements of serving as Paying Agent pursuant to this Resolution, in trust, lawful money or noncallable direct obligations issued by the United States Treasury (including State and Local Government Series Obligations) or obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America and described under Section 149(b) of the Code and Regulations which, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, will not impair the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds, in such amount as will, together with the interest to accrue thereon without the need for further investment, be fully sufficient, in the opinion of a verification agent satisfactory to the District, to pay and discharge all Bonds Outstanding on their redemption date or at maturity thereof, including any premium and all interest thereon, notwithstanding that any Bonds shall not have been surrendered for payment;

then all obligations of the District and the Paying Agent under this Resolution with respect to such Outstanding Bonds shall cease and terminate, except only the obligation of the Paying Agent to pay or cause to be paid to the Owners of the Bonds all sums due thereon, and the obligation of the District to pay to the Paying Agent amounts owing to the Paying Agent hereunder.

SECTION 43. Tax Covenants. The District hereby covenants that it shall not, directly or indirectly, use or permit the use of any proceeds of any of the Bonds, or of any of the property financed or refinanced with the proceeds of the Bonds, or other funds of the District, or take or omit to take any action that would cause the Bonds to be deemed "arbitrage bonds" within the meaning of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). To that end, the District shall comply with all requirements of Section 148 of the Code and all regulations of the United States Department of the Treasury promulgated thereunder to the extent that such requirements are in effect and applicable to the Bonds.

The District further covenants and agrees to comply with the requirements of the Tax Certificate to be executed and delivered in connection with the delivery of the Bonds to the original purchasers thereof.

SECTION 44. Bond Insurance. All or a portion of the Bonds may be sold with bond insurance or other form of credit enhancement, if an Authorized Officer, in consultation with

the Underwriter and the Municipal Advisor, determines that the savings to the District resulting from the purchase of such bond insurance exceeds the cost thereof.

SECTION 45. Continuing Disclosure. The District hereby covenants and agrees that it will comply with and carry out all of the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement in substantially the form attached as an appendix to the Preliminary Official Statement. Any Underwriter, any Owner or any Beneficial Owner may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the District to comply with its obligations under this Section and the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

[Remainder of this page intentionally left blank.]

The foregoing resolution was, on the ____ day of _____, 2017, adopted by the Board of Education of the Willows Unified School District at a regular meeting by the following vote:

AYES: _____

NOES: _____

ABSENT: _____

Clerk of the Board of Education of the Willows
Unified School District

By: _____

EXHIBIT A
FORM OF BOND

UNLESS THIS BOND IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY (AS DEFINED IN THE RESOLUTION) TO THE BOND REGISTRAR FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, OR PAYMENT, AND ANY BOND ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY (AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE, OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
(COUNTY OF GLENN, CALIFORNIA)
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, 2016 ELECTION, 2017 SERIES A

\$ _____

No. _____

Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Dated Date	CUSIP
___%	August 1, 20__	Date of Delivery	

REGISTERED OWNER: CEDE & CO.

PRINCIPAL AMOUNT:

The Willows Unified School District (the "District") of the County of Glenn, State of California, for value received, hereby acknowledges itself indebted and promises to pay to the Registered Owner set forth above the Principal Amount set forth above, on the Maturity Date set forth above, together with interest thereon from the dated date set forth above until the Principal Amount hereof shall have been paid or provided for, in accordance with the Resolution hereinafter referred to, at the interest rate set forth above. Interest on this Bond is payable on _____ 1, 20__, and semiannually thereafter on the first day of February and August (each, an "Interest Payment Date") in each year to the registered owner hereof from the Interest Payment Date next preceding the date on which this Bond is registered (unless it is registered after the close of business on the fifteenth calendar day of the month preceding any Interest Payment Date (a "Record Date") and before the close of business on the immediately following Interest Payment Date, in which event it shall bear interest from such following Interest Payment Date, or unless this Bond is registered prior to the close of business on _____ 15, 201_, in which event it shall bear interest from its date; provided, however, that if at the time of registration of this Bond interest with respect hereto is in default, interest with respect hereto shall be payable from the Interest Payment Date to which interest has previously been paid or made available for payment). The Principal

Amount hereof is payable at the office of _____, as paying agent (the "Paying Agent"), in _____, _____. The interest hereon is payable by check or draft mailed by first class mail to each registered owner, at his address as it appears on the registration books kept by the Paying Agent as of the Record Date.

The Bonds of this issue are comprised of \$_____ Principal Amount of Bonds. This Bond is issued by the District under and in accordance with the provisions of (i) Section 53506 *et seq.* of the California Government Code (the "Act") and (ii) Article XIII A of the California Constitution, and pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Board of Education of the District on _____, 2017 (the "Resolution"). Reference is hereby made to the Resolution, a copy of which is on file at the office of the District, for a description of the terms on which the Bonds are delivered, and the rights thereunder of the registered owners of the Bonds and the rights and duties of the Paying Agent and the District, to all of the provisions of which the registered owner of this Bond, by acceptance hereof, assents and agrees. All capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings set forth in the Resolution. The Bonds were authorized by a vote of 55% or more of the qualified electors of the District voting on the proposition at a general election held therein to determine whether such Bonds should be issued.

This Bond is a general obligation of the District, payable as to both Principal and interest from *ad valorem* taxes which, under the laws now in force, may be levied without limitation as to rate or amount upon all of the taxable property in the District. Neither the payment of the Principal of this Bond, or any part thereof, nor any interest or premium hereon constitute a debt, liability or obligation of the County.

This Bond is issued in fully registered form and is nonnegotiable. Registration of this Bond is transferable by the registered owner hereof, in person or by his attorney duly authorized in writing, at the aforesaid offices of the Paying Agent, but only in the manner, subject to the limitations, and upon payment of the charges, provided in the Resolution and upon surrender and cancellation of this Bond. Upon such registration of transfer, a new Bond or Bonds, of like tenor and maturity in the same Transfer Amount and in authorized denominations will be issued to the transferee in exchange herefor. The District and the Paying Agent may treat the registered owner hereof as the absolute owner hereof for all purposes, whether or not this Bond shall be overdue, and shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary.

The Bonds maturing on or before August 1, 20__ shall not be subject to redemption prior to their maturity dates. The Bonds maturing on or before August 1, 20__ may be redeemed prior to their respective stated maturity dates, at the option of the District, from any source of available funds, on August 1, 20__ or on any date thereafter as a whole, or in part, at the principal amount thereof, together with interest accrued thereon to the date of redemption, without premium.

The Bonds maturing on August 1, 20__, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part by lot, on August 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts set forth in the following schedule, at a redemption price of par, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption:

<u>Mandatory Sinking Fund</u>	<u>Mandatory Sinking Fund Payment</u>
<u>Payment Date (August 1)</u>	

The rights and obligations of the District and of the owners of the Bonds may be modified or amended at any time by a supplemental resolution adopted by the District with the written consent of owners of at least 60% in aggregate Bond Obligation of the Outstanding Bonds, exclusive of Bonds, if any, owned by the District; provided, however, that no such modification or amendment shall, without the express consent of the registered owner of each Bond affected, reduce the Principal Amount of any Bond, reduce the interest rate payable thereon, extend its maturity or the times for paying interest thereon or change the monetary medium in which the Principal and interest is payable, nor shall any modification or amendment reduce the percentage of consents required for amendment or modification hereof.

A supplemental resolution of the District may be adopted, which, without the requirement of consent of the registered owners, shall be fully effective in accordance with its terms: (1) to add to the covenants and agreements of the District in the Resolution, other covenants and agreements to be observed by the District which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Resolution as theretofore in effect; (2) to add to the limitations and restrictions in the Resolution, other limitations and restrictions to be observed by the District which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Resolution as theretofore in effect; (3) to confirm as further assurance, any pledge under, and the subjection to any lien or pledge created or to be created by the Resolution, of any moneys, securities or funds, or to establish any additional funds or accounts to be held under the Resolution; (4) to cure any ambiguity, supply any omission, or cure or correct any defect or inconsistent provision in the Resolution; (5) to make such additions, deletions or modifications as may be necessary or desirable to assure exemption from federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds or (6) to amend or supplement the Resolution in any other respect, provided such supplemental resolution does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, adversely affect the interests of the owners.

If this Bond is called for redemption and the Principal Amount of this Bond plus premium, if any, and accrued interest due with respect hereto are duly provided therefor as specified in the Resolution, then interest shall cease to accrue with respect hereto from and after the date fixed for redemption.

This Bond shall not become valid or obligatory for any purpose until the Certificate of Authentication hereon endorsed shall have been dated and executed manually by the Paying Agent.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED, RECITED AND DECLARED, that an election was duly and legally called, held and conducted, and the notices thereof duly given, and the results thereof canvassed and declared in accordance with the provisions of the Education Code of the State and that all of the proceedings of the Board of Education of the District in the matter of the issuance of this Bond were regular and in strict accordance with the provisions of the Act and of the Constitution of the State of California, and that the total bonded indebtedness of the District, including the issue of which this Bond is a part, does not exceed any limit prescribed by law.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Willows Unified School District has caused this Bond to be executed on behalf of the District and in their official capacities by the manual or facsimile signature of the President of the Board of Education of the Willows Unified School District, and to be countersigned by the manual or facsimile signature of the Secretary of the Board of Education of the Willows Unified School District.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

By: _____
President of the Board of Education

Countersigned:

By: _____
Secretary of the Board of Education

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

This is one of the Bonds described in the within-mentioned Resolution of the Board of Education of the Willows Unified School District.

DATED: _____, 2017 _____, as Paying Agent

By: _____
Authorized Officer

FORM OF ASSIGNMENT

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the undersigned registered owner hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto

Name of Transferee: _____

Address for Payment of Interest: _____

Social Security Number or other Tax Identification No.:

the within-mentioned Bond and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints attorney, to transfer the same on the books of the Paying Agent with full power of substitution in the premises.

Registered Owner

Dated:

NOTICE: The signature on this Assignment must correspond with the name as written on the face of the within Bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatsoever.

Signature _____
guaranteed

[Bank, Trust Company or Firm]

By _____
Authorized Officer

NOTICE: Signature(s) must be guaranteed by a member firm of the New York Stock Exchange or a commercial bank or trust company.

EXHIBIT B
FORM OF BOND PURCHASE AGREEMENT

NEW ISSUE – BOOK ENTRY ONLY

RATING:

Standard & Poor's: " _ "

(See "RATING" herein.)

In the opinion of Dannis Woliver Kelley, Bond Counsel to the District, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes of the State of California, and, assuming continuing compliance after the date of initial delivery of the Bonds with certain covenants contained in the Resolution authorizing the Bonds and subject to the matters set forth under "TAX MATTERS" herein, interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes under existing statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions will be excludable from the gross income of the owners thereof pursuant to section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date of initial delivery of the Bonds, and will not be included in computing the alternative minimum taxable income of the owners thereof who are individuals or, except as described herein, corporations. The District has designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code. See "TAX MATTERS" herein.

\$8,000,000*

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

(Glenn County, California)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, 2016 ELECTION, 2017 SERIES A

(Bank Qualified)

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: August 1, as shown on inside cover.

The Willows Unified School District (Glenn County, California) General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A (the "Bonds") are being issued by the Willows Unified School District (the "District") to finance the acquisition, construction, furnishing and equipping of District facilities and to pay certain costs of issuance associated therewith, as more fully described herein under the caption "THE PROJECTS." The Bonds were authorized at an election within the District held on November 8, 2016 (the "Election") at which at least fifty-five percent of the registered voters voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of \$8,000,000 aggregate principal amount of general obligation bonds of the District (the "Authorization"). The Bonds will be the only series of general obligation bonds issued pursuant to the Authorization.

The Bonds are general obligations of the District only and are not obligations of the County of Glenn (the "County"), the State of California or any of its other political subdivisions. The Board of Supervisors of the County has the power and is obligated to levy and collect *ad valorem* property taxes for each fiscal year upon the taxable property of the District in an amount at least sufficient, together with other moneys available for such purpose, to pay the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on each Bond as the same becomes due and payable.

Interest on the Bonds is payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing August 1, 2017. See "THE BONDS" herein.

The Bonds will be issued in book-entry form only, in denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. The Bonds will be initially registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their interests in the Bonds. Payments on the Bonds will be made by _____, as Paying Agent, to DTC for subsequent disbursement to DTC Participants who will remit such payments to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Book-Entry Only System."

The Bonds are subject to optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity as described herein. See "THE BONDS – Redemption" herein.

The District has applied for a policy of municipal bond insurance which policy, if purchased, will guarantee the scheduled payment of principal and interest on the Bonds to be issued concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds.

MATURITY SCHEDULE
On Inside Cover

THIS COVER PAGE CONTAINS CERTAIN INFORMATION FOR QUICK REFERENCE ONLY. IT IS NOT A SUMMARY OF THIS ISSUE. INVESTORS MUST READ THE ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ESSENTIAL TO THE MAKING OF AN INFORMED INVESTMENT DECISION.

The Bonds will be offered when, as and if issued and received by the Underwriter subject to the approval of legality by Dannis Woliver Kelley, Long Beach, California, Bond Counsel, and certain other conditions. Dannis Woliver Kelley, Long Beach, California, is acting as Disclosure Counsel for the District. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriter by _____, _____, California. It is anticipated that the Bonds will be available for delivery in definitive form in New York, New York, through the facilities of DTC on or about _____ 2017.

_____ LOGO

The Date of this Official Statement is: _____, 2017.

* Preliminary; subject to change.

MATURITY SCHEDULE

\$ _____
Willows Unified School District
(Glenn County, California)
General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A

<u>Maturity</u> <u>(August 1)</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>CUSIP¹</u> <u>(_____)</u>
--------------------------------------	-----------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------	--

\$ _____ % Term Bonds due August 1, 20__ – Priced to yield _____%

¹ Copyright 2017, American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein is provided by CUSIP Global Services, managed by S&P Capital IQ on behalf of The American Bankers Association. This data is not intended to create a database and does not serve in any way as a substitute for the CUSIP Service. The CUSIP number is provided for convenience of reference only. Neither the District nor the Underwriters take any responsibility for the accuracy of such CUSIP number.

No dealer, broker, salesperson or other person has been authorized by the Willows Unified School District (the "District") to provide any information or to make any representations other than as contained herein and, if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell, the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds by a person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such an offer, solicitation or sale.

This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract with the purchasers of the Bonds. Statements contained in this Official Statement which involve estimates, forecasts or matters of opinion, whether or not expressly described herein, are intended solely as such and are not to be construed as a representation of facts.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District since the date hereof. Although certain information set forth in this Official Statement has been provided by the County of Glenn, the County of Glenn has not approved this Official Statement and is not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the statements contained in this Official Statement except for the information set forth under the caption "THE GLENN COUNTY TREASURY POOL."

The Underwriter has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. "The Underwriter has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriter does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information."

In connection with this offering, the Underwriter may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market price of the Bonds offered hereby at levels above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time. The Underwriter may offer and sell the Bonds to certain securities dealers, institutional investors, banks or others at prices lower or higher than the public offering prices stated on the inside cover page hereof and said public offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the Bonds referred to herein and may not be reproduced or used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
Glenn County, State of California

Board of Education

Alex Parisio, *President*
Gina Taylor, *Vice President*
James Ward, *Clerk*
Michelle Knight, *Member*
Jeromy Geiger, *Member*

District Administrators

Mort Geivett, Ed.D., *Superintendent*
Debbie Beymer, *Director of Business Services*

SPECIAL SERVICES

Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel

Dannis Woliver Kelley
Long Beach, California

Municipal Advisor

East Shore Consulting, LLC
Oakland, California

Paying Agent, Transfer Agent, Registration Agent

San Francisco, California

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\$8,000,000*
WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
(Glenn County, California)
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, 2016 ELECTION, 2017 SERIES A
(BANK QUALIFIED)

INTRODUCTION

This Introduction is not a summary of this Official Statement. It is only a brief description of and guide to, and is qualified by, more complete and detailed information contained in the entire Official Statement, including the cover page, inside cover and appendices hereto, and the documents summarized or described herein. A full review should be made of the entire Official Statement. The offering of the Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of the entire Official Statement.

The Willows Unified School District (the “District”) proposes to issue \$8,000,000* aggregate principal amount of its General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A (the “Bonds”) under and pursuant to a bond authorization (the “Authorization”) for the issuance and sale of not more than \$8,000,000 of general obligation bonds approved by 55% or more of the qualified voters of the District voting on the proposition at a general election held on November 8, 2016 (the “Election”). The Bonds will be the only series of general obligation bonds issued pursuant to the Authorization and subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds, no further general obligation bonds will remain for issuance.

Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to finance the acquisition, construction, furnishing and equipping of District facilities and to pay certain costs of issuance associated therewith. See “THE PROJECTS” herein.

Registration

_____ will act as the initial registrar, transfer agent and paying agent for the Bonds (the “Paying Agent”). As long as The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”) is the registered owner of the Bonds and DTC’s book entry-method is used for the Bonds, the Paying Agent will send any notice of redemption or other notices to owners only to DTC. See “THE BONDS – Description of the Bonds” herein.

The District

The District, a school district of the State of California (the “State”), was created in 1966, from the unification of five distinct school districts. The District is located in the south central portion of Glenn County approximately 85 miles north of the City of Sacramento. The District is comprised primarily of the City of Willows and unincorporated areas of the County. The District operates four schools including one elementary school, one middle school, one high school and one community high school providing alternative education services. The District’s estimated average daily attendance (“ADA”) for fiscal year 2016-17 is ___ students and the District has a 2016-17 total assessed valuation of \$316,386,109. The District’s audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are attached hereto as APPENDIX B. For further information concerning the District, see the caption “WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT” herein.

* Preliminary; subject to change.

Sources of Payment for the Bonds

The Bonds are general obligations of the District payable solely from *ad valorem* property taxes. The Board of Supervisors of the County is empowered and obligated to annually levy *ad valorem* property taxes upon all property subject to taxation by the District, without limitation as to rate or amount (except certain personal property which is taxable at limited rates), for the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds when due. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS” and “TAX BASE FOR REPAYMENT OF THE BONDS” herein.

Municipal Bond Insurance

The District has applied for a policy of municipal bond insurance to guarantee the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due, however, as of the date hereof, no commitment has been issued for such a policy.

Continuing Disclosure

The District has covenanted that it will comply with and carry out all of the provisions of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement executed by the District in connection with the Bonds. See “THE BONDS – Continuing Disclosure Agreement,” “CONTINUING DISCLOSURE” herein and APPENDIX D – FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT hereto.

Bank Qualified

The District has designated the Bonds as “qualified tax-exempt obligations,” thereby allowing certain financial institutions that are holders of such qualified tax-exempt obligations to deduct a portion of such institution’s interest expense allocable to such qualified tax-exempt obligations, all as determined in accordance with Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Professionals Involved in the Offering

Dannis Woliver Kelley, Long Beach, California, is acting as Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel to the District with respect to the Bonds. _____, San Francisco, California is acting as registrar, transfer agent and paying agent for the Bonds. Eastshore Consulting, LLC, Oakland California, is acting as Municipal Advisor to the District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. _____, _____, is acting as counsel to the Underwriter with respect to the Bonds. Dannis Woliver Kelley, _____ and Eastshore Consulting will receive compensation from the District contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds. _____ will receive compensation from the Underwriter contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements included or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 21E of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Such statements are generally identifiable by the terminology used such as “plan,” “expect,” “estimate,” “project,” “budget” or other similar words. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, certain statements contained in the information regarding the District herein. THE ACHIEVEMENT OF CERTAIN RESULTS OR OTHER EXPECTATIONS CONTAINED IN SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INVOLVE KNOWN AND UNKNOWN RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND OTHER

FACTORS WHICH MAY CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS DESCRIBED TO BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM ANY FUTURE RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED BY SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. THE DISTRICT DOES NOT PLAN TO ISSUE ANY UPDATES OR REVISIONS TO THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS SET FORTH IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Closing Date

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to approval as to their legality by Bond Counsel. It is anticipated that the Bonds in book-entry form will be available for delivery through the facilities of DTC on or about _____, 2017.

THE BONDS

Authority for Issuance

The Bonds are general obligations of the District. The Bonds are being issued by the District under the provisions of Title 5, Division 2, Part 1, Chapter 3, Article 4.5 of the Government Code of the State of California (the "Government Code") (commencing with Section 53506) and pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Education of the District adopted on _____, 2017 (the "Resolution").

Purpose of Issue

The net proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance certain capital improvements for the District as specified in the District bond proposition submitted at the Election, which includes modernizing Willows schools, upgrading safety systems, improving infrastructure and accessibility, replacing portables with permanent classrooms, and making other repairs to outdated facilities. See "THE PROJECTS" herein.

Description of the Bonds

The Bonds will be dated their date of delivery and will be issued only as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 principal amount or integral multiples thereof.

The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, as nominee of DTC, references herein to the Owners or registered owners shall mean Cede & Co. as aforesaid, and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners (as defined herein) of the Bonds.

So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest or premium, if any, on the Bonds are payable by wire transfer or New York Clearing House or equivalent next-day funds or by wire transfer of same day funds by _____, as paying agent (the "Paying Agent"), to Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC. DTC is obligated, in turn, to remit such amounts to the DTC Participants (as defined herein) for subsequent disbursement to the Beneficial Owners. See "APPENDIX E – BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM" herein.

Payment of the Bonds

Interest on the Bonds is payable commencing August 1, 2017, and semiannually thereafter on February 1 and August 1 of each year (each, an "Interest Payment Date"). The Bonds shall be issued in fully registered form, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Interest on each Bond shall accrue from its dated date at the interest rates applicable thereto as set forth on the inside cover page hereof. Interest shall be computed using a year of 360 days comprised of twelve 30-day months and shall be payable on each Interest Payment Date to the Owner thereof as of the close of business on the fifteenth calendar day of the month next preceding an Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date"). Interest will be payable from the Interest Payment Date next preceding the date of registration thereof, unless (i) it is registered during the period from the 16th day of the month immediately preceding any Interest Payment Date to that Interest Payment Date, in which event interest with respect thereto shall be payable from such Interest Payment Date; or (ii) it is registered prior to the close of business on July 15, 2017, in which event interest shall be payable from its Dated Date; provided, however, that if at the time of registration of any Bond interest with respect thereto is in default, interest with respect thereto shall be payable from the Interest Payment Date to which interest has previously been paid or made available for payment. Payments of interest will be made on each Interest Payment Date by check or draft of the Paying Agent sent by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the Owner thereof on the Record Date, or by wire transfer to any Owner of \$1,000,000 or more of such Bonds, to the account specified by such Owner in a written request delivered to the Paying Agent on or prior to the Record Date for such Interest Payment Date; provided, however, that payments of defaulted interest shall be payable to the person in whose name such Bond is registered at the close of business on a special record date fixed therefor by the Paying Agent which shall not be more than 15 days and not less than ten days prior to the date of the proposed payment of defaulted interest.

Redemption*

Optional Redemption. The Bonds maturing on or before August 1, 2026 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing on or after August 1, 2028 may be redeemed before maturity at the option of the District, in whole or in part, from any source of available funds, on any date on or after August 1, 2027 at a redemption price equal to the par amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, without premium.

Mandatory Redemption. The Bonds maturing on August 1, 20__ are subject to redemption prior to maturity from mandatory sinking fund payments on August 1 of each year, on and after August 1, 2026, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof as of the date set for such redemption, without premium. The principal amount to be so redeemed and the dates therefore and the final payment date is as indicated in the following table:

Mandatory Sinking Fund Payment Date (August 1)	Principal Amount to be Redeemed
--	------------------------------------

* Maturity

* Preliminary; subject to change.

In the event that a portion of the Bonds maturing on August 1, 20__ is optionally redeemed prior to maturity, the remaining mandatory sinking fund payments shown above shall be reduced proportionately, or as otherwise directed by the District, in integral multiples of \$5,000 principal amount of such Bonds optionally redeemed.

Selection of Bonds for Redemption

Whenever provision is made for the redemption of Bonds and less than all outstanding Bonds are to be redeemed, the Paying Agent, upon written instruction from the District given at least 45 days prior to the date designated for such redemption, shall select Bonds for redemption in such order as the District may direct. Within a maturity, the Paying Agent shall select Bonds for redemption by lot. Redemption by lot shall be in such manner as the Paying Agent shall determine; provided, however, that the portion of any Bond to be redeemed in part shall be in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Notice of Redemption

When redemption is authorized, the Paying Agent, upon written instruction from the District given at least 45 days prior to the date designated for such redemption, shall give notice of the redemption of the Bonds at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the redemption date to the respective Owners of Bonds designated for redemption by first class mail, postage prepaid. Such redemption notice shall specify: (a) the Bonds or designated portions thereof (in the case of redemption of the Bonds in part but not in whole) which are to be redeemed, (b) the date of redemption, (c) the place or places where the redemption will be made, including the name and address of the Paying Agent, (d) the redemption price, (e) the CUSIP numbers (if any) assigned to the Bonds to be redeemed, (f) the numbers of the Bonds to be redeemed in whole or in part and, in the case of any Bond to be redeemed in part only, the principal amount, as appropriate, of such Bond to be redeemed, and (g) the original issue date, interest rate and stated maturity date of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part. Such redemption notice shall further state that on the specified date there shall become due and payable upon each Bond or portion thereof being redeemed the redemption price, together with the interest accrued to the redemption date in the case of Bonds, and that from and after such date interest with respect thereto shall cease to accrue and be payable.

Right to Rescind Notice of Redemption

The District may rescind any optional redemption and notice thereof for any reason on any date prior to the date fixed for redemption by causing written notice of the rescission to be given to the owners of the Bonds so called for redemption. Any optional redemption and notice thereof shall be rescinded if for any reason on the date fixed for redemption moneys are not available in the Debt Service Fund or otherwise held in trust for such purpose in an amount sufficient to pay in full on said date the principal of and interest and any premium due on the Bonds called for redemption. Notice of rescission of redemption shall be given in the same manner in which notice of redemption was originally given. The actual receipt by the owner of any Bond of notice of such rescission shall not be a condition precedent to rescission, and failure to receive such notice or any defect in such notice shall not affect the validity of the rescission.

Effect of Notice of Redemption

Notice having been given as required in the Resolution, and the moneys for redemption (including the interest to the applicable date of redemption) having been set aside for payment of the redemption price, the Bonds to be redeemed shall become due and payable on such date of redemption.

If on such redemption date, money for the redemption of all the Bonds to be redeemed, together with interest to such redemption date, shall be held by the Paying Agent so as to be available therefor on such redemption date, and if notice of redemption thereof shall have been given, then from and after such redemption date, interest on the Bonds to be redeemed shall cease to accrue and become payable.

Transfer and Exchange

Any Bond may be exchanged for Bonds of like tenor, series, maturity and principal amount upon presentation and surrender at the principal office of the Paying Agent, together with a request for exchange signed by the Owner or by a person legally empowered to do so in a form satisfactory to the Paying Agent. A Bond may be transferred on the Bond Register only upon presentation and surrender of such Bond at the principal office of the Paying Agent together with an assignment executed by the Owner or a person legally empowered to do so in a form satisfactory to the Paying Agent. Upon exchange or transfer, the Paying Agent shall complete, authenticate and deliver a new Bond or Bonds of like tenor and of any authorized denomination or denominations requested by the Owner equal to the principal amount of the Bond surrendered and bearing interest at the same rate and maturing on the same date.

Defeasance

If any or all Outstanding Bonds shall be paid and discharged in any one or more of the following ways: (a) by well and truly paying or causing to be paid the principal of and interest on all Bonds Outstanding, as and when the same become due and payable; (b) by depositing with the Paying Agent, in trust, at or before maturity, cash which, together with the amounts then on deposit in the Debt Service Fund plus the interest to accrue thereon without the need for further investment, is fully sufficient to pay all Bonds Outstanding on their redemption date or at maturity thereof, including any premium and all interest thereon, notwithstanding that any Bonds shall not have been surrendered for payment; or (c) by depositing with an institution to act as escrow agent selected by the District and which meets the requirements of serving as Paying Agent pursuant to the Resolution, in trust, lawful money or non-callable direct obligations issued by the United States Treasury (including State and Local Government Series Obligations) or obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America and described under Section 149(b) of the Code and Regulations which, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, will not impair the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds, in such amount as will, together with the interest to accrue thereon without the need for further investment, be fully sufficient, in the opinion of a verification agent satisfactory to the District, to pay and discharge all Bonds Outstanding at maturity thereof, including any premium and all interest thereon, notwithstanding that any Bonds shall not have been surrendered for payment; then all obligations of the District and the Paying Agent under the Resolution with respect to such Outstanding Bonds shall cease and terminate, except only the obligation of the Paying Agent to pay or cause to be paid to the Owners of the Bonds all sums due thereon, and the obligation of the District to pay to the Paying Agent amounts owing to the Paying Agent under the Resolution.

Book-Entry Only System

The Bonds will be issued under a book-entry system, evidencing ownership of the Bonds in Principal Amounts or integral multiples thereof, with no physical distribution of Bonds made to the public. DTC will act as depository for the Bonds, which will be immobilized in their custody. The Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC. For further information regarding DTC and the book entry system, see APPENDIX E hereto.

Continuing Disclosure Agreement

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12 (the “Rule”) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the District will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement (the “Continuing Disclosure Agreement”) in the form of APPENDIX D hereto, on or prior to the sale of the Bonds in which the District will undertake, for the benefit of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, to provide certain information as set forth therein. See “CONTINUING DISCLOSURE” herein and APPENDIX D – FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT hereto.

SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

The proceeds of the Bonds are expected to be applied as follows:

Sources of Funds

Principal Amount of Bonds
Net Original Issue Premium
Total Sources

Uses of Funds

Deposit to Building Fund
Deposit to Debt Service Fund
Costs of Issuance⁽¹⁾
Total Uses

⁽¹⁾ Payment of bond insurance premium, if any, Underwriter’s discount, Bond and Disclosure Counsel fees, municipal advisory fees, paying agent fees, rating agency fees and other costs of issuance.

District Investments

The Glenn County Treasurer-Tax Collector (the “Treasurer”) manages, in accordance with California Government Code Section 53600 *et seq.*, funds deposited with the Treasurer by school and community college districts located in the County, various special districts, and some cities within the State of California. State law generally requires that all moneys of the County, school and community college districts and certain special districts located in the County be held in the County’s pooled investment fund (the “Pooled Investment Fund”).

The composition and value of investments under management in the Pooled Investment Fund vary from time to time depending on cash flow needs of the County and public agencies invested in the pool, maturity or sale of investments, purchase of new securities, and due to fluctuations in interest rates generally. For a further discussion of the Pooled Investment Fund, see the caption “THE GLENN COUNTY POOLED INVESTMENT FUND” herein.

The net proceeds from the sale of the Bonds (other than premium) shall be paid to the County to the credit of the Willows Unified School District Building Fund (the “Building Fund”) established pursuant to the Resolution and shall be disbursed for the payment of the costs of acquiring and constructing the Projects (as described below). Any premium or accrued interest received by the District from the sale of the Bonds will be deposited in the Debt Service Fund. Earnings on the investment of moneys in either the Building Fund or the Debt Service Fund will be retained in the respective fund and used only for the purposes to which the respective fund may lawfully be applied. Moneys in the Debt Service Fund may only be applied to make payments of principal of and interest, and premium, if any, on

bonds of the District. All funds held in the Building Fund and the Debt Service Fund will be invested by the Treasurer at the direction of the District.

DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE

The following table summarizes the principal and interest payments on the Bonds, assuming no optional redemption.

DEBT SERVICE ON THE BONDS

Bond Year Ending August 1	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service
2017			
2018			
2019			
2020			
2021			
2022			
2023			
2024			
2025			
2026			
2027			
2028			
2029			
2030			
2031			
2032			
2033			
2034			
2035			
2036			
2037			
2038			
2039			
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
2044			
2045			
2046			
Total			

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

General

The Bonds are general obligations of the District, and the Board of Supervisors of the County has the power and is obligated to levy and collect *ad valorem* taxes upon all property within the District subject to taxation by the County, without limitation as to rate or amount (except certain personal

property which is taxable at limited rates) for payment of both principal of and interest on the Bonds. The District received authorization to issue \$8,000,000 principal amount of general obligation bonds pursuant to an election of the qualified electors within the District on November 8, 2016. Subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds, no general obligation bonds will remain for issuance under the Authorization.

Property Taxation System

Property tax revenues result from the application of the appropriate tax rate to the total assessed value of taxable property in the District. School districts receive property taxes for payment of voter-approved bonds as well as for general operating purposes.

Local property taxation is the responsibility of various county officers. For each school district located in a county, the county assessor computes the value of locally assessed taxable property. Based on the assessed value of property and the scheduled debt service on outstanding bonds in each year, the county auditor-controller computes the rate of tax necessary to pay such debt service, and presents the tax rolls (including rates of tax for all taxing jurisdictions in the county) to the county board of supervisors for approval. The county treasurer and tax collector prepares and mails tax bills to taxpayers and collects the taxes. In addition, the treasurer and tax collector, as *ex officio* treasurer of each school district located in the county, holds school district funds, including taxes collected for payment of school bonds, and is charged with payment of principal and interest on the bonds when due.

Restrictions on use of *Ad Valorem* Taxes and Statutory Lien on Debt Service – Senate Bill 222

Under State law, school districts may levy *ad valorem* taxes (in addition to their share of the 1% county tax to pay operating expenses) only to pay principal of and interest on general obligation bonds that, like the Bonds, are approved at an election to finance specified projects or are bonds issued to refund such general obligation bonds. Moreover, State law provides that the *ad valorem* taxes may be levied to pay the principal of and interest on bonds and for no other purpose. Consequently, under State law, the District is not authorized to divert revenue from *ad valorem* taxes levied to pay the Bonds to a purpose other than payment of the Bonds.

Pursuant to Section 53515 of the State Government Code, effective January 1, 2016 and added by California Senate Bill 222 (2015), the Bonds will be secured by a statutory lien on all revenues received pursuant to the levy and collection of *ad valorem* property taxes for the payment thereof. The lien automatically attaches, without further action or authorization by the Board, and is valid and binding from the time the Bonds are executed and delivered. The revenues received pursuant to the levy and collection of the *ad valorem* property tax will be immediately subject to the lien, and such lien will be enforceable against the District, its successor, transferees and creditors, and all other parties asserting rights therein, irrespective of whether such parties have notice of the lien and without the need for physical delivery, recordation, filing or further act.

BOND INSURANCE

The District has applied for a policy of municipal bond insurance which, if purchased, will guarantee the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due under a policy to be issued concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds.

THE PROJECTS

The District intends to apply the net proceeds of the Bonds to finance the acquisition, construction, furnishing and equipping of District facilities in accordance with the bond proposition approved at the Election which includes the ballot measure and a project list.

The “Smaller Classes, Safer Schools, and Financial Accountability Act,” a Constitutional amendment known as Proposition 39, controls the method by which the District will expend Bond proceeds on its capital improvements. Prior to the Election, the District prepared and submitted to the Board for approval a master list of capital improvement projects to be built, acquired, constructed or installed with the proceeds of the Bonds, which was then submitted to the voters at the Election (the “Project List”). The District will prioritize and may not undertake to complete all components of the Project List.

TAX BASE FOR REPAYMENT OF THE BONDS

The information in this section describes ad valorem property taxation, assessed valuation, and other measures of the tax base of the District. The Bonds are payable solely from ad valorem taxes levied and collected by the County on taxable property in the District. The District’s general fund is not a source for the repayment of the Bonds.

Ad Valorem Property Taxation

Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property which is situated in the County as of the preceding January 1. However, upon a change in ownership of property or completion of new construction, State law permits an accelerated recognition and taxation of increases in real property assessed valuation (known as a “floating lien date”). For assessment and collection purposes, property is classified either as “secured” or “unsecured” and is listed accordingly on separate parts of the assessment roll. The “secured roll” is that part of the assessment roll containing property secured by a lien which is sufficient, in the opinion of the assessor, to secure payment of the taxes. Other property is assessed on the “unsecured roll.”

The County levies a 1% property tax on behalf of all taxing agencies in the County. The taxes collected are allocated on the basis of a formula established by State law enacted in 1979. Under this formula, the County and all other taxing entities receive a base year allocation plus an allocation on the basis of “situs” growth in assessed value (new construction, change of ownership, inflation) prorated among the jurisdictions which serve the tax rate areas within which the growth occurs. Tax rate areas are specifically defined geographic areas which were developed to permit the levying of taxes for less than county-wide or less than city-wide special and school districts. In addition, the County levies and collects additional approved property taxes and assessments on behalf of any taxing agency within the County.

Property taxes on the secured roll are due in two installments, on November 1 and February 1. If unpaid, such taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively, and a 10% penalty attaches to any delinquent payment. In addition, property on the secured roll secured by the assessee’s fee ownership of land with respect to which taxes are delinquent is declared tax-defaulted on or about June 30. Those properties on the secured roll that become tax-defaulted on June 30 of the fiscal year that are not secured by the assessee’s fee ownership of land are transferred to the unsecured roll and are then subject to the Treasurer’s enforcement procedures (*i.e.*, seizures of money and property, liens and judgments). Such property may thereafter be redeemed by payment of the delinquent taxes and the delinquency penalty, plus a penalty of one and one-half percent per month to the time of redemption. If

taxes are unpaid for a period of five years or more, the tax-defaulted property is subject to sale by the Treasurer.

Property taxes on the unsecured roll are currently due as of the January 1 lien date prior to the commencement of a fiscal year and become delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31. A 10% penalty attaches to delinquent taxes on property on the unsecured roll and an additional penalty of one and one-half percent per month begins to accrue on November 1. The taxing authority has four ways of collecting unsecured personal property taxes: (1) a civil action against the taxpayer; (2) filing a certificate in the office of the County Clerk specifying certain facts in order to obtain a judgment lien on certain property of the taxpayer; (3) filing a certificate of delinquency for recordation in the County Recorder's office in order to obtain a lien on certain property of the taxpayer; and (4) seizure and sale of personal property, improvements, bank accounts or possessory interests belonging or assessed to the taxpayer.

Assessed Valuations

The assessed valuation of property in the District is established by the County Assessor, except for public utility property which is assessed by the State Board of Equalization. Assessed valuations are reported at 100% of the full value of the property, as defined in Article XIII A of the California Constitution. See "CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS AFFECTING DISTRICT REVENUES" herein.

The State Constitution currently requires a credit of \$7,000 of the taxable value of an owner-occupied dwelling for which application has been made to the County Assessor. The revenue estimated to be lost to local taxing agencies due to the exemption is reimbursed from State sources. Reimbursement is based upon total taxes due upon such exempt value and is not reduced by any amount for estimated or actual delinquencies. Current law also provides, upon application, a basis exemption of \$100,000 increased by inflation for veterans with specified disabilities or for unmarried spouses of deceased veterans. The exemption may be raised to \$150,000 if the applicant meets the income limit of \$40,000.

In addition, certain classes of property such as cemeteries, free public libraries and museums, public schools, churches, colleges, not-for-profit hospitals and charitable institutions are exempt from property taxation and do not appear on the tax rolls. No reimbursement is made by the State for such exemptions.

The following tables presents the historical assessed valuation in the District since fiscal year 2002-03. The District's total assessed valuation is \$1,032,173,533 for fiscal year 2016-17.

**WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
Summary of Assessed Valuations
Fiscal Years 2002-03 Through 2016-17**

Fiscal Year	Local Secured	Utility	Unsecured	Total	Annual % Change
2007-08	\$864,967,617	\$923,999	\$34,409,778	\$900,301,394	
2008-09	922,809,813	923,999	35,920,949	959,654,761	
2009-10	925,823,862	923,999	37,783,638	964,531,499	
2010-11	880,135,734	923,999	40,419,213	921,478,946	
2011-12	863,798,373	923,999	42,781,484	907,503,856	
2012-13	862,940,946	1,024,357	50,519,931	914,485,234	
2013-14	891,995,942	1,011,981	52,501,752	945,509,675	
2014-15	897,476,928	1,011,981	52,770,367	951,259,276	
2015-16	937,447,796	1,185,823	66,600,017	1,005,233,636	
2016-17	976,337,868	941,323	54,894,342	1,032,173,533	

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Economic and other factors beyond the District's control, such as general market decline in property values, disruption in financial markets that may reduce availability of financing for purchasers of property, reclassification of property to a class exempt from taxation, whether by ownership or use (such as exemptions for property owned by the State and local agencies and property used for qualified education, hospital, charitable or religious purposes), or the complete or partial destruction of the taxable property caused by a natural or manmade disaster, such as earthquake, flood or toxic contamination, could cause a reduction in the assessed value of taxable property within the District. Any such reduction would result in a corresponding increase in the annual tax rate levied by the County to pay the debt service with respect to the Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS."

Appeals of Assessed Valuations

Pursuant to California Proposition 8 of November 1978 ("Proposition 8"), property owners may apply for a reduction of their property tax assessment by filing a written application, in a form prescribed by the State Board of Equalization, with the appropriate county board of equalization or assessment appeals board. County assessors may independently reduce assessed values as well based upon the factors described in the paragraph above or reductions in the fair market value of the taxable property. In most cases, an appeal is filed because the applicant believes that present market conditions (such as lower residential home sale prices) cause the property to be worth less than its current assessed value. Any reduction in the assessment ultimately granted as a result of such appeal applies to the year for which application is made and during which the written application was filed. Such reductions are subject to yearly reappraisals and may be adjusted back to their original values when market conditions improve. Once the property has regained its prior value, adjusted for inflation, it once again is subject to the annual inflationary factor growth rate allowed under Article XIII A. See "CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS AFFECTING DISTRICT REVENUES – Article XIII A of the California Constitution."

A second type of assessment appeal involves a challenge to the base year value of an assessed property. Appeals for reduction in the base year value of an assessment, if successful, reduce the

assessment for the year in which the appeal is taken and prospectively thereafter. The base year is determined by the completion date of new construction or the date of change of ownership. Any base year appeal must be made within four years of the change of ownership or new construction date.

County assessors, at their discretion, may also, from time to time, review certain property types purchased between specific time periods (e.g., all single family homes and condominiums purchased shortly prior to widespread declines in the fair market value of residential real estate within the Counties, as occurred between 2009 and 2011) and may proactively, temporarily reduce the assessed value of qualifying properties to Proposition 8 assessed values without owner appeal therefor.

A property that has been reassessed under Proposition 8, whether pursuant to owner appeal or due to county assessor review, is subsequently reviewed annually to determine its lien date value. Assuming no change in ownership or new construction, and if and as market conditions improve, the assessed value of a property with a Proposition 8 assessed value in place may increase as of each property tax lien date by more than the standard annual inflationary factor growth rate allowed under Article XIII A (currently, a 2% annual maximum) until such assessed value again equals the Article XIII A base year value for such property as adjusted for inflation and years of ownership, at which point such property is again taxed pursuant to Article XIII A and base year values may not be increased by more than the standard Article XIII A annual inflationary factor growth rate. A change in ownership while a property is subject to a Proposition 8 reassessment assessed valuation will cause such assessed valuation to become fixed as a new Article XIII A base year value for such property. See “CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS AFFECTING DISTRICT REVENUES – Article XIII A of the California Constitution” herein. A second type of assessment appeal involves a challenge to the base year value of an assessed property. Appeals for reduction in the base year value of an assessment, if successful, reduce the assessment for the year in which the appeal is taken and prospectively thereafter. The base year is determined by the completion date of new construction or the date of change of ownership. Any base year appeal must be made within four years of the change of ownership or new construction date

No assurance can be given that property tax appeals and reassessments in the future will not significantly reduce the assessed valuation of property within the District.

Assessed Valuation by Land Use

The table below sets forth an analysis of the assessed valuation of the taxable property within the District by land use.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT 2016-17 Assessed Valuation and Parcels by Land Use

	2016-17 <u>Assessed Valuation</u> ⁽¹⁾	% of <u>Total</u>	No. of <u>Parcels</u>	% of <u>Total</u>
Agricultural/Rural	\$467,165,771	47.85%	1,579	30.69%
Commercial	104,976,234	10.75	250	4.86
Vacant Commercial	3,599,485	0.37	71	1.38
Industrial	88,112,859	9.02	8	0.16
Minerals	6,206,318	0.64	172	3.34
Recreational	127,274	0.01	4	0.08
Government/Social/Institutional	196,734	0.02	296	5.75
Miscellaneous	<u>5,256,749</u>	<u>0.54</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>0.87</u>
Subtotal Non-Residential	\$675,641,424	69.20%	2,425	47.13%
<u>Residential:</u>				
Single Family Residence	\$247,788,531	25.38%	2,152	41.83%
Mobile Home	12,679,031	1.30	191	3.71
Mobile Home Park	2,051,796	0.21	4	0.08
2-3 Residential Units	13,662,904	1.40	114	2.22
4+ Residential Units/Apartments	16,262,548	1.67	37	0.72
Miscellaneous Residential	1,950,609	0.20	47	0.91
Vacant Residential	<u>6,301,025</u>	<u>0.65</u>	<u>175</u>	<u>3.40</u>
Subtotal Residential	\$300,696,444	30.80%	2,720	52.87%
Total	\$976,337,868	100.00%	5,145	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ Local secured assessed valuation, excluding tax-exempt property.
Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Assessed Valuation of Single Family Homes

The following table sets forth ranges of assessed valuations of single family homes in the District for fiscal year 2016-17.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Per Parcel 2016-17 Assessed Valuation of Single Family Homes

	No. of <u>Parcels</u>	2016-17 <u>Assessed Valuation</u>	Average <u>Assessed Valuation</u>	Median <u>Assessed Valuation</u>			
Single Family Residential	2,152	\$247,788,531	\$115,143	\$103,551			
	<u>2016-17 Assessed Valuation</u>	<u>No. of Parcels⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>% of Total</u>	<u>Cumulative % of Total</u>	<u>Total Valuation</u>	<u>% of Total</u>	<u>Cumulative % of Total</u>
	\$0 - \$24,999	73	3.392%	3.392%	\$ 1,294,485	0.522%	0.522%
	\$25,000 - \$49,999	239	11.106	14.498	9,012,442	3.637	4.160
	\$50,000 - \$74,999	348	16.171	30.669	21,916,996	8.845	13.005
	\$75,000 - \$99,999	355	16.496	47.165	31,345,661	12.650	25.655
	\$100,000 - \$124,999	363	16.868	64.033	40,523,174	16.354	42.009
	\$125,000 - \$149,999	237	11.013	75.046	32,443,933	13.093	55.102
	\$150,000 - \$174,999	195	9.061	84.108	31,583,553	12.746	67.848
	\$175,000 - \$199,999	130	6.041	90.149	24,083,982	9.720	77.568
	\$200,000 - \$224,999	66	3.067	93.216	14,019,566	5.658	83.226
	\$225,000 - \$249,999	54	2.509	95.725	12,684,461	5.119	88.345
	\$250,000 - \$274,999	28	1.301	97.026	7,303,639	2.948	91.292
	\$275,000 - \$299,999	21	0.976	98.002	5,947,979	2.400	93.693
	\$300,000 - \$324,999	15	0.697	98.699	4,724,394	1.907	95.599
	\$325,000 - \$349,999	8	0.372	99.071	2,705,505	1.092	96.691
	\$350,000 - \$374,999	9	0.418	99.489	3,263,508	1.317	98.008
	\$375,000 - \$399,999	6	0.279	99.768	2,322,886	0.937	98.946
	\$400,000 - \$424,999	1	0.046	99.814	424,234	0.171	99.117
	\$425,000 - \$449,999	0	0.000	99.814	0	0.000	99.117
	\$450,000 - \$474,999	2	0.093	99.907	921,355	0.372	99.489
	\$475,000 - \$499,999	0	0.000	99.907	0	0.000	99.489
	\$500,000 and greater	2	0.093	100.000	1,266,778	0.511	100.000
	Total	2,152	100.000%		\$247,788,531	100.000%	

⁽¹⁾ Improved single family residential parcels. Excludes condominiums and parcels with multiple family units.
Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Largest Taxpayers

The table below sets forth the largest local secured taxpayers within the District in fiscal year 2016-17.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT 2016-17 Largest Total Secured Taxpayers

	<u>Property Owner</u>	<u>2016-17 Primary Land Use</u>	<u>% of Assessed Valuation</u>	<u>Total⁽¹⁾</u>
1.	Johns Manville Intl Inc.	Industrial	\$ 84,283,159	8.63%
2.	California Olive Ranch Inc.	Agricultural	35,221,514	3.61
3.	San Francisco Region Prop Inc.	Agricultural	13,953,830	1.43
4.	California Water Service Co.	Water Company	11,834,088	1.21
5.	Jakob and Gladys Westeyn, Trustees	Agricultural	10,730,587	1.10
6.	Calliopsis LLC	Agricultural	10,296,716	1.05
7.	Walmart Real Estate Business Trust	Commercial	9,728,252	1.00
8.	Michael and Sherry Polit, Trustees	Agricultural	7,833,741	0.80
9.	PI Properties No. 122 LLC	Apartments	7,826,780	0.80
10.	Walker Creek Partners LLC	Agricultural	6,972,760	0.71
11.	Kumar Hotels Inc.	Hotel	6,669,470	0.68
12.	Hudson Greer Corp.	Agricultural	6,472,318	0.66
13.	California Resources Corp.	Minerals	5,695,736	0.58
14.	Cathay Mortuary	Commercial	5,575,000	0.57
15.	Herbert R. Holzapfel	Agricultural	4,860,321	0.50
16.	Violich Farms Inc.	Agricultural	4,632,891	0.47
17.	Gloria J. McGinnis, Trust	Agricultural	4,001,328	0.41
18.	Briggs Glenn LLC	Commercial	3,710,490	0.38
19.	Craig and Diane Poundstone, Trustee	Agricultural	3,621,622	0.37
20.	Walker Creek Orchards	Agricultural	<u>3,427,943</u>	<u>0.35</u>
			\$247,348,546	25.33%

⁽¹⁾ 2016-17 local secured assessed valuation: \$976,337,868.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

The top 20 taxpayers (on the secured roll) for 2016-17 account for 25.33% of the total secured assessed value in the District which is \$976,337,868. According to California Municipal Statistics, Inc., the largest secured taxpayer in the District for 2016-17 was Johns Manville International Inc., accounting for 8.63% of the total secured assessed value in the District. No other secured taxpayer accounted for more than 3.61% of the total secured assessed value in the District. The more property (by assessed value) owned by a single taxpayer, the more tax collections are exposed to weakness, if any, in such taxpayer's financial situation and ability or willingness to pay property taxes in a timely manner.

Tax Rates

The following table sets forth typical tax rates levied in Tax Rate Area in the County within the District for fiscal years 2012-13 through 2016-17:

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
Typical Tax Rate per \$100 Assessed Valuation
(TRA 2-001¹)

	<u>2012-13</u>	<u>2013-14</u>	<u>2014-15</u>	<u>2015-16</u>	<u>2016-17</u>
General Tax Rate	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Butte-Glenn Community College District	<u>.02088</u>	<u>.02088</u>	<u>.02088</u>	<u>.02088</u>	<u>.02088</u>
Total Tax Rate	1.02088	1.02088	1.02088	1.02088	1.02088

⁽¹⁾ The 2016-17 assessed valuation of TRA 2-001 is \$168,436,508.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

The Teeter Plan

The Board of Supervisors of the County has approved the implementation of the Alternative Method of Distribution of Tax Levies and Collections and of Tax Sale Proceeds (the "Teeter Plan"), as provided for in Section 4701 *et seq.* of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. Under the Teeter Plan for the County, the County apportions secured property taxes on an accrual basis when due (irrespective of actual collections) to its local political subdivisions, including the District, for which the County acts as the tax-levying or tax-collecting agency.

The Teeter Plan for the County is applicable to all tax levies for which the County acts as the tax-levying or tax-collecting agency, or for which the County Treasury is the legal depository of tax collections.

Under the Teeter Plan, the District will receive 100% of its *ad valorem* property tax levied with respect to the Bonds irrespective of actual delinquencies in the collection of property taxes by the County.

The Teeter Plan of the County is to remain in effect unless the Board of Supervisors of the County orders its discontinuance or unless, prior to the commencement of any fiscal year of the County (which commences on July 1), the Board of Supervisors of the County receives a petition for its discontinuance joined in by a resolution adopted by at least two-thirds of the participating revenue districts in the County. In the event the Board of Supervisors of the County orders discontinuance of its Teeter Plan, only those secured property taxes actually collected would be allocated to political subdivisions (including the District) for which the County acts as the tax-levying or tax-collecting agency. In addition, if the delinquency rate for all *ad valorem* property taxes levied within the District exceeds 3%, the Board of Supervisors can terminate the Teeter Plan with respect to the District. In the event that the Teeter Plan were terminated with regard to the secured tax roll, the amount of the levy of *ad valorem* property taxes would depend upon the collection of *ad valorem* property taxes and delinquency rates experienced with respect to the parcels within the District.

The District is not aware of any petitions for the discontinuance of the Teeter Plan now pending in the County.

Direct and Overlapping Debt

Numerous local agencies that provide public services overlap the District’s service area. These local agencies have outstanding debt in the form of general obligation, lease revenue and special assessment bonds. The following table shows the District’s estimated direct and overlapping bonded debt. The statement excludes self-supporting revenue bonds, tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations. The District has not reviewed this table and there can be no assurance as to the accuracy of the information contained in the table; inquiries concerning the scope and methodology of procedures carried out to compile the information presented should be directed to California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

The following table is a statement of the District’s direct and estimated overlapping bonded debt as of March 1, 2017:

**WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED INDEBTEDNESS**

2016-17 Assessed Valuation: \$1,032,173,533

<u>DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:</u>	<u>% Applicable</u>	<u>Debt 3/1/17</u>
Butte-Glenn Community College District	4.459%	\$2,769,825
Willows Unified School District	100.000	_(1)
Kanawha Water District	100.000	<u>83,000</u>
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT		\$2,852,825
<u>OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:</u>		
Glenn County Certificates of Participation	35.294%	<u>\$836,468</u>
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		\$836,468
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		\$3,689,293⁽²⁾

(1) Excludes the Bonds to be sold.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2016-17 Assessed Valuation:

Direct Debt (\$0)	0.00%
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	0.28%
Combined Total Debt	0.36%

Source: California Municipal Statistics Inc.

DISTRICT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The information in this section concerning the operations of the District and the District’s finances is provided as supplementary information only, and it should not be inferred from the inclusion of this information in this Official Statement that the principal and interest on the Bonds is payable from the general fund of the District. The Bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax approved by the voters pursuant to all applicable laws and State Constitutional requirements, and required to be levied by the County on all taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient for the timely payment of principal and interest on the Bonds. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS” and “TAX BASE FOR REPAYMENT OF THE BONDS” herein.

State Funding of Education

On June 27, 2013, the State adopted a new method for funding school districts commonly known as the “Local Control Funding Formula.” The Local Control Funding Formula is being implemented in stages, beginning in fiscal year 2013-14 and will be fully implemented in fiscal year 2020-21. Prior to adoption of the Local Control Funding Formula, the State used a revenue limit system described below.

Local Control Funding Formula. State Assembly Bill 97 (Stats. 2013, Chapter 47) (“AB 97”), enacted as a part of the 2013-14 State Budget (defined below) enacted the Local Control Funding Formula beginning in fiscal year 2013-14, which replaced the revenue limit funding system and many categorical programs. See “-Revenue Limit Funding System” below. The Local Control Funding Formula distributes resources to schools through a guaranteed base revenue limit funding grant (the “Base Grant”) per unit of ADA. The average Base Grant is \$7,643 per unit of ADA, which is \$2,375 more than the average revenue limit. Additional supplemental funding is made available based on the proportion of English language learners, low-income students and foster youth. The Local Control Funding Formula replaces the existing revenue limit funding system and many categorical programs. The District expects revenues to increase as a result of the implementation of the Local Control Funding Formula.

The primary component of AB 97, as amended by SB 91, is the implementation of the Local Control Funding Formula (“LCFF”), which replaces the revenue limit funding system for determining State apportionments, as well as the majority of State categorical program funding. State allocations will be provided on the basis of target base funding grants per unit of ADA (a “Base Grant”) assigned to each of four grade spans. Full implementation of the LCFF is expected to occur over a period of several fiscal years. Beginning in fiscal year 2013-14, an annual transition adjustment is required to be calculated for each school district, equal to such district’s proportionate share of appropriations included in the State budget to close the gap between the prior-year funding level and the target allocation following full implementation of the LCFF. In each year, school districts will have the same proportion of their respective funding gaps closed, with dollar amounts varying depending on the size of a district’s funding gap.

The Base Grants per unit of ADA for each grade span are as follows: (i) \$6,845 for grades K-3; (ii) \$6,947 for grades 4-6; (iii) \$7,154 for grades 7-8; and (iv) \$8,289 for grades 9-12. Beginning in fiscal year 2013-14, and in each subsequent year, the Base Grants are to be adjusted for cost-of-living increases by applying the implicit price deflator for government goods and services. Following full implementation of the LCFF, the provision of cost-of-living-adjustments will be subject to appropriation for such adjustment in the annual State budget. The differences among Base Grants are linked to differentials in statewide average revenue limit rates by district type, and are intended to recognize the generally higher costs of education at higher grade levels.

The Base Grants for grades K-3 and 9-12 are subject to adjustments of 10.4% and 2.6%, respectively, to cover the costs of class size reduction in early grades and the provision of career technical education in high schools. Following full implementation of the LCFF, and unless otherwise collectively bargained for, school districts serving students in grades K-3 must maintain an average class enrollment of 24 or fewer students in grades K-3 at each school site in order to continue receiving the adjustment to the K-3 Base Grant. Such school districts must also make progress towards this class size reduction goal in proportion to the growth in their funding over the implementation period. Additional add-ons are also provided to school districts that received categorical block grant funding pursuant to the Targeted Instructional Improvement and Home-to-School Transportation programs during fiscal year 2012-13.

School districts that serve students of limited English proficiency (“EL” students), students from low income families that are eligible for free or reduced priced meals (“LI” students) and foster youth are

eligible to receive additional funding grants. Enrollment counts are unduplicated, such that students may not be counted as both EL and LI (foster youth automatically meet the eligibility requirements for free or reduced priced meals and are not discussed separately herein). A supplemental grant add-on (each, a “Supplemental Grant”) is authorized for school districts that serve EL/LI students, equal to 20% of the applicable Base Grant multiplied by such districts’ percentage of unduplicated EL/LI student enrollment. School districts whose EL/LI populations exceed 55% of their total enrollment are eligible for a concentration grant add-on (each, a “Concentration Grant”) equal to 50% of the applicable Base Grant multiplied by the percentage of such district’s unduplicated EL/LI student enrollment in excess of the 55% threshold.

The following table sets forth the ADA by grade span, enrollment and the percentage of EL/LI enrollment for fiscal year 2015-16, budgeted for the current year and projections for fiscal years 2017-18 and 2018-19.

ADA, ENROLLMENT AND ENGLISH LANGUAGE/LOW INCOME ENROLLMENT
Fiscal Years 2015-16 through 2018-19
Willows Unified School District

Fiscal Year	ADA				Enrollment	
	K-3	4-6	7-8	9-12	Total Enrollment	% of EL/LI Enrollment
2015-16						
2016-17 ¹						
2017-18 ²						
2018-19 ²						

¹ Budgeted.
² Projected.
Source: *The District*.

For certain school districts that would have received greater funding levels under the prior revenue limit system, the LCFF provides for a permanent economic recovery target (“ERT”) add-on, equal to the difference between the revenue limit allocations such districts would have received under the prior system in fiscal year 2020-21, and the target LCFF allocations owed to such districts in the same year. To derive the projected funding levels, the LCFF assumes the discontinuance of deficit revenue limit funding, implementation of a COLA in fiscal years 2014-15 through 2020-21, and restoration of categorical funding to pre-recession levels. The ERT add-on will be paid incrementally over the implementing period of the LCFF. The District does not qualify for the ERT add-on.

The sum of a school district’s adjusted Base, Supplemental and Concentration Grants will be multiplied by such district’s P-2 ADA for the current or prior year, whichever is greater (with certain adjustments applicable to small school districts). This funding amount, together with any applicable ERT or categorical block grant add-ons, will yield a district’s total LCFF allocation. Generally, the amount of annual State apportionments received by a school district will amount to the difference between such total LCFF allocation and such district’s share of applicable local property taxes. Most school districts receive a significant portion of their funding from such State apportionments. As a result, decreases in State revenues may significantly affect appropriations made by the Legislature to school districts.

Certain schools districts, known as “basic aid” districts, have allocable local property tax collections that equal or exceed such districts’ total LCFF allocation, and result in the receipt of no State apportionment aid. Basic aid school districts receive only special categorical funding, which is deemed to

satisfy the “basic aid” requirement of \$120 per student per year guaranteed by Article IX, Section 6 of the State Constitution. The implication for basic aid districts is that the legislatively determined allocations to school districts, and other politically determined factors, are less significant in determining their primary funding sources. Rather, property tax growth and the local economy are the primary determinants. The District does not currently qualify as basic aid, and does not expect to in future fiscal years.

Accountability. The State Board of Education has promulgated regulations regarding the expenditure of supplemental and concentration funding, including a requirement that school districts increase or improve services for EL/LI students in proportion to the increase in funds apportioned to such district on the basis of the number and concentration of such EL/LI students, as well as the conditions under which school district can use supplemental or concentration funding on a school-wide or district-wide basis.

School districts are also required to adopt local control and accountability plans (“LCAPs”) disclosing annual goals for all students, as well as certain numerically significant student subgroups, to be achieved in eight areas of State priority identified by the LCFF. LCAPs may also specify additional local priorities. LCAPs must specify the actions to be taken to achieve each goal, including actions to correct identified deficiencies with regard to areas of State priority. LCAPs are required to be adopted every three years, beginning in fiscal year 2014-15, and updated annually thereafter. The State Board of Education has developed and adopted a template LCAP for use by school districts.

Support and Intervention. AB 97, as amended by SB 91, establishes a new system of support and intervention to assist school districts meet the performance expectations outlined in their respective LCAPs. School districts must adopt their LCAPs (or annual updates thereto) in tandem with their annual operating budgets, and not later than five days thereafter submit such LCAPs or updates to their respective county superintendents of schools. On or before August 15 of each year, a county superintendent may seek clarification regarding the contents of a district’s LCAP (or annual update thereto), and the district is required to respond to such a request within 15 days. Within 15 days of receiving such a response, the county superintendent can submit non-binding recommendations for amending the LCAP or annual update, and such recommendations must be considered by the respective school district at a public hearing within 15 days. A district’s LCAP or annual update must be approved by the county superintendent by October 8 of each year if the superintendent determines that (i) the LCAP or annual update adheres to the State template, and (ii) the district’s budgeted expenditures are sufficient to implement the actions and strategies outlined in the LCAP.

A school district is required to receive additional support if its respective LCAP or annual update thereto is not approved, if the district requests technical assistance from its respective county superintendent, or if the district does not improve student achievement across more than one State priority for one or more student subgroups. Such support can include a review of a district’s strengths and weaknesses in the eight State priority areas, or the assignment of an academic expert to assist the district identify and implement programs designed to improve outcomes. Assistance may be provided by the California Collaborative for Educational Excellence, a state agency created by the LCFF and charged with assisting school districts achieve the goals set forth in their LCAPs. On or before October 1, 2015, the State Board of Education is required to develop rubrics to assess school district performance and the need for support and intervention.

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction (the “State Superintendent”) is further authorized, with the approval of the State Board of Education, to intervene in the management of persistently underperforming school districts. The State Superintendent may intervene directly or assign an academic trustee to act on his or her behalf. In so doing, the State Superintendent is authorized to (i) modify a district’s LCAP, (ii) impose budget revisions designed to improve student outcomes, and (iii) stay or

rescind actions of the local governing board that would prevent such district from improving student outcomes; provided, however, that the State Superintendent is not authorized to rescind an action required by a local collective bargaining agreement.

Revenue Limit Funding System. Prior to the implementation of the Local Control Funding Formula, annual State apportionments of basic and equalization aid to school districts for general purposes were computed up to a revenue limit (described below) per unit of ADA. Generally, such apportionments amounted to the difference between the District's revenue limit and the District's local property tax allocation. Revenue limit calculations were adjusted annually in accordance with a number of factors designed primarily to provide cost of living increases and to equalize revenues among all of the same type of California school districts (i.e., unified, high school or elementary). State law also provided for State support of specific school related programs, including summer school, adult education, deferred maintenance of facilities, pupil transportation, portable classrooms and other capital outlays and various categorical aids.

The State revenue limit was calculated three times a year for each school district. The first calculation was performed for the February 20th First Principal Apportionment, the second calculation for the June 25th Second Principal Apportionment, and the final calculation for the end of the year Annual Principal Apportionment. Calculations were reviewed by the County Office of Education and submitted to the State Department of Education to review the calculations for accuracy, calculate the amount of State aid owed to such school district and notify the State Controller of the amount, who then distributed the State aid.

The calculation of the amount of State aid a school district was entitled to receive each year was a five-step process. First, the prior year State revenue limit per ADA was established, with recalculations as are necessary for adjustments for equalization or other factors. Second, the adjusted prior year State revenue limit per ADA was inflated according to formulas based on the implicit price deflator for government goods and services and the statewide average State revenue limit per ADA for the school districts. Third, the current year's State revenue limit per ADA for each school district was multiplied by such school district's ADA for either the current or prior year, whichever is greater. Fourth, revenue limit add ons were calculated for each school district if such school district qualified for the add ons. Add ons included the necessary small school district adjustments, meals for needy pupils and small school district transportation, and were added to the State revenue limit for each qualifying school district. Finally, local property tax revenues were deducted from the State revenue limit to arrive at the amount of State aid based on the State revenue limit each school district was entitled to for the current year

Revenue Sources

Major revenue sources of the District's general fund are described below.

LCFF Sources. State funding under the LCFF consists of Base Grants and supplemental grants. For the 2014-15 fiscal year, the District received \$10,607,958 from LCFF sources, constituting approximately 81.2% of its general fund revenue and for 2015-16, the District received \$12,173,032 from LCFF sources, constituting 80.9% of its general fund revenue. For the 2016-17 fiscal year, the District has budgeted the receipt of \$12,815,332 from the LCFF constituting approximately 86.4% of its budgeted general fund revenue.

Other State Revenues. In addition to the LCFF, the District receives substantial other State revenues ("State Sources"). State Sources equaled approximately 6.8% of total general fund revenues in 2014-15, 11.5% of such revenues in 2015-16, and are budgeted to equal approximately 7.9% of such revenues in 2016-17.

Federal Revenues. The federal government provides funding for several District programs, including special education programs, programs under the Educational Consolidation and Improvement Act, and specialized programs such as Drug-Free Schools and No Child Left Behind. The federal revenues, most of which are restricted, equaled approximately 5.6% of total general fund revenues in 2014-15, approximately 4.7% of such revenues in 2015-16, and are budgeted to equal approximately 4.2% of such revenues in 2016-17.

Other Local Revenues. In addition to property taxes, the District receives additional local revenues. These other local revenues equaled approximately 6.3% of total general fund revenues in 2014-15, approximately 2.9% of such revenues in 2015-16, and are budgeted to equal approximately 1.4% of such revenues in 2016-17.

Developer Fees

The District maintains a fund, separate and apart from the general fund, to account for developer fees collected by the District. For fiscal years 2010-11, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, and 2015-16, the District received \$_____, \$_____, \$_____, \$_____, \$_____, and \$_____ in developer fees respectively. In 2016-17, residential development is assessed a fee of \$___ per square foot, and commercial development is assessed a fee of \$___ per square foot.

Budget Procedures

State Budgeting Requirements. The District is required by provisions of the State Education Code to maintain a balanced budget each year, in which the sum of expenditures and the ending fund balance cannot exceed the sum of revenues and the carry-over fund balance from the previous year. The State Department of Education imposes a uniform budgeting and accounting format for school districts. The budget process for school districts was substantially amended by Assembly Bill 1200 ("AB 1200"), which became State law on October 14, 1991. Portions of AB 1200 are summarized below.

School districts must adopt a budget on or before July 1 of each year. The budget must be submitted to the county superintendent within five days of adoption or by July 1, whichever occurs first. In 2014, Assembly Bill 2585 was enacted, which repealed provisions authorizing schools districts to use a dual budget adoption cycle. Instead, all school districts must be on a single budget cycle. The single budget is only readopted if it is disapproved by the county office of education, or as needed. The District is on a single budget cycle and adopts its budget on or before July 1.

The county superintendent will examine the adopted budget for compliance with the standards and criteria adopted by the State Board of Education and identify technical corrections necessary to bring the budget into compliance, will determine if the budget allows the district to meet its current obligations and will determine if the budget is consistent with a financial plan that will enable the district to meet its multi-year financial commitments. On or before August 15, the county superintendent will approve, conditionally approve or disapprove the adopted budget for each school district. Budgets will be disapproved if they fail the above standards. The district board must be notified by August 15 of the county superintendent's recommendations for revision and reasons for the recommendations. The county superintendent may assign a fiscal advisor or appoint a committee to examine and comment on the superintendent's recommendations. The committee must report its findings no later than August 20. Any recommendations made by the county superintendent must be made available by the district for public inspection. No later than August 20, the county superintendent must notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction of all school districts whose budget has been disapproved.

For districts whose budgets have been disapproved, the district must revise and readopt its budget by September 8, reflecting changes in projected income and expense since July 1, including responding to the county superintendent's recommendations. The county superintendent must determine if the budget conforms with the standards and criteria applicable to final district budgets and not later than October 8, will approve or disapprove the revised budgets. If the budget is disapproved, the county superintendent will call for the formation of a budget review committee pursuant to Education Code Section 42127.1. Until a district's budget is approved, the district will operate on the lesser of its proposed budget for the current fiscal year or the last budget adopted and reviewed for the prior fiscal year.

Interim Financial Reports. Under the provisions of AB 1200, each school district is required to file interim certifications with the county office of education as to its ability to meet its financial obligations for the remainder of the then-current fiscal year and, based on current forecasts, for the subsequent fiscal year. The county office of education reviews the certification and issues either a positive, negative or qualified certification. A positive certification is assigned to any school district that will meet its financial obligations for the current fiscal year and subsequent two fiscal years. A negative certification is assigned to any school district that will be unable to meet its financial obligations for the remainder of the current fiscal year or the subsequent fiscal year. A qualified certification is assigned to any school district that may not meet its financial obligations for the current fiscal year or the two subsequent fiscal years.

The District has filed positive certifications for each reporting period in the last five years.

General Fund Budget. The District's general fund adopted budgets for fiscal years 2012-13 through 2016-17, audited actuals for the fiscal years 2012-13 through 2015-16 and projected results for fiscal year 2016-17 based on the First Interim Report are set forth on the following page.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING
Fiscal Years 2012-13 through 2016-17
Willows Unified School District

	Adopted Budget 2012-13 ¹	Audited Actuals 2012-13 ¹	Adopted Budget 2013-14 ¹	Audited Actuals 2013-14 ¹	Adopted Budget 2014-15 ¹	Audited Actuals 2014-15 ¹	Adopted Budget 2015-16 ¹	Audited Actuals 2015-16 ¹	Adopted Budget 2016-17 ²	First Interim Report 2016-17 ²
REVENUES										
Revenue Limit/LCFF Sources	\$7,262,937	\$7,865,729	\$8,010,703	\$9,646,345	\$10,608,119	\$10,607,958	\$12,094,971	\$12,173,032	\$12,391,011	\$12,815,332
Federal	948,279	918,117	887,383	891,335	633,570	738,205	592,775	701,656	575,600	619,807
Other State	1,759,459	1,909,677	1,826,747	752,453	380,524	578,765	1,231,920	1,333,475	902,167	1,180,784
Other Local	367,202	450,706	379,271	596,091	364,338	827,195	439,135	443,748	157,404	208,958
Total Revenues	10,337,877	11,144,229	11,104,104	11,886,224	11,986,551	12,752,123	14,358,801	14,651,911	14,026,182	14,824,881
EXPENDITURES										
Certificated Salaries	5,381,594	5,446,652	5,604,220	5,718,667	5,834,109	6,283,039	6,514,340	6,485,122	6,702,315	6,676,270
Classified Salaries	1,307,835	1,292,042	1,297,652	1,337,890	1,431,840	1,543,905	1,612,005	1,568,619	1,580,615	1,625,222
Employee Benefits	1,799,807	1,740,322	1,843,162	1,680,248	1,937,824	1,908,320	2,385,537	2,062,496	2,430,234	2,456,879
Books and Supplies	349,089	347,053	422,507	494,690	361,692	727,633	461,978	650,949	496,886	922,180
Services, Other Operating Expenses	1,391,095	1,203,487	1,215,422	1,253,710	955,973	1,004,962	980,487	885,940	1,030,605	1,095,786
Capital Outlay	--	167,000	--	57,105	60,000	1,057,337	42,000	536,188	103,500	321,587
Other Outgo	843,107	809,834	850,116	797,151	986,480	1,025,866	1,133,686	1,074,915	1,337,180	1,483,306
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	(28,972)	--	(28,972)	(31,738)	(35,837)	(34,365)	(37,000)	(32,798)	(33,000)	(33,000)
Transfers of indirect costs	11,043,555	11,006,390	11,204,107	11,307,723	11,532,081	13,516,697	13,092,853	13,231,431	13,648,335	14,548,230
Total Expenditures	(705,678)	137,839	(100,003)	578,501	454,470	(764,574)	1,265,948	1,420,480	377,847	276,652
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OR REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Interfund Transfers in	560	--	560	--	1,018	--	--	--	--	--
Interfund transfers out	(53,568)	(38,226)	(74,938)	(134,168)	(74,647)	53,744	(96,956)	(22,105)	(104,600)	(104,600)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(53,008)	(38,226)	(74,378)	(134,168)	(73,629)	53,744	96,956	(22,105)	(104,600)	(104,600)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources	(758,686)	99,613	(174,381)	444,333	380,841	(710,830)	1,168,992	1,398,375	273,247	172,052
Fund Balance, July 1	3,643,829	3,643,829	4,391,089	4,391,089	4,831,737	4,835,422	4,124,592	4,124,592	5,522,967	5,522,967
Fund Balance, June 30	\$2,885,143	\$3,743,442	\$4,216,708	\$4,835,422	\$5,212,578	\$4,124,592	\$5,293,584	\$5,522,967	\$5,795,214	\$5,695,019

¹ From the audited financial statements of the District for the stated fiscal year.

² From the First Interim Report of the District for fiscal year 2016-17 approved by the Board on January 12, 2017.

Source: *The District*.

Comparative Financial Statements

The District's general fund finances the legally authorized activities of the District for which restricted funds are not provided. General fund revenues are derived from such sources as State school fund apportionments, taxes, use of money and property, and aid from other governmental agencies. Audited financial statements for the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and prior fiscal years are on file with the District and available for public inspection at the Office of the Superintendent of the District, 823 West Laurel Street, Willows, California 95010. See APPENDIX B hereto for the 2015-16 Audited Financial Statements of the District.

The following tables reflect the District's audited general fund revenues, expenditures and fund balances from fiscal year 2012-13 to fiscal year 2015-16:

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**WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances
for Fiscal Years 2012-13 through 2015-16**

	2012-13 Audit	2013-14 Audit	2014-15 Audit	2015-16 Audit
REVENUES				
Revenue Limit/LCFF Sources	\$7,865,729	\$9,646,345	\$10,607,958	\$12,173,032
Federal Revenues	918,117	891,335	738,205	701,656
Other State Revenues	2,220,116	1,036,967	884,951	1,735,963
Other Local Revenues	<u>450,706</u>	<u>596,091</u>	<u>827,195</u>	<u>443,748</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	11,454,668	12,170,738	13,058,309	15,054,399
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	6,244,547	6,490,120	7,307,740	7,493,289
Instruction Related Services				
Instruction supervision and administration	141,776	122,281	133,917	155,441
Instructional library, media and technology	54,176	55,418	118,732	131,412
School site administration	1,124,980	1,138,871	1,267,827	1,293,758
Pupil services				
Home to school transportation	331,807	168,894	179,833	195,167
Food services	--	--	--	--
All other pupil services	486,555	542,689	584,189	590,775
General administration				
Centralized data processing	73,797	85,151	63,255	89,533
All other general administration	989,670	941,603	874,227	728,883
Plant services	1,059,407	1,250,059	1,209,397	1,380,481
Ancillary services	280	--	--	--
Facilities acquisition and maintenance	--	--	1,057,900	500,265
Transfers to other agencies	805,551	761,453	983,317	1,032,414
Debt service				
Principal	3,840	4,054	5,000	5,000
Interest and other	<u>443</u>	<u>31,644</u>	<u>37,549</u>	<u>37,501</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,316,829	11,592,237	13,822,883	13,633,919
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	137,839	578,501	(764,574)	1,420,480
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In	--	--	53,744	--
Other sources	--	--	--	--
Operating Transfers Out	<u>(38,226)</u>	<u>(134,168)</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>(22,105)</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(38,226)	(134,168)	53,744	(22,105)
Net Change in Fund Balances	99,613	444,333	(710,830)	1,398,375
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,643,829	4,391,089	4,835,422	4,124,592
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$3,743,442	\$4,835,422	\$4,124,592	\$5,522,967

Source: The District.

Accounting Practices

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles in accordance with policies and procedures of the California School Accounting Manual. This manual, according to Section 41010 of the California Education Code, is to be followed by all California school districts. Revenues are recognized in the period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

State Budget Measures

The following information concerning the State's budgets has been obtained from publicly available information which the District believes to be reliable; however, the District does not guaranty the accuracy or completeness of this information and has not independently verified such information.

2016-17 State Budget. Governor Brown signed the State budget for fiscal year 2016-17 (the "2016-17 State Budget") on June 27, 2016. The 2016-17 State Budget includes general fund revenues and transfers of \$120 billion for fiscal year 2015-16, an increase of approximately \$5 billion over the 2015-16 State Budget. General fund expenditures for fiscal year 2015-16 under the 2016-17 State budget also increased approximately \$1 billion to \$115.5 billion. For the current budget year, general fund revenues and transfers total \$125 billion and expenditures reach \$122.5 billion under the 2016-17 State Budget. The Rainy Day Fund balance for 2015-16 remains generally unchanged from the 2015-16 State Budget with a balance of \$3.4 billion and for 2016-17, an additional \$2 billion deposit over the constitutionally required \$1.3 billion will bring the Rainy Day Fund balance to approximately \$6.7 billion at the close of 2016-17. Included in the 2016-17 State Budget are approximately \$20 billion in measures aimed at addressing issues of poverty including implementation of a State-wide minimum wage of \$10.50 per hour, a cost of living increase for Supplemental Social Security Income/State Supplementary Payments, a repeal of the CalWORKs maximum family grant rule and limitations on asset recovery from the estates of Medi-Cal recipients. The 2016-17 State Budget also includes \$3.6 billion for affordable housing and homelessness programs and \$2 billion for infrastructure improvements.

The 2016-17 State Budget includes total K-12 funding of approximately \$88.3 billion (\$51.6 billion general fund and \$36.7 billion other funds). Proposition 98 funding totals \$71.9 billion, an increase of \$3.5 billion over the 2015-16 State Budget and the Proposition 98 maintenance factor to repay past reductions in K-12 funding is reduced to \$9,08 million.

Significant features of the 2016-17 State Budget pertaining to K-12 education are as follows:

- LCFF — \$2.9 billion Proposition 98 funding to continue the implementation of the LCFF with the new funding aimed at Supplemental Grants and Concentration Grants. The increase will bring the total LCFF to 96% of full implementation.
- College Readiness Block Grant — \$200 million Proposition 98 funds for grants to school districts and charter schools that serve high school students to support access to higher education and transition to higher education. Funds will be allocated based on the number of students in grades 9 through 12 that are English-learners, low-income or foster youth.
- Integrated Teacher Preparation Grant Program — \$10 million Proposition 98 funds for the Integrated Teacher Preparation Grant Program, which provides competitive grants to colleges and universities to develop or improve teacher credential programs in connection with a bachelor's degree.

- Classified School Employees Credentialing Program — \$20 million Proposition 98 funds to establish the California Classified School Employees Credentialing Program and provide grants to K-12 local education agencies to support recruitment of non-certified school employees and prepares them to become certificated classroom teachers.
- California Center on Teacher Careers — \$5 million Proposition 98 funds to establish a multi-year competitive grant, which will be awarded to a local education agency to establish and operate the California Center on Teaching Careers. The California Center on Teaching Careers, once established, will recruit individuals to the teaching profession, host a referral database for teachers seeking employment, develop and distribute recruitment publications, conduct outreach activities to high school and college students, provide statewide public service announcements related to teacher recruitment, and provide prospective teachers information on credential requirements, financial aid and loan assistance programs.
- California Collaborative for Educational Excellence — \$24 million Proposition 98 funds for the California Collaborative for Educational Excellence to, among other things, support statewide professional development training relating to evaluation methods and metrics and implement a pilot program related to advising and assisting local education agencies on improving pupil outcomes.
- Charter School Startup Grants — \$20 million Proposition 98 funds to support operational startup costs for new charter schools in 2016 and 2017.
- Multi-Tiered Systems of Support — \$20 million Proposition 98 funds to build upon the \$10 million investment included in the 2015-16 State Budget for an increased number of local educational agencies to provide academic and behavioral supports in a coordinated and systematic way. Such funds to, among other things, assist local education agencies as they provide services that support academic, behavioral, social and emotional needs and improve outcomes for students.
- Safe Drinking Water in Schools — \$9.5 million Proposition 98 funds to create a grant program to improve access to safe drinking water for schools located in isolated areas and economically disadvantaged areas. The program will be developed and administered by the State Water Resources Control Board in consultation with the California Department of Education.
- Proposition 47 — \$18 million Proposition 98 funds allocated to a grant program for truancy and dropout prevention, consistent with Proposition 47.

Proposed 2017-18 State Budget. On January 10, 2017, Governor Brown released the proposed budget for the State for fiscal year 2017-18 (the “Proposed 2017-18 State Budget”) which reflects decreased revenues and lower wage growth from prior years’ budget expectations. \$3.2 billion in budget balancing proposals relative to the 2016-17 State Budget are included in the Proposed 2017-18 State Budget including a \$1.7 billion adjustment to the Prop 98 Guarantee, recapturing \$900 million of uncommitted one time funds and maintaining spending levels flat (for \$600 million in expenditure reductions). Under the Proposed 2017-18 State Budget, general fund revenues and transfers total \$125 billion with expenditures totaling \$122.5 billion and the Rainy Day Balance is proposed to reach \$7.8 billion in 2017-18.

With respect to K-12 education, total per pupil spending is projected to be \$14,822 in 2016-17 and \$15,216 in 2017-18. Due to the decreased revenue projections in the Proposed 2017-18 State Budget, the Proposition 98 minimum funding guarantee for 2016-17 is reduced by \$506 million to \$71.4 billion

and for 2017-18 is decreased by \$953 million to \$73.5 billion. LCFF funding under the Proposed 2017-18 State Budget is increased by \$744 million, an amount which is equal to a 1.48% COLA for each local education agency above its 2016-17 LCFF funding level, to \$73.5 billion. Full implementation of the LCFF remains at approximately 96% of full funding, the same as for 2016-17.

Significant provisions of the Proposed 2017-18 State Budget pertaining to K-12 education are as follows:

- One-Time LCFF Formula Cost Shift — Deferral of \$859.1 million in LCFF funding from June, 2017 to July, 2017.
- Shift One-Time Discretionary Funding — Deferral of \$310 million of one-time discretionary funding attributable to the 2015-16 fiscal year to 2016-17 as a result of the reduction to the Proposition 98 guarantee in 2015-16.
- Proposition 39 — \$422.9 million to support school district and charter school energy efficiency projects.
- Career Technical Education Funding — \$200 million for the Career Technical Education Incentive Grant Program, the final installment of a three-year program initiated in the 2014-15 State Budget.
- Charter School Growth — \$93 million Proposition 98 funds to support projected charter school ADA growth.
- County Offices of Education LCFF — \$2.4 million Proposition 98 funding to support a COLA and ADA changes for county offices of education.
- Local Property Tax Adjustments — A decrease of \$149.2 million Proposition 98 funding for school districts and county offices of education in 2016-17 as a result of higher offsetting property tax revenues. A decrease of \$922.7 million in Proposition 98 funding for school districts and county offices of education in 2017-18 as a result of increased offsetting local property tax revenues.

Litigation Regarding State Budgetary Provisions. On September 28, 2011, the California School Boards Association, the Association of California School Administrators, the Los Angeles Unified School District, the San Francisco Unified School District and the Turlock Unified School District filed a petition for a writ of mandate in the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of San Francisco (the “CSBA Petition”). The petitioners alleged that the fiscal year 2011-12 State budget improperly diverted sales tax revenues away from the State general fund, resulting in a reduction to the minimum funding guarantee of approximately \$2.1 billion. The CSBA Petition sought an order from the Court compelling the State Director of Finance, State Superintendent and the State Controller to recalculate the minimum funding guarantee in accordance with the provisions of the California Constitution. On May 31, 2012, the court denied the CSBA Petition, finding that Proposition 98 does not prohibit the State from assigning sales tax revenues to a special fund that previously were deposited into the State general fund. The Court also found that, upon doing so, the State was not required to rebench the minimum funding guarantee. On July 27, 2012, the petitioners filed a notice of appeal of the court’s decision. On March 1, 2013, the California State Court of Appeals, First District, determined that the lawsuit was made moot by the passage of Proposition 30 (See “CONSTITUTIONAL AND

STATUTORY PROVISIONS AFFECTING DISTRICT REVENUES- Proposition 30” below); the court did not rule on the merits of the case.

Future Actions. The State has in past years experienced budgetary difficulties and has balanced its budget by requiring local political subdivisions to fund certain costs theretofore borne by the State. No prediction can be made as to whether the State will take further measures which would, in turn, adversely affect the District. Further State actions taken to address its budgetary difficulties could have the effect of reducing District support indirectly, and the District is unable to predict the nature, extent or effect of such reductions.

The District cannot predict whether the State will encounter budgetary difficulties in the current or future fiscal years. The District also cannot predict the impact future State Budgets will have on District finances and operations or what actions the State Legislature and the Governor may take to respond to changing State revenues and expenditures. Current and future State Budgets will be affected by national and State economic conditions and other factors which the District cannot control.

California Drought Conditions. California is experiencing water shortfalls as a result of the driest conditions in recorded State history. On January 17, 2014, Governor Brown declared a State-wide Drought State of Emergency for California and directed State officials to take all necessary actions to prepare for water shortages. As part of his State of Emergency declaration, the Governor directed State officials to assist agricultural producers and communities that may be economically impacted by dry conditions. Following the Governor’s declaration, the California State Water Resources Control Board (the “Water Board”) issued a statewide notice of water shortages and potential future curtailment of water right diversions. On April 1, 2015, the Governor issued an executive order mandating certain conservation measures including a requirement that the Water Board impose restrictions to achieve a statewide 25% reduction in urban water usage through February 28, 2016. With emergency drought conditions persisting, on May 5, 2015, the State Water Resources Control Board adopted an emergency regulation requiring an immediate 25 percent reduction in overall potable urban water use statewide in accordance with the Governor’s April 1 Executive Order. These actions follow the release of water production figures for the month of March which registered only a slight increase from the amount of water saved in the prior month. The amount of water conserved in March 2015, as compared to March 2013 was 3.6 percent, up less than one percent from February’s results.

Most recently, on May 9, 2016, the Governor issued an executive order ordering the Department of Water Resources, the Water Board and the California Public Utilities Commission to update and extend temporary water restrictions through the end of January 2017, and to take actions to transition to permanent, long-term improvements in water use. Following the Governor’s executive order, on May 18, 2016, the Water Board adopted a localized “stress test” approach of water conservation, under which local urban water agencies are required to ensure a three-year supply of water assuming three years of drought conditions. Agencies that project a water shortage at the end of the three-year period under the stress test are required to implement conservation measures through January 2017 equal to the percentage of water shortage projected.

The District cannot make any representation regarding the effects that the current drought has had, or, if it should continue, may have on the value of taxable property within the District, or to what extent the drought could cause disruptions to agricultural production, reduce land values adversely impact other economic activity within the boundaries of the District.

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS AFFECTING DISTRICT REVENUES

Article XIII A of the California Constitution

Article XIII A of the State Constitution (“Article XIII A”) limits the amount of *ad valorem* taxes on real property to 1% of “full cash value” as determined by the County assessor. Article XIII A defines “full cash value” to mean “the county assessor’s valuation of real property as shown on the 1975-76 bill under ‘full cash value,’ or thereafter, the appraised value of real property when purchased, newly constructed or a change in ownership has occurred after the 1975 assessment,” subject to exemptions in certain circumstances of property transfer or reconstruction. Determined in this manner, the full cash value is also referred to as the “base year value.” The “full cash value” is subject to annual adjustment to reflect increases, not to exceed 2% for any year, or decreases in the consumer price index or comparable local data, or to reflect reductions in property value caused by damage, destruction or other factors.

Article XIII A has been amended to allow for temporary reductions of assessed value in instances where the fair market value of real property falls below the base year value. Proposition 8—approved by the voters in November of 1978—provides for the enrollment of the lesser of the base year value or the market value of real property, taking into account reductions in value due to damage, destruction, depreciation, obsolescence, removal of property, or other factors causing a similar decline. In these instances, the market value is required to be reviewed annually until the market value exceeds the base year value. Reductions in assessed value could result in a corresponding increase in the annual tax rate levied by the County to pay debt service on outstanding general obligation bonds of the District, including the Bonds. See “TAX BASE FOR REPAYMENT OF THE BONDS – Assessed Valuations” herein.

Article XIII A requires a vote of two-thirds of the qualified electorate of a city, county, special district or other public agency to impose special taxes, while totally precluding the imposition of any additional *ad valorem*, sales or transaction tax on real property. Article XIII A exempts from the 1% tax limitation any taxes above that level required to pay debt service (a) on any indebtedness approved by the voters prior to July 1, 1978, or (b) as the result of an amendment approved by State voters on June 3, 1986, on any bonded indebtedness approved by two-thirds or more of the votes cast by the voters for the acquisition or improvement of real property on or after July 1, 1978, or (c) bonded indebtedness incurred by a school district or community college district for the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or replacement of school facilities or the acquisition or lease of real property for school facilities, approved by 55% or more of the votes cast on the proposition, but only if certain accountability measures are included in the proposition. The tax for payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds falls within the exception described in (c) of the immediately preceding sentence. In addition, Article XIII A requires the approval of two-thirds or more of all members of the State Legislature to change any State taxes for the purpose of increasing tax revenues.

Legislation Implementing Article XIII A

Legislation has been enacted and amended a number of times since 1978 to implement Article XIII A. Under current law, local agencies are no longer permitted to levy directly any property tax (except to pay voter-approved indebtedness). The 1% property tax is automatically levied by the County and distributed according to a formula among taxing agencies. The formula apportions the tax roughly in proportion to the relative shares of taxes levied prior to 1979.

Increases of assessed valuation resulting from reappraisals of property due to new construction, change in ownership or from the annual adjustment not to exceed 2% are allocated among the various

jurisdictions in the “taxing area” based upon their respective “situs.” Any such allocation made to a local agency continues as part of its allocation in future years.

Beginning in fiscal year 1981-82, assessors in California no longer record property values on tax rolls at the assessed value of 25% of market value which was expressed as \$4 per \$100 of assessed value. All taxable property is now shown at 100% of assessed value on the tax rolls. Consequently, the tax rate is expressed as \$1 per \$100 of taxable value. All taxable property value included in this Official Statement is shown at 100% of taxable value (unless noted differently) and all tax rates reflect the \$1 per \$100 of taxable value.

Both the United States Supreme Court and the California State Supreme Court have upheld the general validity of Article XIII A.

Unitary Property

Some amount of property tax revenue of the District is derived from utility property which is considered part of a utility system with components located in many taxing jurisdictions (“unitary property”). Under the State Constitution, such property is assessed by the State Board of Equalization (“SBE”) as part of a “going concern” rather than as individual pieces of real or personal property. State-assessed unitary and certain other property is allocated to the County by SBE, taxed at special county-wide rates, and the tax revenues distributed to taxing jurisdictions (including the District) according to statutory formulae generally based on the distribution of taxes in the prior year.

The California electric utility industry has been undergoing significant changes in its structure and in the way in which components of the industry are regulated and owned. Sale of electric generation assets to largely unregulated, nonutility companies may affect how those assets are assessed, and which local agencies are to receive the property taxes. The District is unable to predict the impact of these changes on its utility property tax revenues, or whether legislation may be proposed or adopted in response to industry restructuring, or whether any future litigation may affect ownership of utility assets or the State’s methods of assessing utility property and the allocation of assessed value to local taxing agencies, including the District. Because the District is not a basic aid district, taxes lost through any reduction in assessed valuation will be compensated by the State as equalization aid under the State’s school financing formula. See “DISTRICT FINANCIAL INFORMATION – State Funding of Education” herein.

Article XIII B of the California Constitution

Article XIII B of the State Constitution (“Article XIII B”), as subsequently amended by Propositions 98 and 111, respectively, limits the annual appropriations of the State and of any city, county, school district, authority or other political subdivision of the State to the level of appropriations of the particular governmental entity for the prior fiscal year, as adjusted for changes in the cost of living and in population and for transfers in the financial responsibility for providing services and for certain declared emergencies. As amended, Article XIII B defines

(a) “change in the cost of living” with respect to school districts to mean the percentage change in California per capita income from the preceding year, and

(b) “change in population” with respect to a school district to mean the percentage change in the average daily attendance of the school district from the preceding fiscal year.

For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1990, the appropriations limit of each entity of government shall be the appropriations limit for the 1986-87 fiscal year adjusted for the changes made from that fiscal year pursuant to the provisions of Article XIII B, as amended.

The appropriations of an entity of local government subject to Article XIII B limitations include the proceeds of taxes levied by or for that entity and the proceeds of certain state subventions to that entity. "Proceeds of taxes" include, but are not limited to, all tax revenues and the proceeds to the entity from (a) regulatory licenses, user charges and user fees (but only to the extent that these proceeds exceed the reasonable costs in providing the regulation, product or service), and (b) the investment of tax revenues.

Appropriations subject to limitation do not include (a) refunds of taxes, (b) appropriations for certain debt service, (c) appropriations required to comply with certain mandates of the courts or the federal government, (d) appropriations of certain special districts, (e) appropriations for all qualified capital outlay projects as defined by the Legislature, (f) appropriations derived from certain fuel and vehicle taxes and (g) appropriations derived from certain taxes on tobacco products.

Article XIII B includes a requirement that all revenues received by an entity of government other than the State in a fiscal year and in the fiscal year immediately following it in excess of the amount permitted to be appropriated during that fiscal year and the fiscal year immediately following it shall be returned by a revision of tax rates or fee schedules within the next two subsequent fiscal years.

Article XIII B also includes a requirement that 50% of all revenues received by the State in a fiscal year and in the fiscal year immediately following it in excess of the amount permitted to be appropriated during that fiscal year and the fiscal year immediately following it shall be transferred and allocated to the State School Fund pursuant to Section 8.5 of Article XVI of the State Constitution. See "-Proposition 98" and "-Proposition 111" below.

Article XIII C and Article XIII D of the California Constitution

On November 5, 1996, the voters of the State of California approved Proposition 218, popularly known as the "Right to Vote on Taxes Act." Proposition 218 added to the California Constitution Articles XIII C and XIII D (respectively, "Article XIII C" and "Article XIII D"), which contain a number of provisions affecting the ability of local agencies, including school districts, to levy and collect both existing and future taxes, assessments, fees and charges.

According to the "Title and Summary" of Proposition 218 prepared by the California Attorney General, Proposition 218 limits "the authority of local governments to impose taxes and property-related assessments, fees and charges." Among other things, Article XIII C establishes that every tax is either a "general tax" (imposed for general governmental purposes) or a "special tax" (imposed for specific purposes), prohibits special purpose government agencies such as school college districts from levying general taxes, and prohibits any local agency from imposing, extending or increasing any special tax beyond its maximum authorized rate without a two-thirds vote; and also provides that the initiative power will not be limited in matters of reducing or repealing local taxes, assessments, fees and charges. Article XIII C further provides that no tax may be assessed on property other than *ad valorem* property taxes imposed in accordance with Articles XIII and XIII A of the California Constitution and special taxes approved by a two-thirds vote under Article XIII A, Section 4. Article XIII D deals with assessments and property-related fees and charges, and explicitly provides that nothing in Article XIII C or XIII D will be construed to affect existing laws relating to the imposition of fees or charges as a condition of property development.

The District does not impose any taxes, assessments, or property-related fees or charges which are subject to the provisions of Proposition 218. It does, however, receive a portion of the basic one 1% *ad valorem* property tax levied and collected by the County pursuant to Article XIII A of the California Constitution. The provisions of Proposition 218 may have an indirect effect on the District, such as by limiting or reducing the revenues otherwise available to other local governments whose boundaries encompass property located within the District thereby causing such local governments to reduce service levels and possibly adversely affecting the value of property within the District.

Proposition 26

On November 2, 2010, voters in the State approved Proposition 26. Proposition 26 amends Article XIII C of the State Constitution to expand the definition of “tax” to include “any levy, charge, or exaction of any kind imposed by a local government” except the following: (1) a charge imposed for a specific benefit conferred or privilege granted directly to the payor that is not provided to those not charged, and which does not exceed the reasonable costs to the local government of conferring the benefit or granting the privilege; (2) a charge imposed for a specific government service or product provided directly to the payor that is not provided to those not charged, and which does not exceed the reasonable costs to the local government of providing the service or product; (3) a charge imposed for the reasonable regulatory costs to a local government for issuing licenses and permits, performing investigations, inspections, and audits, enforcing agricultural marketing orders, and the administrative enforcement and adjudication thereof; (4) a charge imposed for entrance to or use of local government property, or the purchase, rental, or lease of local government property; (5) a fine, penalty, or other monetary charge imposed by the judicial branch of government or a local government, as a result of a violation of law; (6) a charge imposed as a condition of property development; and (7) assessments and property-related fees imposed in accordance with the provisions of Article XIII D. Proposition 26 provides that the local government bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that a levy, charge, or other exaction is not a tax, that the amount is no more than necessary to cover the reasonable costs of the governmental activity, and that the manner in which those costs are allocated to a payor bear a fair or reasonable relationship to the payor’s burdens on, or benefits received from, the governmental activity

Proposition 98

On November 8, 1988, California voters approved Proposition 98, a combined initiative constitutional amendment and statute called the “Classroom Instructional Improvement and Accountability Act” (the “Accountability Act”). Certain provisions of the Accountability Act, have, however, been modified by Proposition 111, discussed below, the provisions of which became effective on July 1, 1990. The Accountability Act changes State funding of public education below the university level and the operation of the State’s appropriations limit. The Accountability Act guarantees State funding for K-12 school districts and community college districts (hereinafter referred to collectively as “K-14 school districts”) at a level equal to the greater of (a) the same percentage of the State general fund revenues as the percentage appropriated to such districts in 1986-87, or (b) the amount actually appropriated to such districts from the State general fund in the previous fiscal year, adjusted for increases in enrollment and changes in the cost of living. The Accountability Act permits the Legislature to suspend this formula for a one-year period.

The Accountability Act also changes how tax revenues in excess of the State appropriations limit are distributed. Any excess State tax revenues up to a specified amount would, instead of being returned to taxpayers, be transferred to K-14 school districts. Any such transfer to K-14 school districts would be excluded from the appropriations limit for K-14 school districts and the K-14 school district appropriations limit for the next year would automatically be increased by the amount of such transfer. These additional moneys would enter the base funding calculation for K-14 school districts for

subsequent years, creating further pressure on other portions of the State budget, particularly if revenues decline in a year following an Article XIII B surplus. The maximum amount of excess tax revenues which could be transferred to K-14 school districts is 4% of the minimum State spending for education mandated by the Accountability Act.

Since the Accountability Act is unclear in some details, there can be no assurances that the Legislature or a court might not interpret the Accountability Act to require a different percentage of State general fund revenues to be allocated to K-14 school districts, or to apply the relevant percentage to the State's budgets in a different way than is proposed in the Governor's Budget.

Proposition 111

On June 5, 1990, the voters of California approved the Traffic Congestion Relief and Spending Limitation Act of 1990 ("Proposition 111"), which modified the State Constitution to alter the Article XIII B spending limit and the education funding provisions of Proposition 98. Proposition 111 took effect on July 1, 1990.

The most significant provisions of Proposition 111 are summarized as follows:

- a. Annual Adjustments to Spending Limit. The annual adjustments to the Article XIII B spending limit were liberalized to be more closely linked to the rate of economic growth. Instead of being tied to the Consumer Price Index, the "change in the cost of living" is now measured by the change in California per capita personal income. The definition of "change in population" specifies that a portion of the State's spending limit is to be adjusted to reflect changes in school attendance.
- b. Treatment of Excess Tax Revenues. "Excess" tax revenues with respect to Article XIII B are now determined based on a two-year cycle, so that the State can avoid having to return to taxpayers excess tax revenues in one year if its appropriations in the next fiscal year are under its limit. In addition, the Proposition 98 provision regarding excess tax revenues was modified. After any two-year period, if there are excess State tax revenues, 50% of the excess is to be transferred to K-14 school districts with the balance returned to taxpayers; under prior law, 100% of excess State tax revenues went to K-14 school districts, but only up to a maximum of 4% of the schools' minimum funding level. Also, reversing prior law, any excess State tax revenues transferred to K-14 school districts are not built into the school districts' base expenditures for calculating their entitlement for State aid in the next year, and the State's appropriations limit is not to be increased by this amount.
- c. Exclusions from Spending Limit. Two exceptions were added to the calculation of appropriations which are subject to the Article XIII B spending limit. First, there are excluded all appropriations for "qualified capital outlay projects" as defined by the Legislature. Second, there are excluded any increases in gasoline taxes above 1990 levels (then nine cents per gallon), sales and use taxes on such increment in gasoline taxes, and increases in receipts from vehicle weight fees above the levels in effect on January 1, 1990. These latter provisions were necessary to make effective the transportation funding package approved by the Legislature and the Governor, which expected to raise over \$15 billion in additional taxes from 1990 through 2000 to fund transportation programs.

- d. Recalculation of Appropriations Limit. The Article XIII B appropriations limit for each unit of government, including the State, is to be recalculated beginning in fiscal year 1990-91. It is based on the actual limit for fiscal year 1986-87, adjusted forward to 1990-91 as if Proposition 111 had been in effect.
- e. School Funding Guarantee. There is a complex adjustment in the formula enacted in Proposition 98 which guarantees K-14 school districts a certain amount of State general fund revenues. Under prior law, K-14 school districts were guaranteed the greater of (1) 40.9% of State general fund revenues (the “first test”) or (2) the amount appropriated in the prior year adjusted for changes in the cost of living (measured as in Article XIII B by reference to per capita personal income) and enrollment (the “second test”). Under Proposition 111, schools will receive the greater of (1) the first test, (2) the second test, or (3) a third test, which will replace the second test in any year when growth in per capita State general fund revenues from the prior year is less than the annual growth in California per capita personal income. Under the third test, schools will receive the amount appropriated in the prior year adjusted for change in enrollment and per capita State general fund revenues, plus an additional small adjustment factor. If the third test is used in any year, the difference between the third test and the second test will become a “credit” to schools which will be paid in future years when State general fund revenue growth exceeds personal income growth.

Proposition 39

On November 7, 2000, California voters approved an amendment (commonly known as Proposition 39) to the California Constitution. This amendment (1) allows school facilities bond measures to be approved by 55% (rather than two-thirds) of the voters in local elections and permits property taxes to exceed the current 1% limit in order to repay the bonds and (2) changes existing statutory law regarding charter school facilities. As adopted, the constitutional amendment may be changed only with another Statewide vote of the people. The statutory provisions could be changed by a majority vote of both houses of the Legislature and approval by the Governor, but only to further the purposes of the proposition. The local school jurisdictions affected by this proposition are K-12 school districts, including the District, community college districts, and county offices of education. As noted above, the California Constitution previously limited property taxes to 1% of the value of property, and property taxes could only exceed this limit to pay for (1) any local government debts approved by the voters prior to July 1, 1978 or (2) bonds to buy or improve real property that receive two-thirds voter approval after July 1, 1978.

The 55% vote requirement applies only if the local bond measure presented to the voters includes: (1) a requirement that the bond funds can be used only for construction, rehabilitation, equipping of school facilities, or the acquisition or lease of real property for school facilities; (2) a specific list of school projects to be funded and certification that the school board has evaluated safety, class size reduction, and information technology needs in developing the list; and (3) a requirement that the school board conduct annual, independent financial and performance audits until all bond funds have been spent to ensure that the bond funds have been used only for the projects listed in the measure. Legislation approved in June 2000 placed certain limitations on local school bonds to be approved by 55% of the voters. These provisions require that the tax rate per \$100,000 of taxable property value projected to be levied as the result of any single election be no more than \$60 (for a unified school district), \$30 (for a high school or elementary school district), or \$25 (for a community college district), when assessed valuation is projected to increase in accordance with Article XIII A of the Constitution. These requirements are not part of Proposition 39 and can be changed with a majority vote of both houses of the Legislature and approval by the Governor.

Jarvis v. Connell

On May 29, 2002, the California Court of Appeal for the Second District decided the case of *Howard Jarvis Taxpayers Association, et al. v. Kathleen Connell* (as Controller of the State of California (the “Controller”)). The Court of Appeal held that either a final budget bill, an emergency appropriation, a self-executing authorization pursuant to state statutes (such as continuing appropriations) or the California Constitution or a federal mandate is necessary for the Controller to disburse funds. The foregoing requirement could apply to amounts budgeted by the District as being received from the State. To the extent the holding in such case would apply to State payments reflected in the District’s budget, the requirement that there be either a final budget bill or an emergency appropriation may result in the delay of such payments to the District if such required legislative action is delayed, unless the payments are self-executing authorizations or are subject to a federal mandate. On May 1, 2003, the California Supreme Court upheld the holding of the Court of Appeal, stating that the Controller is not authorized under State law to disburse funds prior to the enactment of a budget or other proper appropriation, but under federal law, the Controller is required, notwithstanding a budget impasse and the limitations imposed by State law, to timely pay those State employees who are subject to the minimum wage and overtime compensation provisions of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act.

Proposition 1A and Proposition 22

On November 2, 2004, California voters approved Proposition 1A, which amends the State constitution to significantly reduce the State’s authority over major local government revenue sources. Under Proposition 1A, the State cannot (i) reduce local sales tax rates or alter the method of allocating the revenue generated by such taxes, (ii) shift property taxes from local governments to schools or community colleges, (iii) change how property tax revenues are shared among local governments without two-third approval of both houses of the State Legislature or (iv) decrease Vehicle License Fee revenues without providing local governments with equal replacement funding. Proposition 1A does allow the State to approve voluntary exchanges of local sales tax and property tax revenues among local governments within a county. Proposition 1A also amends the State Constitution to require the State to suspend certain State laws creating mandates in any year that the State does not fully reimburse local governments for their costs to comply with the mandates. This provision does not apply to mandates relating to schools or community colleges or to those mandates relating to employee rights.

Proposition 22, The Local Taxpayer, Public Safety, and Transportation Protection Act, approved by the voters of the State on November 2, 2010, prohibits the State from enacting new laws that require redevelopment agencies to shift funds to schools or other agencies and eliminates the State’s authority to shift property taxes temporarily during a severe financial hardship of the State. In addition, Proposition 22 restricts the State’s authority to use State fuel tax revenues to pay debt service on state transportation bonds, to borrow or change the distribution of state fuel tax revenues, and to use vehicle license fee revenues to reimburse local governments for state mandated costs. Proposition 22 impacts resources in the State’s general fund and transportation funds, the State’s main funding source for schools and community colleges, as well as universities, prisons and health and social services programs. According to an analysis of Proposition 22 submitted by the Legislative Analyst’s Office (the “LAO”) on July 15, 2010, the expected reduction in resources available for the State to spend on these other programs as a consequence of the passage of Proposition 22 was expected to be approximately \$1 billion in fiscal year 2010-11, with an estimated immediate fiscal effect equal to approximately 1% of the State’s total general fund spending. The longer-term effect of Proposition 22, according to the LAO analysis, will be an increase in the State’s general fund costs by approximately \$1 billion annually for several decades.

On December 30, 2011, the California Supreme Court issued its decision in the case of *California Redevelopment Association v. Matosantos*, finding ABx1 26, a trailer bill to the 2011-12 State budget, to

be constitutional. As a result, all redevelopment agencies in California were dissolved as of February 1, 2012, and all net tax increment revenues, after payment of redevelopment bonds debt service and administrative costs, will be distributed to cities, counties, special districts and school districts. The Court also found that ABx1 27, a companion bill to ABx1 26, violated the California Constitution, as amended by Proposition 22. ABx1 27 would have permitted redevelopment agencies to continue operations provided their establishing cities or counties agreed to make specified payments to school districts and county offices of education, totaling \$1.7 billion statewide. ABx1 26 was modified by Assembly Bill No. 1484 (Chapter 26, Statutes of 2011-12), which, together with ABx1 26, is referred to herein as the “Dissolution Act.” The Dissolution Act provides that all rights, powers, duties and obligations of a redevelopment agency that have not been repealed, restricted or revised pursuant to ABx1 26 will be vested in a successor agency, generally the county or city that authorized the creation of the redevelopment agency (each, a “Successor Agency”). All property tax revenues that would have been allocated to such redevelopment agency will be allocated to the Successor Agency, to be used for the payment of pass-through payments to local taxing entities and to any other “enforceable obligations” (as defined in the Dissolution Act), as well to pay certain administrative costs. The Dissolution Act defines “enforceable obligations” to include bonds, loans, legally requirement payments, judgments or settlements, legal binding and enforceable obligations, and certain other obligations. Tax revenues in excess of such amounts, if any, will be distributed to local taxing entities in the same proportions as other tax revenues.

The District can make no representations as to the extent to which its revenue limit apportionments may be offset by the future receipt of pass through tax increment revenues, or any other surplus property tax revenues pursuant to the Dissolution Act.

Proposition 30

On November 6, 2012, voters approved the Temporary Taxes to Fund Education, Guaranteed Local Public Safety Funding, Initiative Constitutional Amendment (also known as “Proposition 30”), which temporarily increases the State Sales and Use Tax and personal income tax rates on higher incomes. Proposition 30 temporarily imposes an additional tax on all retailers, at the rate of 0.25% of gross receipts from the sale of all tangible personal property sold in the State from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017. Proposition 30 also imposes an additional excise tax on the storage, use, or other consumption in the State of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer on and after January 1, 2013 and before January 1, 2017, for storage, use, or other consumption in the State. This excise tax will be levied at a rate of 0.25% of the sales price of the property so purchased. For personal income taxes imposed beginning in the taxable year commencing January 1, 2012 and ending January 1, 2019. Proposition 30 increases the marginal personal income tax rate by: (i) 1% for taxable income over \$250,000 but less than \$300,000 for single filers (over \$500,000 but less than \$600,001 for joint filers and over \$340,000 but less than \$408,001 for head-of-household filers), (ii) 2% for taxable income over \$300,000 but less than \$500,001 for single filers (over \$600,000 but less than \$1,000,001 for joint filers and over \$408,000 but less than \$680,001 for head-of-household filers), and (iii) 3% for taxable income over \$500,000 for single filers (over \$1,000,000 for joint filers and over \$680,000 for head-of-household filers).

The revenues generated from the temporary tax increases will be included in the calculation of the Proposition 98 minimum funding guarantee for school districts and community college districts. See “CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS AFFECTING DISTRICT REVENUES – Proposition 98” and “—Proposition 111” herein. From an accounting perspective, the revenues generated from the temporary tax increases are deposited into the State account created pursuant to Proposition 30 called the Education Protection Account (the “EPA”). Pursuant to Proposition 30, funds in the EPA are allocated quarterly, with 89% of such funds provided to schools districts and 11% provided to community

college districts. The funds are distributed to school districts and community college districts in the same manner as existing unrestricted per-student funding, except that no school district will receive less than \$200 per unit of ADA and no community college district will receive less than \$100 per full time equivalent student. The governing board of each school district and community college district is granted sole authority to determine how the moneys received from the EPA are spent, provided that, the appropriate governing board is required to make these spending determinations in open session at a public meeting and such local governing boards are prohibited from using any funds from the EPA for salaries or benefits of administrators or any other administrative costs.

Proposition 55

Based on the semi-official election results from the November 8, 2016 general election, the voters in the State approved the Tax Extension of Education and Healthcare Initiative (“Proposition 55”) which extends the increase in personal income tax on high-income taxpayers imposed under Proposition 30 until 2030. Proposition 55 does not extend the sales tax increase imposed under Proposition 30 which will expire in 2016.

Proposition 2

Proposition 2, a legislatively referred Constitutional amendment approved by the voters in November, 2014 (“Proposition 2”), changed the way in which the State pays off existing debts, funds its reserves and draws from those reserves in times of economic slowdowns, as well as requires that reserves be set aside for schools and community colleges under certain circumstances. In addition, as a result of the passage of Proposition 2, new rules for school district reserves were implemented.

Under Proposition 2, the State is required annually to deposit 1.5% of general fund revenues into the Budget Stabilization Account (“BSA”). From fiscal year 2015-16 through 2029-30, under Proposition 2, one half of the amount required to be deposited to the BSA must be applied to the payment of debts for pension and retiree benefits and specified debts to local governments and certain other State accounts. In years when capital gains tax revenues exceed 8% of general fund revenues, a portion of such excess capital gains tax revenue is also required to be applied to the pay down of State debt. Deposits to the BSA are required until the amount on hand in the BSA reaches 10% of general fund revenues. Once the maximum has been reached, the required deposit amount may be applied to other expenditures.

In the event the Governor were to declare a budget emergency, Proposition 2 would permit a smaller deposit to the BSA. A budget emergency may be called if there is a natural disaster such as an earthquake or flood or general fund revenues reach a certain minimum level. Withdrawals from the BSA, under Proposition 2, are permitted upon a majority vote of the legislature only when the Governor has declared a budget emergency. If a budget emergency is called for two straight years in a row, in the second budget emergency year, the entire amount on hand might be withdrawn.

Public School System Stabilization Account. In the event capital gains tax revenues collected by the State in any given fiscal year exceed 8% of general fund revenues, a portion of such excess is required to be deposited into the newly established under Proposition 2 Public School System Stabilization Account (the “PSSSA”) which serves as a reserve account for school funding in years when the State budget is smaller.

SB 858. Senate Bill 858 (“SB 858”) became effective upon the passage of Proposition 2. SB 858 includes provisions which could limit the amount of reserves that may be maintained by a school district in certain circumstances. Under SB 858, in any fiscal year immediately following a fiscal year in which the State has made a transfer into the PSSSA, any adopted or revised budget by a school district would

need to contain a combined unassigned and assigned ending fund balance that (a) for school districts with an A.D.A. of less than 400,000, is not more than two times the amount of the reserve for economic uncertainties mandated by the Education Code, or (b) for school districts with an ADA that is more than 400,000, is not more than three times the amount of the reserve for economic uncertainties mandated by the Education Code. In certain cases, the county superintendent of schools may grant a school district a waiver from this limitation on reserves for up to two consecutive years within a three-year period if there are certain extraordinary fiscal circumstances.

The District, which has an A.D.A. of less than 400,000, is required to maintain a reserve for economic uncertainty in an amount equal to 3% of its general fund expenditures and other financing uses. The Bonds are payable from *ad valorem* taxes to be levied within the District pursuant to the California Constitution and other State law. Accordingly, the District does not expect SB 858 to adversely affect its ability to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds as and when due.

Future Initiatives

Article XIII A, Article XIII B, Article XIII C and Article XIII D of the California Constitution and Propositions 26, 98 and 111 were each adopted as measures that qualified for the ballot pursuant to the State's initiative process. From time to time other initiative measures could be adopted further affecting District revenues or the District's ability to expend revenues. The nature and impact of these measures cannot be anticipated by the District.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Introduction

The District, a school district of the State of California (the "State"), was created in 1966, from the unification of five distinct school districts. The District is located in the south central portion of Glenn County approximately 85 miles north of the City of Sacramento. The District is comprised primarily of the City of Willows and unincorporated areas of the County. The District operates four schools including one elementary school, one middle school, one high school and one community high school providing alternative education services. The District's estimated ADA for fiscal year 2016-17 is _____ students and the District has a 2016-17 total assessed valuation of \$316,386,109. The District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are attached hereto as APPENDIX B.

Unless otherwise indicated, the following financial, statistical and demographic data has been provided by the District. Additional information concerning the District and copies of the most recent and subsequent audited financial reports of the District may be obtained by contacting: Willows Unified School District, 823 West Laurel Street, Willows, California 95010, Attention: Superintendent.

Administration

The District is governed by a five-member Board of Education, each member of which is elected to a four-year term. Elections for positions to the Board are held every two years, alternating between two and three available positions. Current members of the Board, together with their offices and the date each member’s term expires, are listed below:

**BOARD OF EDUCATION
Willows Unified School District**

<u>Board Member</u>	<u>Office</u>	<u>Term Expires (December)</u>
Alex Parisio	President	2018
Gina Taylor	Vice President	2018
James Ward	Clerk	2020
Jeromy Geiger	Member	2020
Michelle Knight	Member	2018

The Superintendent of the District is responsible for administering the day-to-day affairs of the District in accordance with the policies of the Board. A brief biography of the Superintendent follows:

Mort Geivett, Ed.D., Superintendent. Dr. Geivett has served as the Superintendent of the District since ____, 20___. Prior to the District, Superintendent Geivett served as the _____ of _____ School District. Superintendent Geivett has __ years of education experience, having previously held the positions of _____. He earned a _____ degree in _____ from _____ University and a Doctorate in Education from _____ University.

Student Teacher Ratios

On average throughout the District, the pupil to teacher ratio is approximately __:1 in grades K-3, __:1 in grades 4-8 and __:1 in grades 9-12.

Labor Relations

The District employs approximately ___ full-time equivalent (“FTE”) certificated employees, approximately __ FTE classified employees and approximately __ management, supervisory and confidential FTE employees.

The certificated employees have assigned the Willows Unified Teachers Association (“WUTA”) as their exclusive bargaining agent and the contract between the District and SEA expires on June 30, 2017.

The classified employees of the District have assigned the California School Employees Association Willows Chapter #119 (“CSEA”) as their exclusive bargaining agent. The contract between the District and CSEA expires on June 30, 2017.

District Retirement Systems

The information set forth below regarding the District’s retirement programs, other than the information provided by the District regarding its annual contributions thereto, has been obtained from

publicly available sources which are believed to be reliable but are not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness, and should not to be construed as a representation by either the District or the Underwriter.

STRS. All full-time certificated employees, as well as certain classified employees, are members of the State Teachers’ Retirement System (“STRS”). STRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers’ Retirement Law. The District is currently required by such statutes to contribute 12.58% of eligible salary expenditures, while participants contribute 8% of their respective salaries. The State also contributes to STRS, currently in an amount equal to 6.30% of teacher payroll. The State’s contribution reflects a base contribution of 2.017% and a supplemental contribution that will vary from year-to-year based on statutory criteria.

As part of the 2014-15 State Budget, the Governor signed Assembly Bill 1469 (“AB 1469”) which implemented a new funding strategy for STRS, increasing the employer contribution rate in fiscal year 2014-15 from 8.25% to 8.88% of covered payroll. Such rate increased by 1.85% in fiscal year 2015-16 and will continue to increase annually until the employer contribution rate is 19.10% of covered payroll as further described below. Teacher contributions will also increase from 8.00% to a total of 10.25% of pay, phased in over the three year period from 2014-15 through 2017-18. The State’s total contribution will also increase from approximately 3% in fiscal year 2013-14 to 6.30% of payroll in fiscal year 2016-17, plus the continued payment of 2.5% of payroll annually for a supplemental inflation protection program for a total of 8.80%. In addition, AB 1469 provides the State Teachers Retirement Board with authority to modify the percentages paid by employers and employees for fiscal year 2021-22 and each fiscal year thereafter to eliminate the STRS unfunded liability by June 30, 2046. The State Teachers Retirement Board would also have authority to reduce employer and State contributions if they are no longer necessary.

Pursuant to A.B. 1469, school district’s contribution rates will increase over a seven year phase in period in accordance with the following schedule:

Effective Date (July 1)	School District Contribution Rate
2014	8.88%
2015	10.73
2016	12.58
2017	14.43
2018	16.28
2019	18.13
2020	19.10

The District contributed \$_____ to STRS for fiscal year 2012-13, \$_____ for fiscal year 2013-14, \$_____ for fiscal year 2014-15, and \$_____ for fiscal year 2015-16. Such contributions were equal to 100% of the required contributions for the respective years. The District has budgeted a contribution of \$_____ for 2016-17. With the implementation of AB 1469, the District anticipates that its contributions to STRS will increase in future fiscal years as compared to prior fiscal years. The District, nonetheless, is unable to predict all factors or any changes in law that could affect its required contributions to STRS in future fiscal years.

PERS. Classified employees working four or more hours per day are members of the Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS"). PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the State statutes, as legislatively amended, with the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. The District is currently required to contribute to PERS at an actuarially determined rate, which is 13.888% of eligible salary expenditures for fiscal year 2016-17, while participants enrolled in PERS prior to January 1, 2013 contribute 7% of their respective salaries and participants enrolled in PERS subsequent to January 1, 2013 contribute 6% of their respective salaries..

Effective July 1, 2014, the Board of Administration of PERS adopted new contribution rates for school districts. The new contribution rates resulted in large part from new demographic assumptions adopted by the Board of Administration in February 2014 which took into account longer life spans of public employees from previous assumptions. Such demographic assumptions are expected to increase costs for the State and public agency employers (including school districts), which costs will be amortized over 20 years and phased in over three years beginning in fiscal year 2014-15 for the State and amortized over 20 years and phased in over five years beginning in fiscal year 2016-17 for the employers. PERS estimates that the new demographic assumptions could cost public agency employers up to 5% of payroll for miscellaneous employees at the end of the five year phase in period. To the extent, however, that future experiences differ from PERS' current assumptions, the required employer contributions may vary.

The District contributed \$_____ to PERS for fiscal year 2012-13, \$_____ for fiscal year 2013-14, \$_____ for fiscal year 2014-15, and \$_____ for fiscal year 2015-16, which amounts equaled 100% of required contributions to PERS. The District has budgeted a contribution of \$_____ for fiscal year 2016-17.

State Pension Trusts. Each of STRS and PERS issues a separate comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. Copies of such financial reports may be obtained from each of STRS and PERS as follows: (i) STRS, P.O. Box 15275, Sacramento, California 95851-0275; (ii) PERS, P.O. Box 942703, Sacramento, California 94229-2703. Moreover, each of STRS and PERS maintains a website, as follows: (i) STRS: www.calstrs.com; (ii) PERS: www.calpers.ca.gov. However, the information presented in such financial reports or on such websites is not incorporated into this Official Statement by any reference.

Both STRS and PERS have substantial statewide unfunded liabilities. The amount of these unfunded liabilities will vary depending on actuarial assumptions, returns on investments, salary scales and participant contributions. The following table summarizes information regarding the actuarially-determined accrued liability for PERS and STRS as of July 1, 2015.

FUNDED STATUS
STRS (DEFINED BENEFIT PROGRAM) and PERS
Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2015
(Dollar Amounts in Millions)⁽¹⁾

<u>Plan</u>	<u>Accrued Liability</u>	<u>Value of Trust Assets</u>	<u>Unfunded Liability</u>
Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERS) ⁽²⁾	\$73,325	\$56,814	\$(16,511)
State Teachers' Retirement Fund Defined Benefit Program (STRS)	241,753	165,553	(76,200)

⁽¹⁾ Amounts may not add due to rounding.

⁽²⁾ On April 19, 2016, the PERS Finance and Administration Committee released certain actuarial information to be incorporated into its June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation expected to be released during summer 2016.

Source: PERS State & Schools Actuarial Valuation; STRS Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation.

Unlike PERS, STRS contribution rates for participant employers, employees hired prior to the Implementation Date (defined herein) and the State are set by statute and do not currently vary from year-to-year based on actuarial valuations. As a result of the Reform Act (defined below), the contribution rate for STRS participants hired after the Implementation Date will vary from year-to-year based on actuarial valuations. See “—California Public Employees’ Pension Reform Act of 2013” below. In recent years, the combined employer, employee and State contributions to STRS have been significantly less than actuarially required amounts. As a result, and due in part to investment losses, the unfunded liability of STRS has increased significantly. AB 1469 is intended to address this unfunded liability. The District can make no representations regarding the future program liabilities of STRS, or whether the District will be required to make larger contributions to STRS in the future. The District can also provide no assurances that the District’s required contributions to PERS will not increase in the future.

California Public Employees’ Pension Reform Act of 2013. On September 12, 2012, the Governor signed into law the California Public Employee’s Pension Reform Act of 2013 (the “Reform Act”), which makes changes to both STRS and PERS, most substantially affecting new employees hired after January 1, 2013 (the “Implementation Date”). For STRS participants hired after the Implementation Date, the Reform Act changes the normal retirement age by increasing the eligibility for the 2% age factor (the age factor is the percent of final compensation to which an employee is entitled to for each year of service) from age 60 to 62 and increasing the eligibility of the maximum age factor of 2.4% from age 63 to 65. Similarly, for non-safety PERS participants hired after the Implementation Date, the Reform Act changes the normal retirement age by increasing the eligibility for the 2% age factor from age 55 to 62 and increases the eligibility requirement for the maximum age factor of 2.5% to age 67. Among the other changes to PERS and STRS, the Reform Act also: (i) requires all new participants enrolled in PERS and STRS after the Implementation Date to contribute at least 50% of the total annual normal cost of their pension benefit each year as determined by an actuary, (ii) requires STRS and PERS to determine the final compensation amount for employees based upon the highest annual compensation earnable averaged over a consecutive 36-month period as the basis for calculating retirement benefits for new participants enrolled after the Implementation Date (currently 12 months for STRS members who retire with 25 years of service), and (iii) caps “pensionable compensation” for new participants enrolled after the Implementation Date at 100% of the federal Social Security contribution and benefit base for members participating in Social Security or 120% for members not participating in social security, while excluding previously allowed forms of compensation under the formula such as payments for unused vacation, annual leave, personal leave, sick leave, or compensatory time off.

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68. On June 25, 2012, GASB approved Statements Nos. 67 and 68 (“Statements”) with respect to pension accounting and financial reporting standards for state and local governments and pension plans. The new Statements, No. 67 and No. 68, replace GASB Statement No. 27 and most of Statements No. 25 and No. 50. The changes impact the accounting treatment of pension plans in which state and local governments participate. Major changes include: (1) the inclusion of unfunded pension liabilities on the government’s balance sheet (currently, such unfunded liabilities are typically included as notes to the government’s financial statements); (2) more components of full pension costs being shown as expenses regardless of actual contribution levels; (3) lower actuarial discount rates being required to be used for underfunded plans in certain cases for purposes of the financial statements; (4) closed amortization periods for unfunded liabilities being required to be used for certain purposes of the financial statements; and (5) the difference between expected and actual investment returns being recognized over a closed five-year smoothing period. In addition, according to GASB, Statement No. 68 means that, for pensions within the scope of the Statement, a cost-sharing employer that does not have a special funding situation is required to recognize a net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense based on its proportionate share of the net pension liability for benefits provided through the pension plan. Because the accounting standards do not require changes in funding policies, the full extent of the effect

of the new standards on the District is not known at this time. The reporting requirements for pension plans took effect for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013 and the reporting requirements for government employers, including the District, took effect for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014.

The District's proportionate shares of the net pension liability of STRS and PERS, as of June 30, 2016, are as shown in the following table.

Pension <u>Plan</u>	Proportionate Share of Net <u>Pension Liability</u>
STRS	
PERS	
Total	

Source: The District.

For further information about the District's contributions to STRS and PERS, see Note ___ in the the District's audited financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 attached hereto as Appendix B.

On-Behalf of Payments

During fiscal year 2014-15, the District was the recipient of on-behalf of payments made by the State to STRS for K-12 education. The payments consisted of contributions to STRS in the amount of \$353,982 (5.679% of 2012-13 creditable compensation subject to STRS).

Other Post-Employment Benefits

In June 2004, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronounced Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The pronouncement required public agency employers providing healthcare benefits to retirees to recognize and account for the costs for providing these benefits on an accrual basis and provide footnote disclosure on the progress toward funding the benefits.

Employees who are eligible to receive retiree employment benefits other than pensions ("Health & Welfare Benefits") while in retirement must meet specific criteria, *i.e.*, age and years with the District. The District provides Health & Welfare Benefits to qualified eligible employees and their spouses who retire from the District on or after attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of service to the District for certificated employees, on or after attaining age 55 with at least 20 years of service to the District for classified employees and on or after attaining age 55 with at least 16 years of service to the District for confidential, management and administrative employees. As of July 1, 2016, ___ retirees and their beneficiaries were receiving Health and Welfare Benefits and ___ employees were active plan members.

Expenditures for post-employment healthcare benefits are recognized on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016, the District recognized \$____, \$____ and \$____ in expenditures for post-employment healthcare benefits, respectively. The District has completed an actuarial study of its Health and Welfare Benefits dated _____, 20__ based on an actuarial valuation of the health and welfare benefit plans of the District as of _____ 1, 201___. Based on that study, the District's Annual Required Contribution for 2016-17 is \$____ and its unfunded actuarial accrued liability is \$____. The District has not set aside any amounts in an irrevocable trust in order to fund its Health & Welfare Benefits.

**FUNDED STATUS
OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

Fiscal Year Ended (June 30)	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2016	\$537,012	112%	\$(21,944)
2015	535,620	115	43,519
2014	60,424	92	121,623

Source: The District.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to tortious liability, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, employee injuries or natural disasters.

The District participates in three joint powers agreements with (i) California’s Valued Trust (“CVT”) which provides Health & Welfare Benefits, (ii) the Golden State Risk Management Authority (“GSRMA”), which provides property and liability coverage and (iii) the Schools Excess Liability Fund (“SELF”), which provide excess liability coverage. Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. Each governing board controls the operations of its JPA independent of any influence by the District beyond the District’s representation on the governing boards. The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that neither JPA is a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes. See also APPENDIX B –WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016– Note 13 hereto.

The District maintains insurance or self-insurance in such amounts and with such retentions and other terms providing coverages for property damage, fire and theft, general public liability and worker’s compensation as are adequate, customary and comparable with such insurance maintained by similarly situated school districts. In addition, based upon prior claims experience, the District believes that the recorded liabilities for self-insured claims are adequate.

District Debt Structure

Long-Term Debt. A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016, is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016	Balance Due In One Year
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	\$3,950,000	\$--	\$5,000	\$3,945,000	\$245,951
Compensated absences	95,204	--	17,613	77,591	--
Net OPEB Obligation	<u>8,601,257</u>	<u>1,922,629</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>10,523,886</u>	<u>--</u>
Total Long-Term liabilities	<u>\$12,646,461</u>	<u>\$1,922,629</u>	<u>\$22,613</u>	<u>\$14,546,477</u>	<u>\$245,951</u>

Source: The District.

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds. The District issued a Qualified Zone Academy Bond (“QZAB”) in the amount of \$3,955,000 through the execution and delivery of a lease agreement with Public Property Financing Corporation of California pursuant to which the District makes semi-annual payments through December, 2030. The QZAB bears interest at 0.95% annually and future payments under the QZAB are as follows:

Year ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$245,591	\$36,309	\$282,260
2018	248,288	33,962	282,250
2019	250,647	31,592	282,239
2020	253,028	29,199	282,227
2021	255,431	26,784	282,215
2022-2026	1,314,021	96,882	1,410,903
2027-2031	<u>1,377,634</u>	<u>32,966</u>	<u>1,410,600</u>
Total	\$3,945,000	\$287,694	\$4,232,694

Source: The District.

General Obligation Bonds. Pursuant to the Authorization, the District received authorization to issue \$8,000,000 principal amount of general obligation bonds. The Bonds are the first and only series of bonds to be issued under the Authorization. Subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds, no additional general obligations bonds will remain for issuance under the Authorization.

THE GLENN COUNTY TREASURY POOL

The following information concerning the Glenn County Treasury Pool has been provided by the Treasurer and has not been confirmed or verified by the District. No representation is made herein as to the accuracy or adequacy of such information or as to the absence of material adverse changes in such information subsequent to the date hereof or that the information contained or incorporated hereby by reference is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.

This section provides a general description of the County's investment policy and valuation procedures. The information has been prepared by the Treasurer for inclusion in this Official Statement. Neither the District nor the Underwriter make any representation as to the accuracy or completeness of such information. Further information may be obtained from the office of the Director of Finance of the County of Glenn, 516 W. Sycamore Street, Willows, California 95988.

The Director of Finance manages the County Pool in which certain funds of the County and certain funds of other participating entities are invested pending disbursement (including the Debt Service Fund of the District). Amounts held for the County, school districts and special districts located within the County constitute most of the County Pool. The Director of Finance is the *ex officio* treasurer of each of these participating entities, which therefore are legally required to deposit their cash receipts and revenues in the County treasury. Under State law, withdrawals are allowed only to pay for expenses, which have become due. The remaining amounts in the County Pool are not legally required to be maintained in the County Pool and can be withdrawn by the depositors for whom these amounts are held, provided such withdrawals conform to legal mandates and procedures.

Each governing board of school districts and special districts within the County may allow, by appropriate board resolutions, certain withdrawals of non-operating funds for purposes of investing outside the County Pool. Some districts have from time to time authorized the Director of Finance to purchase specified investments for certain district funds to mature on predetermined future dates when cash would be required for disbursements.

Funds held in the County Pool are invested by the Director of Finance in accordance with State law and the County's investment policy, which is prepared by the Director of Finance and approved by the Glenn County Board of Supervisors. The District's bond proceeds will be invested at the direction of the District. The Director of Finance neither monitors investments for arbitrage compliance, nor does it

perform arbitrage calculations. The District will maintain or cause to be maintained detailed records with respect to the applicable proceeds. The current investment policy was adopted by the Board of Supervisors in ___ 201_. The policy statement sets forth the Director of Finance's investment objectives, which are, in order of importance, safety of principal, liquidity, and yield. In addition, the County's investment policy describes the instruments eligible for inclusion in the investment portfolio and the limitations applicable to each type. An Investment Oversight Committee meets quarterly to advise the County on any future changes in investment policy as well as to regularly monitor and report on the investment performance of the County Pool.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The District has covenanted for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the District (the "Annual Report") by not later than 9 months following the end of the District's fiscal year (currently ending June 30), which date would be April 1, commencing with the report for the 2014-15 fiscal year, and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain enumerated events. The District has entered into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement ("Continuing Disclosure Agreement") for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds. The Annual Report and each notice of material events will be filed by the District with the Electronic Municipal Markets Access system ("EMMA") of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"), or any other repository then recognized by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The specific nature of the information to be contained in the Annual Report or the notices of material events is set forth in APPENDIX D – FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT hereto. These covenants have been made in order to assist the Underwriter in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5).

The District has no outstanding continuing disclosure obligations.

LEGAL MATTERS

The legal opinion of Dannis Woliver Kelley, Long Beach, California, Bond Counsel to the District ("Bond Counsel"), attesting to the validity of the Bonds, will be supplied to the Underwriter of the Bonds without charge, a form of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A. Dannis Woliver Kelley is also acting as Disclosure Counsel to the District. _____, _____, California, is acting as counsel to the Underwriter. Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel and Underwriter's Counsel will receive compensation contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

TAX MATTERS

The delivery of the Bonds is subject to delivery of the opinion of Bond Counsel, to the effect that interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes under existing statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions (1) will be excludable from the gross income, as defined in section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date of initial delivery of the Bonds (the "Code"), of the owners thereof pursuant to section 103 of the Code, and (2) will not be included in computing the alternative minimum taxable income of the owners thereof. The delivery of the Bonds is also subject to the delivery of the opinion of Bond Counsel, based upon existing provisions of the laws of the State of California, that interest on the Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes of the State of California. The form of Bond Counsel's anticipated opinion respecting the Bonds is included in APPENDIX A. The statutes, regulations, rulings, and court decisions on which such opinions will be based are subject to change.

Interest on the Bonds owned by a corporation will be included in such corporation's adjusted current earnings for purposes of calculating the alternative minimum taxable income of such corporation,

other than an S corporation, a regulated investment company, a real estate investment trust or a real estate mortgage investment conduit. A corporation's alternative minimum taxable income is the basis on which the alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Code will be computed.

In rendering the foregoing opinions, Bond Counsel will rely upon the representations and certifications of the District made in a certificate (the "Tax Certificate") of even date with the initial delivery of the Bonds pertaining to the use, expenditure, and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds and will assume continuing compliance with the provisions of the Resolution by the District subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds. The Tax Certificate contains covenants by the District with respect to, among other matters, the use of the proceeds of the Bonds and the facilities and equipment financed therewith by persons other than state or local governmental units, the manner in which the proceeds of the Bonds are to be invested, if required, the calculation and payment to the United States Treasury of any "arbitrage profits" and the reporting of certain information to the United States Treasury. Failure to comply with any of these covenants could cause interest on the Bonds to be includable in the gross income of the owners thereof from the date of the issuance of the Bonds.

Except as described above, Bond Counsel will express no other opinion with respect to any other federal, State or local tax consequences under present law, or proposed legislation, resulting from the receipt or accrual of interest on, or the acquisition or disposition of, the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax-exempt obligations such as the Bonds may result in collateral federal tax consequences to, among others, financial institutions, life insurance companies, property and casualty insurance companies, S corporations with subchapter C earnings and profits, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income tax credit, owners of an interest in a financial asset securitization investment trust, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry, or who have paid or incurred certain expenses allocable to, tax-exempt obligations. Prospective purchasers should consult their own tax advisors as to the applicability of these consequences to their particular circumstances.

Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a result, but represents its legal judgment based upon its review of existing statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions and the representations and covenants of the District described above. No ruling has been sought from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS" or the "Service") or the State of California with respect to the matters addressed in the opinion of Bond Counsel, and Bond Counsel's opinion is not binding on the Service or the State of California. The Service has an ongoing program of auditing the tax status of the interest on municipal obligations. If an audit of the Bonds is commenced, under current procedures, the Service is likely to treat the District as the "taxpayer," and the Owners of the Bonds would have no right to participate in the audit process. In responding to or defending an audit of the tax-exempt status of the interest on the Bonds, the District may have different or conflicting interests from the owners of the respective Bonds. Public awareness of any future audit of the Bonds could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds during the pendency of the audit, regardless of its ultimate outcome.

Tax Accounting Treatment of Discount and Premium on Certain of the Bonds

The initial public offering price of certain of the Bonds (the "Discount Bonds") may be less than the amount payable on such Bonds at maturity. An amount equal to the difference between the initial public offering price of a Discount Bond (assuming that a substantial amount of the Bonds of that maturity are sold to the public at such price) and the amount payable at maturity constitutes original issue discount to the initial purchaser of such Discount Bond. The tax rules requiring inclusion in income annually by the holder of a debt instrument having original issue discount of the daily portion of original issue discount for each day during a taxable year in which such holder held such debt instrument is

inapplicable to the Bonds. A portion of such original issue discount, allocable to the holding period of such Discount Bond by the initial purchaser, will, upon the disposition of such Discount Bond (including by reason of its payment at maturity), be treated as interest excludable from gross income, rather than as taxable gain, and will be added to the holder's basis in the Discount Bond, for federal income tax purposes, on the same terms and conditions as those for other interest on the bonds described above under "TAX MATTERS." Such interest is considered to be accrued in accordance with the constant-yield-to-maturity method over the life of a Discount Bond taking into account the semiannual compounding of accrued interest at the yield to maturity on such Discount Bond, and generally will be allocated to an original purchaser in a different amount from the amount of the payment denominated as interest actually received by the original purchaser during the tax year.

However, such interest may be required to be taken into account in determining the alternative minimum taxable income of a corporation, for purposes of calculating a corporation's alternative minimum taxable income imposed by Section 55 of the Code, and the amount of the branch profits tax applicable to certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States, even though there will not be a corresponding cash payment. In addition, the accrual of such interest may result in certain other collateral federal income tax consequences to, among others, financial institutions, life insurance companies, property and casualty insurance companies, S corporations with subchapter C earnings and profits, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income tax credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry, or who have paid or incurred certain expenses allocable to, tax-exempt obligations. Moreover, in the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of a Discount Bond by the initial Owner prior to maturity, the amount realized by such Owner in excess of the basis of such Discount Bond in the hands of such Owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Discount Bond was held) is includable in gross income.

Owners of Discount Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal income tax purposes of accrued interest upon disposition of Discount Bonds and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning Discount Bonds. It is possible that, under applicable provisions governing determination of state and local income taxes, accrued interest on Discount Bonds may be deemed to be received in the year of accrual even though there will not be a corresponding cash payment.

The initial offering price of certain Bonds (the "Premium Bonds"), may be greater than the amount payable on such bonds at maturity. An amount equal to the difference between the initial public offering price of a Premium Bond (assuming that a substantial amount of the Bonds of that maturity are sold to the public at such price) and the amount payable at maturity constitutes premium to the initial purchaser of such Premium Bonds. The basis for federal income tax purposes of a Premium Bond in the hands of such initial purchaser must be reduced each year by the amortizable bond premium, although no federal income tax deduction is allowed as a result of such reduction in basis for amortizable bond premium. Such reduction in basis will increase the amount of any gain (or decrease the amount of any loss) to be recognized for federal income tax purposes upon a sale or other taxable disposition of a Premium Bond. The amount of premium which is amortizable each year by an initial purchaser is determined by using such purchaser's yield to maturity. Purchasers of the Premium Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to the determination of amortizable bond premium with respect to the Premium Bonds for federal income purposes and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning Premium Bonds.

Form of Bond Counsel Opinion. The form of the proposed opinion of Bond Counsel relating to the Bonds is attached to this Official Statement as APPENDIX A.

LEGALITY FOR INVESTMENT

Under provisions of the California Financial Code, the Bonds are legal investments for commercial banks in California to the extent that the Bonds, in the informed opinion of the investing bank, are prudent for the investment of funds of depositors. Under provisions of the California Government Code, the Bonds are eligible to secure deposits of public moneys in California.

BANK QUALIFICATION

The District has designated the Bonds as “qualified tax-exempt obligations,” thereby allowing certain financial institutions that are holders of such qualified tax-exempt obligations to deduct a portion of such institution’s interest expense allocable to such qualified tax-exempt obligations, all as determined in accordance with Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

RATINGS

S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor’s Financial Services LLC (“S&P”) has assigned its municipal bond rating of “___” to the Bonds. Such rating reflects only the view of S&P and an explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained as follows: S&P at Municipal Finance Department, 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, tel. (212) 208-8000. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely if, in the judgment of the rating agency, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

UNDERWRITING

RBC Capital Markets, LLC (the “Underwriter”) has agreed to purchase the Bonds at the purchase price of \$___ (reflecting the principal amount of the Bonds plus a net original issue premium in the amount of \$_____ less an Underwriter’s discount of \$_____, at the rates and yields shown on the inside cover hereof.

The Underwriter may offer and sell the Bonds to certain dealers and others at yields other than the yields stated on the cover page. The offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

NO LITIGATION

No litigation is pending concerning the validity of the Bonds, and the District’s certificate to that effect will be furnished to purchasers at the time of the original delivery of the Bonds. The District is not aware of any litigation pending or threatened questioning the political existence of the District or contesting the District’s ability to receive *ad valorem* taxes or to collect other revenues or contesting the District’s ability to issue the Bonds.

OTHER INFORMATION

References are made herein to certain documents and reports which are brief summaries thereof which do not purport to be complete or definitive and reference is made such documents and reports for full and complete statements of the contents thereof. Copies of the Resolution are available upon request from the Willows Unified School District, 823 West Laurel Street, Willows, California 95010.

Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact. This Official Statement is not be construed as a contract or agreement between the District and the purchasers or Owners of any of the Bonds.

The execution and delivery of this Official Statement has been duly authorized by the District.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

By: _____
Superintendent

APPENDIX A

FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION

[Closing date]

Board of Education
Willows Unified School District
823 West Laurel Street
Willows, California 95010

Re: \$_____ Willows Unified School District (Glenn County, California) General
Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as bond counsel for the Willows Unified School District (Glenn County, California) (the "District"), in connection with the issuance by the District of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of the District's General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are issued pursuant to the Government Code of the State of California (commencing at Section 53506), as amended and that certain resolution adopted by the Board of Education of the District on _____, 2017 (the "Resolution"). All terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given to them in the Resolution.

As bond counsel, we have examined copies certified to us as being true and complete copies of the proceedings of the District for the authorization and issuance of the Bonds, including the Resolution. Our services as such bond counsel were limited to an examination of such proceedings and to the rendering of the opinions set forth below. In this connection, we have also examined such certificates of public officials and officers of the District and the County as we have considered necessary for the purposes of this opinion.

Certain agreements, requirements and procedures contained or referred to in the Resolution and other relevant documents may be changed and certain actions (including, without limitation, defeasance of Bonds) may be taken or omitted under the circumstances and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in such documents. No opinion is expressed herein as to any effect on the Bonds if any such change occurs or action is taken or omitted upon the advice or approval of counsel other than ourselves.

The opinions expressed herein are based on an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings and court decisions and cover certain matters not directly addressed by such authorities. Such opinions may be affected by actions taken or omitted or events occurring after the date hereof. We have not undertaken to determine, or to inform any person, whether any such actions or events are taken or do occur. Our engagement with respect to the Bonds has concluded with their issuance, and we disclaim any obligation to update this letter. We have assumed the genuineness of all documents and signatures presented to us (whether as originals or as copies) and the due and legal execution and delivery thereof by any parties other than the District. We have not undertaken to verify independently, and have assumed, the accuracy of the factual matters represented, warranted or certified in the documents referred to in the second paragraph hereof. Furthermore, we have assumed compliance with all covenants and agreements contained in the Resolution. We call attention to the fact that the rights and obligations under the Bonds and the Resolution may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, arrangement, fraudulent

conveyance, moratorium and other laws relating to or affecting creditors, rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and to the limitations on legal remedies against public entities in the State of California. We express no opinion with respect to any indemnification, contribution, choice of law, choice of forum or waiver provisions contained in the foregoing documents. We express no opinion and make no comment with respect to the sufficiency of the security for the marketability of the Bonds. Finally, we undertake no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the Official Statement or other offering material relating to the Bonds and express no opinion with respect thereto.

Based on and subject to the foregoing and in reliance thereon, as of the date hereof, we are of the following opinions:

1. The Bonds constitute valid and binding general obligations of the District, payable as to principal and interest from the proceeds of a levy of *ad valorem* taxes on all property subject to such taxes in the District, which taxes are unlimited as to rate or amount.

2. The Resolution has been duly adopted and constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the District enforceable against the District in accordance with its terms.

3. It is further our opinion, based upon the foregoing, that pursuant to section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and in effect on the date hereof (the "Code"), and existing regulations, published rulings, and court decisions thereunder, and assuming continuing compliance with the provisions of the Resolution and in reliance upon representations and certifications of the District made in the Tax Certificate of even date herewith pertaining to the use, expenditure, and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds, when the Bonds are delivered to and paid for by the initial purchasers thereof, interest on the Bonds (1) will be excludable from the gross income, as defined in section 61 of the Code, of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, and (2) will not be included in computing the alternative minimum taxable income of the owners thereof who are individuals or, except as hereinafter described, corporations. Interest on the Bonds owned by a corporation will be included in such corporation's adjusted current earnings for purposes of calculating the alternative minimum taxable income of such corporations, other than an S corporation, a qualified mutual fund, a real estate mortgage investment conduit, a real estate investment trust, or a financial asset securitization investment trust ("FASIT"). A corporation's alternative minimum taxable income is the basis on which the alternative minimum tax imposed by section 55 of the Code will be computed.

In our opinion, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes of the State of California.

We express no other opinion with respect to any other federal, state, or local tax consequences under present law or any proposed legislation resulting from the receipt or accrual of interest on, or the acquisition or disposition of, the Bonds. Ownership of tax-exempt obligations such as the Bonds may result in collateral federal tax consequences to, among others, financial institutions, life insurance companies, property and casualty insurance companies, certain S corporations with subchapter C earnings and profits, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States, owners of an interest in a FASIT, individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income tax credit, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry, or who have paid or incurred certain expenses allocable to, tax-exempt obligations.

Our opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on our knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. We assume no duty to update or supplement our

opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to our attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Our opinions represent our legal judgment based upon our review of existing law that we deem relevant to such opinions and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above. The foregoing opinions are not a guarantee of results.

Respectfully submitted,

Dannis Woliver Kelley

APPENDIX B

**WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

APPENDIX C

GENERAL ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION FOR THE COUNTY OF GLENN

The following information concerning Glenn County (the “County”) is included only for the purpose of supplying general information regarding the area served by the District. The Bonds are not a debt of the County.

Introduction

The District lies in the County of Glenn. Glenn County is located in the United States about half way between Sacramento and Redding in Northern California. Glenn County is primarily an agricultural community with mountains on the west, the Interstate 5 corridor running through farm land, and the Sacramento River bounding the east side of the County. With over 1,188 farms, agriculture remains the primary source of Glenn County's economy. Major commodities include rice, almonds, milk products, prunes and livestock. The County's population reached approximately _____ as of January 1, 2017.

Population

The population of the Cities of Orland and Willows, as well as the County, for 2012 through 2016 is presented in the following table.

CITIES OF ORLAND AND WILLOWS AND THE COUNTY Calendar Years 2012 through 2016

Year	City of Orland	City of Willows	Glenn County
2012	7,559	6,129	28,317
2013	7,563	6,130	28,414
2014	7,629	6,133	28,489
2015	7,672	6,119	28,579
2016	7,676	6,213	28,668
2017			

Population shown as of January 1st of the given year

Data shown as of 2010 Census benchmark.

Source: California State Department of Finance.

Employment

The County, State and United States civilian labor force figures are shown in the following table for the years 2011 through 2015, the most recent annual information available. The County figures are County-wide and may not necessarily reflect employment trends in the District.

GLENN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, AND UNITED STATES Labor Force, Employment, and Unemployment⁽¹⁾

Year and Area	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Unemployment Rate ⁽²⁾
2011				
Glenn County	12,870	10,830	2,040	15.8%
California	18,417,900	16,249,600	2,168,300	11.8
United States	153,617,000	139,869,000	13,747,000	8.9
2012				
Glenn County	13,060	11,190	1,870	14.3%
California	18,519,000	16,589,700	1,929,300	10.4
United States	154,975,000	142,469,000	12,506,000	8.1
2013				
Glenn County	12,810	11,240	1,560	12.2%
California	18,596,800	16,933,300	1,663,500	8.9
United States	155,389,000	143,929,000	11,460,000	7.4
2014				
Glenn County	12,890	11,520	1,380	10.7%
California	18,726,400	17,474,600	1,251,800	6.7
United States	155,922,000	146,305,000	9,617,000	6.2
2015				
Glenn County	13,110	11,960	1,140	8.7%
California	18,981,800	17,798,600	1,183,200	6.2
United States	157,130,000	148,834,000	8,296,000	5.3

⁽¹⁾ Data reflects employment status of individuals by place of residence.

⁽²⁾ Unemployment rate is based on unrounded data.

Source: California State Employment Development Department and U.S. Department of Labor.

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Industry

Government is the largest employer in the County followed by agriculture, trade and manufacturing. The table below shows the estimated employment by industry group for 2011 through 2015.

**COUNTY OF GLENN
EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
ANNUAL AVERAGES
2011 through 2015 by Class of Work**

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture total	1,990	2,100	2,200	2,170	2,330
Mining, logging and construction	260	230	230	240	290
Manufacturing	560	520	540	600	640
Trade, transportation and utilities	1,310	1,380	1,450	1,490	1,620
Finance	160	140	130	140	150
Professional and business services	170	160	150	170	210
Educational and health services	870	930	970	910	880
Leisure and hospitality	640	660	630	630	670
Government	2,120	2,080	2,050	2,030	2,040
Non Agriculture Total	6,160	6,210	6,280	6,360	6,680

Source: California State Employment Development Department.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

Major Employers Within the County

Although the County is primarily suburban, the County is host to a mix of employers representing industries ranging from government and education to agriculture. The following table lists the County's major employers.

COUNTY OF GLENN 2016 MAJOR EMPLOYERS (in alphabetical order by company name)

Employer	Location	Industry
Child Protective Svc	Willows	County Government-Social/Human Resources
Department of Child Family Svc	Orland	Government-Individual/Family Social Svcs
Erick Nielsen Enterprises Inc	Orland	Agricultural Consultants
Glen County Mental Health	Willows	Government Offices-County
Glenn County Health & Welfare	Willows	County Government-Public Health Programs
Glenn County Human Resource	Willows	Government Offices-County
Glenn County Office-Emergency	Willows	Government Offices-County
Glenn County Planning & Pubc	Willows	Government Offices-County
Glenn County Sheriffs Civil Dv	Willows	Sheriff
Glenn Family Medical Group	Willows	Physicians & Surgeons
Glenn-Colusa Irrigation Dist	Willows	Irrigation Companies
Head Start	Orland	Child Care Service
Jacinto Grange	Glenn	Associations
Johns Manville	Willows	Insulation-Manufacturers
Johns Manville	Willows	Insulation-Manufacturers
Land O'Lakes Indl Cheese	Orland	Cheese Processors (mfrs)
Lassen Land Co	Orland	Farm Management Service
Mill Street School	Orland	Schools
Murdock Elementary School	Willows	Schools
Olson Meat Co	Orland	Meat-Retail
Rumiano Cheese Factory	Willows	Cheese Processors (mfrs)
Sunsweet Dryers	Orland	Fruits-Dried (whls)
US Reclamation Bureau	Willows	Government Offices-Us
Walmart Supercenter	Willows	Department Stores
Willows Care Ctr	Willows	Nursing & Convalescent Homes

Source: California Employment Development Department, America's Labor Market Information System Employer Database, 2013 1st Edition.

Commercial Activity

The table below shows the number of permits and taxable transactions in the County between 2011 and 2015, the most recent data available.

COUNTY OF GLENN
Valuation of Taxable Transactions
Fiscal Years 2011 through 2015
(in 000's)

Year	Retail Permits	Taxable Transactions- Retail*	Total Permits	Taxable Transactions- Total
2011	396	\$143,725	696	\$310,919*
2012	384	154,644	676	326,707*
2013	442	160,355	741	334,092*
2014	523	169,919	826	354,221*
2015	576	\$45,635	953	\$88,432

Source: California Board of Equalization Taxable Sales in California.

APPENDIX D

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement (this "Disclosure Agreement") is executed and delivered by the Willows Unified School District (the "District") in connection with the execution and delivery of \$ _____ aggregate principal amount of the District's General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to a Resolution adopted by the Board of Education of the District on _____, 2017 (the "Resolution"). Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Resolution.

In consideration of the execution and delivery of the Bonds by the District and the purchase of such Bonds by the Underwriter described below, the District hereby covenants and agrees as follows:

SECTION 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Agreement. This Disclosure Agreement is being executed and delivered by the District for the benefit of the Bondholders and in order to assist _____ (the "Underwriter") in complying with Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) (the "Rule") adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

SECTION 2. Additional Definitions. In addition to the above definitions and the definitions set forth in the Resolution, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Report" shall mean any Annual Report provided by the District pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 4 and 5 of this Disclosure Agreement.

"Bondholder" or "Holder" means any holder of the Bonds or any beneficial owner of the Bonds so long as they are immobilized with DTC.

"Dissemination Agent" shall mean any Dissemination Agent, or any alternate or successor Dissemination Agent, designated in writing by the Superintendent (or otherwise by the District), which Agent has evidenced its acceptance in writing. The Dissemination Agent shall be _____.

"Listed Event" means any of the events listed in Section 6 of this Disclosure Agreement.

"Material Events Disclosure" means dissemination of a notice of a Material Event as set forth in Section 6.

"MSRB" shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, through its electronic municipal market access system, which can be found at <http://emma.msrb.org/>, or any repository of disclosure information that may be designated by the Securities and Exchange Commission for purposes of the Rule.

SECTION 3. CUSIP Numbers and Final Official Statement. The CUSIP Numbers for the Bonds have been assigned. The Final Official Statement relating to the Bonds is dated _____, 2017 ("Final Official Statement").

SECTION 4. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) The District shall cause the Dissemination Agent, not later than 9 months after the end of the District's fiscal year (currently ending June 30), which date would be April 1, commencing with the report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, which would be due on April 1, 2018, to provide

to the MSRB an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 5 of this Disclosure Agreement. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 5 of this Disclosure Agreement; provided that the audited financial statements of the District may be submitted, when and if available, separately from the balance of the relevant Annual Report.

(b) If the District is unable to provide to the MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in paragraph (a) above, the District, in a timely manner, shall send a notice to the MSRB in substantially the form attached as Exhibit A.

(c) The Dissemination Agent shall:

(i) determine the name and address of the MSRB each year prior to the date established hereunder for providing the Annual Report; and

(ii) if the Dissemination Agent is other than the District or an official of the District, the Dissemination Agent shall file a report with the District certifying that the Annual Report has been provided pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement, stating the date it was provided and listing all the Repositories to which it was provided.

SECTION 5. Content of Annual Report. The District's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the following:

(a) Financial information including the general purpose financial statements of the District for the preceding fiscal year, prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. If audited financial information is not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to Section 4(a) hereof, the financial information included in the Annual Report may be unaudited, and the District will provide audited financial information to the MSRB as soon as practical after it has been made available to the District.

(b) Operating data, including the following information with respect to the District's preceding fiscal year (to the extent not included in the audited financial statements described in paragraph (a) above):

(i) Adopted general fund budget for the current fiscal year;

(ii) Assessed valuations, as shown on the most recent equalized assessment roll;

(iii) 20 largest local secured taxpayers as shown on the most recent equalized assessment roll; and

(iv) Secured tax charges and delinquencies, only if the County terminates or discontinues the Teeter Plan within the District.

(c) Any or all of the items listed above may be incorporated by reference from other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the District or related public entities, which have been submitted to each of the Repositories or to the Securities and Exchange Commission. If the document incorporated by reference is a final official statement, it must be available from the MSRB. The District shall clearly identify each other document so incorporated by reference.

SECTION 6. Reporting of Significant Events.

(a) The District agrees to provide or cause to be provided to the MSRB, in readable PDF or other electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds not later than ten (10) Business Days after the occurrence of the event:

- (i) Principal and interest payment delinquencies.
- (ii) Unscheduled draws on any debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties.
- (iii) Unscheduled draws on any credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties.
- (iv) Substitution of or failure to perform by any credit provider.
- (v) Issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determination of taxability or of a Notice of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701 TEB);
- (vi) Tender Offers;
- (vii) Defeasances;
- (viii) Rating changes; or
- (ix) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person.

(b) The District shall give, or cause to be given, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, if material, not later than ten (10) Business Days after the occurrence of the event:

- (i) Unless described in paragraph 6(a)(v) hereof, adverse tax opinions or other material notices or determinations by the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the tax status of the Bonds or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
- (ii) Modifications of rights to Bondholders;
- (iii) Optional, unscheduled or contingent Bond calls;
- (iv) Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds;
- (v) Non-payment related defaults;
- (vi) The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms; or

(vii) Appointment of a successor or additional Paying Agent or Trustee or the change of name of a Paying Agent or Trustee.

(c) The District shall give, or cause to be given, in a timely manner, notice of a failure to provide the annual financial information on or before the date specified in Section 4 hereof, as provided in Section 4(b) hereof.

(d) Whenever the District obtains knowledge of the occurrence of a Listed Event described in Section 6(a) hereof, or determines that knowledge of a Listed Event described in Section 6(b) hereof would be material under applicable federal securities laws, the District shall within ten (10) Business Days of occurrence file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB in electronic format, accompanied by such identifying information as is prescribed by the MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of the Listed Event described in subsections (a)(vii) or (b)(iii) need not be given under this subsection any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to Holders of affected Bonds pursuant to the Resolution.

SECTION 7. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The District's obligations under this Disclosure Agreement shall terminate when the District is no longer an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, as provided in the Rule, upon the defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds.

SECTION 8. Dissemination Agent. The Superintendent may, from time to time, appoint or engage an alternate or successor Dissemination Agent to assist in carrying out the District's obligations under this Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent.

The Dissemination Agent shall be entitled to the protections, limitations from liability, immunities and indemnities provided to the Paying Agent as set forth in the Resolution which are incorporated by reference herein. The Dissemination Agent agrees to perform only those duties of the Dissemination Agent specifically set forth in the Agreement, and no implied duties, covenants or obligations shall be read into this Agreement against the Dissemination Agent.

The Dissemination Agent shall have no duty or obligation to review the Annual Report nor shall the Dissemination Agent be responsible for filing any Annual Report not provided to it by the District in a timely manner in a form suitable for filing. In accepting the appointment under this Agreement, the Dissemination Agent is not acting in a fiduciary capacity to the registered holders or beneficial owners of the Bonds, the District, or any other party or person.

The Dissemination Agent may consult with counsel of its choice and shall be protected in any action taken or not taken by it in accordance with the advice or opinion of such counsel. No provision of this Agreement shall require the Dissemination Agent to risk or advance or expend its own funds or incur any financial liability. The Dissemination Agent shall have the right to resign from its duties as Dissemination Agent under this Agreement upon thirty days' written notice to the District. The Dissemination Agent shall be entitled to compensation for its services as Dissemination Agent and reimbursement for its out-of-pocket expenses, attorney's fees, costs and advances made or incurred in the performance of its duties under this Agreement in accordance with its written fee schedule provided to the District, as such fee schedule may be amended from time to time in writing. The District agrees to indemnify and hold the Dissemination Agent harmless from and against any cost, claim, expense, cost or liability related to or arising from the acceptance of and performance of the duties of the Dissemination Agent hereunder, provided the Dissemination Agent shall not be indemnified to the extent of its willful

misconduct or negligence. The obligations of the District under this Section shall survive the termination or discharge of this Agreement and the Bonds.

SECTION 9. Amendment. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the District may amend this Disclosure Agreement under the following conditions, provided no amendment to this Agreement shall be made that affects the rights, duties or obligations of the Dissemination Agent without its written consent:

(a) The amendment may be made only in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law or change in the identity, nature or status of the obligated person, or type of business conducted;

(b) This Disclosure Agreement, as amended, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The amendment does not materially impair the interests of Holders, as determined either by parties unaffiliated with the District or another obligated person (such as the Bond Counsel) or by the written approval of the Bondholders; provided, that the Annual Report containing the amended operating data or financial information shall explain, in narrative form, the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change in the type of operating data or financial information being provided.

SECTION 10. Additional Information. If the District chooses to include any information from any document or notice of occurrence of a Material Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Agreement, the District shall have no obligation under this Disclosure Agreement to update such information or to include it in any future disclosure or notice of occurrence of a Designated Material Event.

Nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the District from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Designated Material Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Agreement.

SECTION 11. Default. The District shall give notice to the MSRB of any failure to provide the Annual Report when the same is due hereunder, which notice shall be given prior to July 1 of that year. In the event of a failure of the District to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, any Bondholder may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the District to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement. A default under this Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed an event of default under the Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of the District to comply with this Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

SECTION 12. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of the District, the Dissemination Agent, the Underwriter and Holders from time to time of the Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

SECTION 13. Governing Law. This Disclosure Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State, applicable to contracts made and performed in such State.

Dated: _____, 2017

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

By: _____
Superintendent

Acceptance of duties as Dissemination Agent:

By: _____

EXHIBIT A

NOTICE TO REPOSITORIES OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT

Name of Issuer: Willows Unified School District

Name of Issue: \$___ General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A

Date of Issuance: _____, 2017

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above-named Issuer has not provided an Annual Report with respect to the above-named Bonds as required by Section 4(a) of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement dated _____, 2017. The Issuer anticipates that the Annual Report will be filed by _____.

Dated: _____

[ISSUER/DISSEMINATION AGENT]

By: _____

APPENDIX E

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof. The District cannot and does not give any assurances that DTC, DTC Participants or Indirect Participants will distribute to the Beneficial Owners (a) payments of interest, principal or premium, if any, with respect to the Bonds, (b) Bonds representing ownership interest in or other confirmation or ownership interest in the Bonds, or (c) prepayment or other notices sent to DTC or Cede & Co., its nominee, as the registered owner of the Bonds, or that they will so do on a timely basis or that DTC, DTC Participants or DTC Indirect Participants will act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current "Rules" applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the current "Procedure" of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

General

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation, and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com and www.dtc.org. *The foregoing internet addresses are included for reference only, and the information on these internet sites is not incorporated by reference herein.*

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect

Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District (or the Paying Agent on behalf thereof) as soon as possible after the Record Date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the Record Date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal, premium, if any, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or Paying Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC nor its nominee, Paying Agent, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bonds are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). Discontinuance of use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC may require the approval of DTC Participants under DTC's operational arrangements. In that event, printed certificates for the Bonds will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Discontinuation of Book-Entry Only System; Payment to Beneficial Owners

In the event that the book-entry system described above is no longer used with respect to the Bonds, the following provisions will govern the payment, transfer and exchange of the Bonds.

The principal of the Bonds and any premium and interest upon the redemption thereof prior to the maturity will be payable in lawful money of the United States of America upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds at the office of the Paying Agent, initially located in St. Paul, Minnesota. Interest on the Bonds will be paid by the Paying Agent by check or draft mailed to the person whose name appears on the registration books of the Paying Agent as the registered owner, and to that person's address appearing on the registration books as of the close of business on the Record Date. At the written request of any registered owner of at least \$1,000,000 in aggregate principal, payments shall be wired to a bank and account number on file with the Paying Agent as of the Record Date.

Any Bond may be exchanged for Bonds of any authorized denomination upon presentation and surrender at the office of the Paying Agent, initially located in St. Paul, Minnesota, together with a request for exchange signed by the registered owner or by a person legally empowered to do so in a form satisfactory to the Paying Agent. A Bond may be transferred only on the Bond registration books upon presentation and surrender of the Bond at such office of the Paying Agent together with an assignment executed by the registered owner or by a person legally empowered to do so in a form satisfactory to the Paying Agent. Upon exchange or transfer, the Paying Agent shall complete, authenticate and deliver a new Bond or Bonds of any authorized denomination or denominations requested by the owner equal in the aggregate to the unmatured principal amount of the Bond surrendered and bearing interest at the same rate and maturing on the same date.

Neither the District nor the Paying Agent will be required to exchange or transfer any Bond during the period from the Record Date through the next Interest Payment Date.

APPENDIX F

SPECIMEN MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

§ _____
**WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
(GLENN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA)
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS
2016 ELECTION, 2017 SERIES A**

BOND PURCHASE AGREEMENT

_____, 2017

Board of Education
Willows Unified School District
823 W. Laurel Street
Willows, California 95988

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned, _____, as underwriter (the "Underwriter"), acting on its own behalf and not as the District's (as defined herein) fiduciary or agent, offers to enter into this Bond Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with the Willows Unified School District (the "District"), which, upon the District's acceptance hereof, will be binding upon the District and the Underwriter. This offer is made subject to the written acceptance of this Purchase Agreement by the District and delivery of such acceptance to the Underwriter at or prior to 11:59 p.m., California time, on the date hereof, and if not so accepted, will be subject to withdrawal by the Underwriter upon written notice delivered to the District.

Section 1. Purchase and Sale of the Bonds. Upon the terms and conditions and in reliance upon the representations, warranties and agreements herein set forth, the Underwriter hereby agree to purchase from the District for reoffering to the public, and the District hereby agrees to sell to the Underwriter for such purpose, all (but not less than all) of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of the District's General Obligation Bonds 2016 Election, 2017 Series A (the "Bonds").

The Underwriter shall purchase the Bonds at a price of \$_____ (which is equal to the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds of \$_____, plus original issue premium of \$_____ and less an Underwriter's discount of \$_____).

The District acknowledges and agrees that: (a) the purchase and sale of the Bonds under this Purchase Agreement is an arm's-length commercial transaction between the District and the Underwriter; (b) in connection therewith and with the discussions, undertakings and procedures leading up to the consummation of such transaction, the Underwriter is and has been acting solely as a principal and not as the agent or fiduciary of the District; (c) the Underwriter has not assumed a fiduciary responsibility in favor of the District with respect to: (i) the offering of the Bonds or the process leading thereto (whether or not the Underwriter, or any affiliate of the Underwriter, has advised or is currently advising the District on other matters); or (ii) any other

obligation to the District except the obligations expressly set forth in this Purchase Agreement; and (d) the District has consulted with its own legal, financial and other advisors to the extent it has deemed appropriate in connection with this transaction.

The District acknowledges that it has previously provided the Underwriter with an acknowledgement of receipt of the required Underwriter's disclosure under Rule G-17 of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB").

Section 2. The Bonds. The Bonds shall be dated their date of delivery (the "Date of Delivery") and shall be payable as to interest on each February 1 and August 1, commencing August 1, 2017. The Bonds shall bear interest at the rates, shall mature on the dates and in the years, and shall be subject to redemption, as shown on Exhibit A hereto which is incorporated herein by reference, and shall otherwise be as described in the Official Statement (defined herein), and shall be issued and secured pursuant to the provisions of the Resolution of the District adopted on ____, 2017 (the "Resolution") and Title 5, Division 2, Part 1, Chapter 3, Article 4.5 of the Government Code of the State of California and other applicable law (the "Act"). Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Official Statement or, if not defined in the Official Statement, in the Resolution.

The Bonds shall be executed and delivered under and in accordance with the provisions of this Purchase Agreement and the Resolution. The Bonds shall be in book-entry form, shall bear CUSIP numbers, and shall be in fully registered form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). The Bonds shall initially be in authorized denominations of \$5,000 principal amount or any integral multiple thereof.

The proceeds of the Bonds will be applied by the District to finance certain capital improvements for the District as specified in the District bond proposition submitted at the November 8, 2016 election (the "Election"), which includes modernizing Willows schools, upgrading safety systems, improving infrastructure and accessibility, replacing portables with permanent classrooms, and making other repairs to outdated facilities.

_____ (the "Paying Agent") shall serve as the initial authenticating agent, bond registrar, transfer agent, and paying agent for the Bonds pursuant to a Paying Agent/Bond Registrar/Costs of Issuance Agreement with respect to the Bonds (the "Paying Agent Agreement"), entered into by and between the District and the Paying Agent.

Section 3. Use of Documents. The District hereby authorizes the Underwriter to use, in connection with the offer and sale of the Bonds, this Purchase Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement (defined herein), the Preliminary Official Statement (defined below) and the Official Statement, the Resolution, the Paying Agent Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement and all information contained herein and therein and all of the documents, certificates or statements furnished by the District to the Underwriter in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Purchase Agreement, except as such other documents shall otherwise provide. The Resolution, Purchase Agreement, Paying Agent Agreement, Continuing Disclosure Agreement and Official Statement are collectively referred to as the "Legal Documents." The District does not object to distribution of the Official Statement in electronic form.

Section 4. Public Offering of the Bonds. The Underwriter agree to make a bona fide public offering of all the Bonds at the initial public offering prices or yields to be set forth on the cover or inside cover pages of the Official Statement and as set forth in Appendix A hereto. Subsequent to such initial public offering, the Underwriter reserves the right to change such initial public offering prices or yields as they deem necessary in connection with the marketing of the Bonds; provided that the Underwriter shall not change the interest rates on the Bonds set forth in Appendix A. The Bonds may be offered and sold to certain dealers at prices lower than such initial public offering prices. The Underwriter reserves the right to: (i) over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market price of the Bonds at levels above those that might otherwise prevail in the open market; and (ii) discontinue such stabilizing, if commenced, at any time without prior notice.

Section 5. Review of Official Statement. The Underwriter hereby represents that it has received and reviewed the Preliminary Official Statement with respect to the Bonds, dated _____, 2017 (the "Preliminary Official Statement"). The District represents that it has deemed the Preliminary Official Statement to be final, except for either revision or addition of the offering price(s), interest rate(s), yield(s) to maturity, selling compensation, aggregate principal amount, principal amount per maturity, delivery date, rating(s), redemption provisions and other terms of the Bonds which depend upon the foregoing as provided in and pursuant to Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule"), and consents to and ratifies the use and distribution by the Underwriter of the Preliminary Official Statement in connection with the public offering of the Bonds by the Underwriter.

The Underwriter agrees that prior to the time the final Official Statement relating to the Bonds is available, the Underwriter will send to any potential purchaser of the Bonds, upon the request of such potential purchaser, a copy of the most recent Preliminary Official Statement. Such Preliminary Official Statement shall be sent by first-class mail (or other equally prompt means) not later than the first business day following the date upon which each such request is received.

The Underwriter agrees to file the Official Statement with the MSRB through its Electronic Municipal Market Access system within one business day after receipt thereof from the District, but in no event later than the Closing (as defined below).

Section 6. Closing. At 8:00 a.m., California time, on _____, 2017 or at such other time or on such other date as shall have been mutually agreed upon by the District and the Underwriter (the "Closing" or the "Closing Date"), the District will deliver to the Underwriter, through the facilities of DTC utilizing DTC's FAST delivery system, or as the District and the Underwriter may otherwise mutually agree upon, the Bonds in fully registered book-entry form, duly executed and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, and at the offices of Dannis Woliver Kelley ("Bond Counsel"), in Long Beach, California, the other documents hereinafter mentioned; and the Underwriter will accept such delivery and pay the purchase price thereof in immediately available funds by wire transfer to or upon the order of the District.

Section 7. Representations, Warranties and Agreements of the District. The District hereby represents, warrants and agrees with the Underwriter that:

(a) **Due Organization.** The District is a unified school district duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of California (the “State”), with full legal power to issue the Bonds pursuant to the Act.

(b) **Due Authorization.** (i) At or prior to the Closing, the District will have taken all action required to be taken by it to authorize the issuance and delivery of the Bonds; (ii) the District has full legal right, power and authority to enter into the Legal Documents, to adopt the Resolution, to perform its obligations under each such document or instrument, and to carry out and effectuate the transactions contemplated by the Legal Documents; (iii) the execution and delivery or adoption of, and the performance by the District of the obligations contained in the Bonds and the Legal Documents have been duly authorized and such authorization shall be in full force and effect at the time of the Closing; (iv) this Purchase Agreement constitutes a valid and legally binding obligation of the District; and (v) the District has duly authorized the consummation by it of all transactions contemplated by this Purchase Agreement.

(c) **Consents.** No consent, approval, authorization, order, filing, registration, qualification, election or referendum, of or by any court or governmental agency or public body whatsoever is required in connection with the issuance, delivery or sale of the Bonds or the consummation of the other transactions effected or contemplated herein or hereby, except for such actions as may be necessary to qualify the Bonds for offer and sale under the Blue Sky or other securities laws and regulations of such states and jurisdictions of the United States as the Underwriter may reasonably request, or which have not been taken or obtained; provided, however, that the District shall not be required to subject itself to service of process in any jurisdiction in which it is not so subject as of the date hereof.

(d) **Internal Revenue Code.** The District has complied with the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, with respect to the Bonds, and the District shall not knowingly take or omit to take any action that, under existing law, may adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes, or the exemption from any applicable State tax, of the interest on the Bonds.

(e) **No Conflicts.** To the best knowledge of the District, the issuance of the Bonds, and the execution, delivery and performance of the Legal Documents and the Bonds, and the compliance with the provisions hereof and thereof do not conflict with or constitute on the part of the District a violation of or default under, the Constitution of the State or any existing law, charter, ordinance, regulation, decree, order or resolution and do not conflict with or result in a violation or breach of, or constitute a default under, any agreement, indenture, mortgage, lease or other instrument to which the District is a party or by which it is bound or to which it is subject.

(f) **Litigation.** As of the time of acceptance hereof, no action, suit, proceeding, hearing or investigation is pending or, to the best knowledge of the District, threatened against the District: (i) in any way affecting the existence of the District or in any way challenging the respective powers of the several offices or of the titles of the officials of the District to such offices; or (ii) seeking to prohibit, restrain or enjoin the

sale, issuance or delivery of any of the Bonds, or the application of the proceeds of the sale of the Bonds, or the collection or levy of taxes contemplated by the Resolution and available to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity or enforceability of the Bonds or the Legal Documents or contesting the powers of the District or its authority with respect to the Bonds or the Legal Documents or contesting in any way the completeness or accuracy of the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement; or (iii) in which a final adverse decision could (A) materially adversely affect the operations of the District or the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Legal Documents, (B) declare this Purchase Agreement to be invalid or unenforceable in whole or in material part, or (C) adversely affect the exclusion of the interest paid on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes and the exemption of such interest from California personal income taxation.

(g) ***No Other Debt.*** Between the date hereof and the Closing, without the prior written consent of the Underwriter, neither the District directly, nor any other governmental agency or other body on behalf of the District will have issued in the name and on behalf of the District any bonds, notes or other obligations for borrowed money except for such borrowings as may be described in or contemplated by the Official Statement or otherwise consented to in writing by the Underwriter.

(h) ***Certificates.*** Any certificates signed by any officer of the District and delivered to the Underwriter shall be deemed a representation and warranty by the District to the Underwriter, but not by the person signing the same, as to the statements made therein.

(i) ***Continuing Disclosure.*** At or prior to the Closing, the District shall have duly authorized, executed and delivered a Continuing Disclosure Agreement (the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement"). The Continuing Disclosure Agreement shall comply with the provisions of the Rule and be substantially in the form attached to the Preliminary Official Statement and Official Statement in Appendix D. Except as otherwise described in the Official Statement, the District has not failed during the previous five years to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings in a written Continuing Disclosure Agreement or agreement under the Rule.

(j) ***Official Statement Accurate and Complete.*** The Preliminary Official Statement, as of its date and at the date hereof, did not and does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. At the date hereof and on the date of Closing (the "Closing Date"), the Official Statement did not and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. If the Official Statement is supplemented or amended pursuant to paragraph (g) of Section 9 of this Purchase Agreement, at the time of each supplement or amendment thereto and (unless subsequently again supplemented or amended pursuant to such paragraph) at all times subsequent thereto during the period up

to and including the Closing Date, the Official Statement as so supplemented or amended will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which made, not misleading.

(k) **Financial Statements of District.** The financial statements of the District contained in the Preliminary Official Statement and final Official Statement fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the District as of the dates and for the periods therein set forth, and, since the date thereof, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or results of operations of the District.

(l) **Levy of Tax.** The District hereby agrees to take any and all actions as may be required by Glenn County (the "County") or otherwise necessary in order to arrange for the levy and collection of taxes and payment of the Bonds.

Section 8. Representations and Agreements of the Underwriter. The Underwriter represent to and agree with the District that, as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date, which representations and warranties shall survive the Closing:

(a) The Underwriter is duly authorized to execute this Purchase Agreement and to take any action under this Purchase Agreement required to be taken of it.

(b) The Underwriter is in compliance with MSRB Rule G-37 with respect to the District, and is not prohibited thereby from acting as Underwriter with respect to securities of the District.

(c) The Underwriter has not paid or agreed to pay, nor will it pay or agree to pay, any entity, company, firm, or person (including, but not limited to any officer, agent or employee of the District), other than a bona fide officer, agent or employee working for the Underwriter, any compensation, fee, gift or other consideration contingent upon or resulting from the award of or entering into this Purchase Agreement;

(d) The Underwriter has, and has had, no financial advisory relationship with the District with respect to the Bonds, and no investment firm controlling, controlled by or under common control with the Underwriter has or has had any such financial advisory relationship.

(e) The Underwriter represents that it is licensed by and registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority as a broker-dealer and the MSRB as a municipal securities dealer.

Section 9. Covenants of the District. The District covenants and agrees with the Underwriter that:

(a) **Securities Laws.** The District will furnish such information, execute such instruments, and take such other action in cooperation with the Underwriter if and as the Underwriter may reasonably request, at the Underwriter's cost and expense, in order to qualify the Bonds for offer and sale under the Blue Sky or other securities laws and

regulations or such states and jurisdictions; provided, however, that the District shall not be required to consent to service of process in any jurisdiction in which they are not so subject as of the date hereof.

(b) ***Application of Proceeds.*** The District will apply the proceeds from the sale of the Bonds for the purposes specified in the Resolution.

(c) ***Official Statement.*** The District hereby agrees to deliver or cause to be delivered to the Underwriter, not later than the seventh business day following the date this Purchase Agreement is signed, copies of a final Official Statement substantially in the form of the Preliminary Official Statement, with only such changes therein as shall have been accepted by the Underwriter and the District (such Official Statement with such changes, if any, and including the cover page and all appendices, exhibits, maps, reports and statements included therein or attached thereto being herein called the “Official Statement”) in such quantities as may be requested by the Underwriter, in order to permit the Underwriter to comply with paragraph (b)(4) of the Rule and with the rules of the MSRB. The District hereby authorizes the Underwriter to use and distribute the Official Statement in connection with the offering and sale of the Bonds.

(d) ***Subsequent Events.*** The District hereby agrees to notify the Underwriter of any event or occurrence that may affect in any material respect the accuracy or completeness of any information set forth in the Official Statement relating to the District until the date which is 90 days following the Closing.

(e) ***Filings.*** The District authorizes the Underwriter to file, to the extent required by the applicable rules promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the MSRB, and the Underwriter agrees to file or cause to be filed, the Official Statement with (i) the MSRB or its designee (including the MSRB’s Electronic Municipal Market Access system); or (ii) other repositories approved from time to time by the Securities and Exchange Commission (either in addition to or in lieu of the filing referred to above). If an amended Official Statement is prepared in accordance with Section 9(g) of this Purchase Agreement during the “Primary Offering Disclosure Period” (as defined below), and if required by an applicable Securities and Exchange Commission Rule or MSRB rule, the Underwriter shall also make the required filings of the amended Official Statement. The “Primary Offering Disclosure Period” is used as defined in MSRB Rule G-32 and shall end on the twenty-fifth day after the Closing Date.

(f) ***References.*** References herein to the Preliminary Official Statement and the final Official Statement include the cover page and all appendices, exhibits, maps, reports and statements included therein or attached thereto.

(g) ***Amendments to the Official Statement.*** During the period ending on the twenty-fifth day after the End of the Underwriting Period (or such other period as may be agreed to by the District and the Underwriter), the District (i) shall not supplement or amend the Official Statement or cause the Official Statement to be supplemented or amended without the prior written consent of the Underwriter, provided that the Underwriter may not unreasonably withhold such approval and that the Underwriter may

not object to such amendments or supplements if they result in a correction of the Official Statement; and (ii) shall notify the Underwriter promptly if any event shall occur, or information comes to the attention of the District, that is reasonably likely to cause the Official Statement (whether or not previously supplemented or amended) to contain any untrue statement of a material fact or to omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. If, in the opinion of the Underwriter, such event requires the preparation and distribution of a supplement or amendment to the Official Statement, the District shall prepare and furnish to the Underwriter, at the District's expense, such number of copies of the supplement or amendment to the Official Statement, in form and substance mutually agreed upon by the District and the Underwriter, as the Underwriter may reasonably request. If such notification shall be given subsequent to the Closing, the District also shall furnish, or cause to be furnished, such additional legal opinions, certificates, instruments and other documents as the Underwriter may reasonably deem necessary to evidence the truth and accuracy of any such supplement or amendment to the Official Statement.

For purposes of this Agreement, the "End of the Underwriting Period" is used as defined in the Rule and shall occur on the later of (A) the Closing Date; or (B) when the Underwriter no longer retain an unsold balance of the Bonds; unless otherwise advised in writing by the Underwriter on or prior to the Closing Date, or otherwise agreed to by the District and the Underwriter, the District may assume that the End of the Underwriting Period is the Closing Date.

Section 10. Conditions to Closing. The Underwriter has entered into this Purchase Agreement in reliance upon the representations and warranties of the District contained herein and the performance by the District of its obligations hereunder, both as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date. The Underwriter's obligations under this Purchase Agreement are, and shall be subject at the option of the Underwriter, to the following further conditions at the Closing:

(a) **Representations True.** The representations and warranties of the District contained herein shall be true, complete and correct in all material respects at the date hereof and at and as of the Closing, as if made at and as of the Closing, and the statements made in all certificates and other documents delivered to the Underwriter at the Closing pursuant hereto shall be true, complete and correct in all material respects on the Closing Date; and the District shall be in compliance with each of the agreements made by it in this Purchase Agreement.

(b) **Obligations Performed.** At the time of the Closing, (i) the Official Statement and the Legal Documents shall be in full force and effect and shall not have been amended, modified or supplemented except as may have been agreed to in writing by the Underwriter; (ii) all actions under the Act which, in the opinion of Bond Counsel, shall be necessary in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, shall have been duly taken and shall be in full force and effect; and (iii) the District shall perform or have performed all of its obligations required under or specified in the Legal Documents, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement or the Official Statement to be performed at or prior to the Closing.

(c) **Adverse Rulings.** No decision, ruling or finding shall have been entered by any court or governmental authority since the date of this Purchase Agreement (and not reversed on appeal or otherwise set aside), or to the best knowledge of the District, pending or threatened which has any of the effects described in Section 7(f) hereof or contesting in any way the completeness or accuracy of the Official Statement.

(d) **Marketability.** The Underwriter shall have the right to cancel the Underwriter's obligation to purchase the Bonds if, between the date hereof and the Closing, the market price or marketability or the ability of the Underwriter to enforce contracts for the sale of the Bonds have been materially adversely affected, in the judgment of the Underwriter, by reason of any of the following:

(i) legislation enacted by Congress, or passed by either House thereof, or favorably reported for passage thereto by any Committee of such House to which such legislation has been referred for consideration, or by the legislature of the State of California (the "State"), or introduced in the Congress or recommended for passage by the President of the United States, or a decision rendered by a court of the United States or the State or by the United States Tax Court, or an order, ruling, regulation (final, temporary or proposed) or official statement issued or made:

(A) by or on behalf of the United States Treasury Department, or by or on behalf of the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"), with the purpose or effect, directly or indirectly, of changing, directly or indirectly, the federal income tax consequences or State tax consequences of the interest on the Bonds or of obligations of the general character of the Bonds in the hands of the holders thereof; or

(B) by or on behalf of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), or any other governmental agency having jurisdiction over the subject matter thereof, to the effect that the Bonds, or obligations of the general character of the Bonds, including any and all underlying arrangements, are not exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or would be in violation of any provision of the federal securities laws;

(ii) any outbreak or escalation or hostilities affecting the United States, the declaration by the United States of a national emergency or war, or engagement in or material escalation of major military hostilities by the United States or the occurrence of any other national emergency, calamity or crisis relating to the effective operation of the government or the financial community in the United States;

(iii) the declaration of a general banking moratorium by federal, New York State or California authorities having appropriate jurisdiction, or the general suspension of trading on any national securities exchange or fixing of minimum or maximum prices for trading or maximum ranges for prices for securities on any

national securities exchange, whether by virtue of a determination by that exchange or by order of the SEC or any other governmental authority having jurisdiction;

(iv) the imposition by the New York Stock Exchange, other national securities exchange, or any governmental authority, of any material restrictions not now in force with respect to the Bonds, or obligations of the general character of the Bonds, or securities generally, or the material increase of any such restrictions now in force, including those relating to the extension of credit by, or the charge to the net capital requirements of, the Underwriter;

(v) an order, decree or injunction of any court of competent jurisdiction, or order, filing, regulation or official statement by the SEC, or any other governmental agency having jurisdiction over the subject matter thereof, issued or made to the effect that the issuance, offering or sale of obligations of the general character of the Bonds, or the issuance, offering or sale of the Bonds, as contemplated hereby or by the Official Statement, is or would be in violation of the federal securities laws, as amended and then in effect;

(vi) there shall have occurred or any notice shall have been given of any intended downgrading, suspension, withdrawal, or negative change in credit watch status by any national rating service to the outstanding indebtedness of the District;

(vii) any fact or event shall exist or have existed that, in the Underwriter's judgment, requires or has required an amendment of or supplement to the Official Statement;

(viii) the occurrence, since the date hereof, of any materially adverse change in the affairs or financial condition of the District;

(ix) the suspension by the SEC of trading of any outstanding securities of the District;

(x) any state Blue Sky or securities commission, or other governmental agency or body, shall have withheld registration, exemption or clearance of the offering of the Bonds as described herein, or issued a stop order or similar ruling relating thereto;

(xi) any amendment shall have been made to the federal or State Constitution or action by any federal or State court, legislative body, regulatory body, or other authority materially adversely affecting the tax status of the District, its property, income, securities (or interest thereon) or the validity or enforceability of the levy of taxes to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds;

(xii) any event occurring, or information becoming known which, in the reasonable judgment of the Underwriter, makes untrue in any material adverse respect any statement or information contained in the Official Statement, or has

the effect that the Official Statement contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading and, in either such event, the District refuses to permit the Official Statement to be supplemented to supply such statement or information, or the effect of the Official Statement as so supplemented is to materially adversely affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds or the ability of the Underwriter to enforce contracts for the sale of the Bonds;

(xiii) the purchase of and payment for the Bonds by the Underwriter, or the resale of the Bonds by the Underwriter, on the terms and conditions herein provided shall be prohibited by any applicable law, governmental authority, board, agency or commission; or

(xiv) a material disruption in securities settlement, payment or clearance services affecting the Bonds shall have occurred.

(e) ***Delivery of Documents.*** At or prior to the Closing Date, the Underwriter shall receive sufficient copies of the following documents in each case dated as of the Closing Date and satisfactory in form and substance to the Underwriter:

(i) *Opinions.*

(A) *Opinion of Bond Counsel.* (I) An approving opinion of Bond Counsel, as to the validity and tax-exempt status of the Bonds, dated the Closing Date, addressed to the District, in substantially the form set forth in Appendix A of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and (II) a reliance letter from Bond Counsel to the effect that the Underwriter may rely upon such approving opinion of Bond Counsel.

(B) *Supplemental Opinions of Bond Counsel.* Supplemental opinions of Bond Counsel in form and substance satisfactory to the Underwriter, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the Underwriter, to the effect that:

(1) the description of the Bonds and the security for the Bonds and statements in the Official Statement on the cover page thereof and under the captions "INTRODUCTION," "THE BONDS," "TAX MATTERS," "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" and "APPENDIX A – Form of Bond Counsel Opinion" to the extent they purport to summarize certain provisions of the Bonds, the Resolution, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, and the form and content of Bond Counsel's approving opinion with respect to the Bonds, fairly and accurately summarize the matters purported to be summarized therein; provided further that Bond Counsel need not express any opinion with respect to any financial

or statistical data, or information concerning The Depository Trust Company or related to its book-entry-only system;

(2) assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the other parties thereto, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, the Paying Agent Agreement, and this Purchase Agreement have each been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the respective parties thereto and constitute legal, valid and binding agreements of the District, enforceable in accordance with their respective terms, except as enforcement thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other laws relating to or affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and except as their enforcement may be subject to the application of equitable principles and the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases if equitable remedies are sought and by the limitations on legal remedies against public agencies in the State; and

(3) the Bonds are exempt from registration pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Resolution is exempt from qualification as an indenture pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended.

(C) *Disclosure Counsel Opinion.* The opinion of Dannis Woliver Kelley dated the Closing Date and addressed to the District, substantially to the effect that based on such counsel's participation in conferences with Underwriters of the Underwriter, the financial advisor to the District, the District and others, during which conferences the contents of the Official Statement and related matters were discussed, and in reliance thereon and on the records, documents, certificates and opinions described therein, such counsel advises the District that during the course of its engagement as Disclosure Counsel no information came to the attention of such counsel's attorneys rendering legal services in connection with such representation which caused such counsel to believe that the Official Statement as of its date and as of the Closing Date (except for any financial or statistical data or forecasts, numbers, charts, estimates, projections, assumptions or expressions of opinion, Appendices B, C, E and F, or any information about DTC or its book-entry-only system included therein, as to which such counsel need express no opinion or view) contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

(D) *Underwriter' Counsel Opinion.* The opinion of _____, _____, California, counsel to the Underwriter, in form and substance acceptable to the Underwriter.

(ii) *District Certificates.* A certificate signed by appropriate officials of the District to the effect that (A) such officials are authorized to execute this Purchase Agreement; (B) the representations, agreements and warranties of the District herein are true and correct in all material respects as of the Closing Date; (C) the District has complied with all the terms of the Legal Documents to be complied with by the District prior to or concurrently with the Closing and such documents are in full force and effect; (D) to the best of the District's knowledge, no litigation is pending or threatened (either in State or federal courts) (i) seeking to restrain or enjoin the execution, sale or delivery of any of the Bonds, (ii) in any way contesting or affecting the authority for the execution, sale or delivery of the Bonds, the Legal Documents or the Continuing Disclosure Agreement or (iii) in any way contesting the existence or powers of the District; (E) such District officials have reviewed the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and on such basis certify that the Preliminary Official Statement, as of its date, and the Official Statement, as of its date and as of the Closing Date, does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances in which they were made, not misleading (excluding therefrom information regarding DTC and its book-entry only system); and (F) the Bonds being delivered on the Closing Date to the Underwriter under this Purchase Agreement substantially conform to the descriptions thereof contained in the Resolution.

(iii) *Paying Agent Certificate.* A certificate of the Paying Agent, signed by a duly authorized officer thereof, and in form and substance satisfactory to the Underwriter, substantially to the effect that, to the best of Paying Agent's knowledge, no litigation is pending or threatened (either in state or federal courts) (A) seeking to restrain or enjoin the delivery by the Paying Agent of any of the Bonds, or (B) in any way contesting or affecting any authority of the Paying Agent for the delivery of the Bonds or the validity or enforceability of the Bonds or any agreement with the Paying Agent.

(iv) *Tax Certificate.* A non-arbitrage tax certificate of the District in form satisfactory to Bond Counsel.

(v) *Ratings.* Evidence satisfactory to the Underwriter that the Bonds have been rated “___” by Standard & Poor's Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, and that such rating has not been revoked or downgraded.

(vi) *District Resolution.* A certificate, together with fully executed copies of the Resolution, of the Secretary to or the Clerk of the District's Board of Education to the effect that:

(A) such copies are true and correct copies of the Resolution;
and

(B) the Resolution was duly adopted and has not been modified, amended, rescinded or revoked and is in full force and effect on the Closing Date.

(vii) *Official Statement.* A certificate of the appropriate official of the District evidencing his or her determinations respecting the Preliminary Official Statement in accordance with the Rule.

(viii) *Continuing Disclosure Agreement.* An executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, substantially in the form presented in the Official Statement as Appendix D thereto.

(ix) *Paying Agency Agreement.* An executed copy of the Paying Agency Agreement.

(x) *Form 8038-G.* Evidence that the federal tax information form 8038-G has been prepared by Bond Counsel for filing.

(xi) *CDIAC Statements.* A copy of the filings with the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission pursuant to the applicable provisions of the California Government Code.

(xii) *Other Documents.* Such additional legal opinions, certificates, proceedings, instruments and other documents as the Underwriter may reasonably request to evidence: (A) compliance by the District with legal requirements; (B) the truth and accuracy, as of the time of Closing, of the representations of the District herein contained and of the Official Statement; and (C) the due performance or satisfaction by the District at or prior to such time of all agreements then to be performed and all conditions then to be satisfied by the District.

(f) *Termination.* Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained, if for any reason whatsoever the Bonds shall not have been delivered by the District to the Underwriter as provided in Section 6 hereof, then the obligation to purchase Bonds hereunder shall terminate and be of no further force or effect except with respect to the obligations of the District and the Underwriter under Section 14 hereof.

If the District shall be unable to satisfy the conditions to the Underwriter's obligations contained in this Purchase Agreement or if the Underwriter's obligations shall be terminated for any reason permitted by this Purchase Agreement, this Purchase Agreement may be cancelled by the Underwriter at, or at any time prior to, the time of Closing. Notice of such cancellation shall be given to the District in writing, or by telephone or telegraph, confirmed in writing. Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, the performance of any and all obligations of the District hereunder and the performance of any and all conditions contained herein for the benefit of the Underwriter may be waived by the Underwriter in writing in its sole discretion.

Section 11. Conditions to Obligations of the District. The performance by the District of its obligations is conditioned upon (a) the performance by the Underwriter of their obligations

hereunder, and (b) receipt by the District and the Underwriter of opinions and certificates being delivered at the Closing by persons and entities other than the District.

Section 12. Expenses. Except as herein described, all expenses and costs of the District incident to the performance of its obligations in connection with the authorization, execution, sale and delivery of the Bonds to the Underwriter shall be paid for by the District from proceeds of the Bonds including, without limitation: (a) the cost of the preparation and reproduction of the Resolution; (b) the fees and disbursements of Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel; (c) the cost of the preparation, printing and delivery of the Bonds; (d) the fees, if any, for Bond ratings, including all necessary travel expenses; (e) the cost of the printing and distribution of the Preliminary Official Statement and Official Statement; (f) the initial fees of the Paying Agent; (g) the fees and disbursements of the District's financial advisor; and (h) all other fees and expenses incident to the issuance and sale of the Bonds.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, the Underwriter shall pay all out-of-pocket expenses of the Underwriter, including the fees and disbursements of Underwriter' Counsel, the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission fee, and CUSIP Bureau registration fees, travel and other expenses (except those expressly provided above), without limitation.

Notwithstanding Section 10(f) hereof, the District hereby agrees, in the event the purchase and sale of the Bonds does not occur as contemplated hereunder, to reimburse the Underwriter for any costs described in Subsection 12(e) above that are attributable to District personnel.

Section 13. Notices. Any notice or other communication to be given under this Purchase Agreement (other than the acceptance hereof as specified in the first paragraph hereof) may be given by delivering the same in writing if to the District, to the Superintendent at the address set forth on the first page hereof, or if to the Underwriter, to the Underwriter, _____, _____, California 9____, Attention: _____.

Section 14. Parties in Interest; Survival of Representations and Warranties. This Purchase Agreement when accepted by the District in writing as heretofore specified shall constitute the entire agreement between the District and the Underwriter. This Purchase Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the District and the Underwriter (including the successors or assigns of the Underwriter). The term "successor" shall not include any owner of any Bonds merely by virtue of such ownership. No other person shall acquire or have any rights hereunder or by virtue hereof. All representations, warranties and agreements of the District in this Purchase Agreement shall survive regardless of (a) any investigation or any statement in respect thereof made by or on behalf of the Underwriter, (b) delivery of and payment by the Underwriter for the Bonds hereunder, and (c) any termination of this Purchase Agreement. If any provision of this Purchase Agreement is, or is held or deemed to be, invalid, illegal or unenforceable for any reason, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions hereof shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

Section 15. Severability. In the event any provision of this Purchase Agreement shall be held invalid or unenforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction, such holding shall not invalidate or render unenforceable any other provision hereof.

Section 16. Nonassignment. Notwithstanding anything stated to the contrary herein, neither party hereto may assign or transfer its interest herein, or delegate or transfer any of its obligations hereunder, without the prior written consent of the other party hereto.

Section 17. Entire Agreement. This Purchase Agreement, when executed by the parties hereto, shall constitute the entire agreement of the parties hereto (including their permitted successors and assigns, respectively).

Section 18. Execution in Counterparts. This Purchase Agreement may be executed in several counterparts each of which shall be regarded as an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same document.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank.]

Section 19. Applicable Law. This Purchase Agreement shall be interpreted, governed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State applicable to contracts made and performed in such State.

Very truly yours,

_____, as Underwriter

By _____

The foregoing is hereby agreed to and accepted
at _____ P.M. Pacific Time, this ___ day
of _____, 2017:

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

By _____
Superintendent

APPENDIX A

**INTEREST RATES, REOFFERING YIELDS, MATURITIES, AND
REDEMPTION PROVISIONS**

\$ _____
Willows Unified School District
(Glenn County, California)
General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Election, 2017 Series A

<u>Maturity (August 1)</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>Price</u>
2017				
2018				
2019				
2020				
2021				
2022				
2023				
2024				
2025				
2026				
2027				
2028				
2029				
2030				
2031				
2032				
2033				
2034				
2035				
2036				
2037				
2038				
2039				
2040				
2041				

Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or before August 1, 20__ are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing on or after August 1, 20__, may be redeemed before maturity at the option of the District, from any source of available funds, on any date on or after August 1, 20__ at a redemption price of par, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.